NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session



SENATE

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S. B. NO. <u>746</u>

Introduced by Senator JOEL VILLANUEVA

AN ACT STRENGTHENING THE PROCEDURE FOR REGISTRATION OF VOTERS DURING BARANGAY ELECTIONS, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8189, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "VOTER'S REGISTRATION ACT OF 1996" AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Article V, Section 1 of the 1987 Constitution provides that "suffrage may be exercised by all citizens of the Philippines not otherwise disqualified by law, who are at least eighteen years of age, and who shall have resided in the Philippines for at least one year and in the place wherein they propose to vote for at least six months immediately preceding the election."

The framers of the 1973 Constitution, from which the current provision was taken from, intended the residency requirements of one year in the Philippines and six months in the place where the voter intends to vote is followed strictly. This presupposes that the voter should be a resident of the same barangay during a national and barangay election.

However, the difference in dates of barangay and regular elections provides opportunities for voters to circumvent this legislative intent by transferring the location of their voter's registration of residence from one barangay to another during the gap between a national and barangay election.

This gap also provides opportunities for unscrupulous candidates to induce voters to change their registration of residence months before the conduct of an election in order to add more potential votes to their roster.

Another reality is that these voters and candidates are not sanctioned for changing their registration of residence, which endangers the electoral process and renders it questionable.

Therefore, it is necessary to strengthen our current election laws to ensure that voters strictly comply with the requirement that they have resided in the place wherein they propose to vote for at least six (6) months immediately preceding the election pursuant to Article V, Section 1 of the 1987 Constitution. Non-compliance with this rule should also be sanctioned appropriately. To this effect, several provisions of the Voter's Registration Act or Republic Act No. 8189 must be amended to make a true and effective barangay *anti-hakot* bill.

In view of the foregoing, immediate passage of the bill is earnestly sought.

SENATOR JOEL VILI

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Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1 SECTION 1. Section 9 of Republic Act No. 8189 or the Voter's 2 Registration Act, is hereby amended to read as follows: 3 4 Sec. 9. Who may Register. - All citizens of the Philippines not 5 otherwise disgualified by law who are at least eighteen (18) years of age, and who shall have resided in the Philippines for at least one (1) 6 7 year, and in the [place] BARANGAY, CITY OR MUNICIPALITY, 8 DISTRICT OR PROVINCE, wherein they propose to vote, for at least 9 six (6) months immediately preceding the election, may register as a 10 voter. 11 Any person who temporarily resides in another BARANGAY, city[,] 12 OR municipality, DISTRICT, PROVINCE or IN ANOTHER country 13 solely by reason of his/HER occupation, profession, employment in 14 private or public service, educational activities, work in the military or 15 16 naval reservations within the Philippines, service in the Armed Forces of the Philippines, the National Police Forces, or confinement 17 or detention in government institutions in accordance with law, shall 18 19 not be deemed to have lost his/HER original residence. 20 Any person, who, on the day of registration may not have reached 21 22 the required age or period of residence but, who, on the day of the 23 election shall possess such qualifications, may register as a voter. 24

1	SEC. 2. Section 12 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
2	follows:
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4	Sec. 12. Change of Residence to Another BARANGAY, City, or

Sec. 12. Change of Residence to Another BARANGAY, City, or Municipality. - Any registered voter who has transferred residence to another BARANGAY, city, or municipality may apply with the election officer of his/HER new residence for the transfer of his/HER registration records.

NO TRANSFER OF A VOTER'S REGISTRATION TO ANOTHER
 BARANGAY, CITY, OR MUNICIPALITY SHALL BE ALLOWED
 DURING THE PERIOD STARTING ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120)
 DAYS BEFORE A BARANGAY OR REGULAR ELECTION AND
 NINETY (90) DAYS BEFORE A SPECIAL ELECTION.

16 The application for transfer of registration shall be subject to the 17 requirements of notice and hearing and the approval of the Election 18 Registration Board, in accordance with this Act. Upon approval of 19 the application for transfer, and after notice of such approval to the 20 election

- officer of the former residence of the voter, said election officer shall
 transmit by registered mail the voter's registration record to the
 election
 officer of the voter's new residence.
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SEC 2 Section 12 of the same Act is benchur and

26 **SEC. 3.** Section 13 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as 27 follows: 28

Sec. 13. Change of Address in the Same BARANGAY, City, or Municipality. - Any voter who has changed his/HER address in the same BARANGAY, city, or municipality, shall immediately notify the Election Officer in writing. If the change of address involves a change in precinct, the Board shall transfer [his] THE registration record to the [precinct] book of voters of [his] THE new precinct and notify the voter of [his] THE new precinct. All changes of address shall be reported to the office of the provincial election supervisor and the Commission in Manila.

39 SEC. 4. Section 24 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
 40 follows:
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Sec. 24. National Central File. - There shall be a national central 42 43 file under the custody of the Commission in Manila consisting of the 44 third copies of all approved voter registration records in each city or 45 municipality. It shall be compiled by precinct in each city[/] OR municipality and arranged alphabetically by surname so as to make 46 the file a replica of the books of voters in the possession of the 47 Election Officer. Thereafter, a national list shall be prepared following 48 49 the alphabetical arrangements of surnames of voters.

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1 There shall be a national file consisting of the computerized voters' 2 list (CVL), both in print and in [diskette] SOFT COPY, submitted by 3 the Election Officers in each city and municipality concerned, under 4 the custody of the Commission in Manila. 5 6 The computerized voters' list shall make use of a single and uniform 7 computer program that will have a detailed storing capability to list 8 voters alphabetically by the precincts where they vote, by the barangays, municipalities, cities or provinces where they reside [and] 9 by their voter's identification number (VIN), AND BY THE DATE OF 10 THE ELECTION WHEN THEY LAST VOTED. 11 12 13 THE COMMISSION IN MANILA SHALL ENSURE THAT THE COMPUTERIZED VOTERS' LIST IS UPDATED WITHIN THREE (3) 14 15 MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF THE REGULAR ELECTION AND 16 SHALL CONTAIN THE NAMES OF THE VOTERS WHO ACTUALLY VOTED DURING THE PREVIOUSLY HELD ELECTION. 17 18 19 THE LIST SHALL BE ACCESSIBLE TO ALL ELECTION OFFICERS 20 WHO ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REGISTRATION OF 21 VOTERS. 22 23 SEC. 5. Section 45 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as 24 follows: 25 26 Sec. 45. Election Offenses. - The following shall be considered 27 election offenses under this Act: 28 29 a) to deliver, hand over, entrust or give, directly or indirectly, his/HER voter's identification card to another in consideration of money or 30 31 other benefit of promise; or take or accept such voter's identification 32 card, directly or indirectly, by giving or causing the giving or money 33 or other benefit or making or causing the making of a promise 34 therefore; 35 36 b) to fail, without cause, to post or give any of the notices or to make 37 any of the reports re-acquired under this Act; 38 39 c) to issue or cause the issuance of a voter's identification number or 40 to cancel or cause the cancellation thereof in violation of the 41 provisions of this Act; or to refuse the issuance of registered voters 42 their voter's identification card: 43 44 d) to accept an appointment, to assume office and to actually serve 45 as a member of the Election Registration Board although ineligible 46 thereto, OR to appoint such ineligible person knowing him/HER to be 47 ineligible; 48 49 e) to interfere with, impede, abscond for purpose of gain or to prevent 50 the installation or use of computers and devices and the processing.

storage, generation, and transmission of registration data or information;

f) to gain, cause access to use, alter, destroy, or disclose any computer data, program, system software, network, or any computerrelated devices, facilities, hardware or equipment, whether classified or declassified;

9 g) failure to provide certified voters and deactivated voters list to 10 candidates and heads of representatives of political parties upon 11 written request as provided in Section 30 hereof; 12

h) failure to include the approved application form for registration of 13 14 a qualified voter in the book of voters of a particular precinct or the 15 omission of the name of a duly registered voter in the certified list of 16 voters of the precinct where THE VOTER is duly registered resulting 17 in his/HER failure to cast his/HER vote during an election, plebiscite, 18 referendum, initiative and/or recall. The presence of the form or name 19 in the book of voters or certified list of voters in precincts other than 20 where THE VOTER is duly registered shall not be an excuse hereof;

- i) the posting of a list of voters outside or at the door of a precinct on
 the day of an election, plebiscite, referendum, initiative and/or recall,
 and which list is different in contents from the certified list of voters
 being used by the Board of Election Inspectors; [and]
- J) THE TRANSFER OF A VOTER'S REGISTRATION OF
 RESIDENCE CONTRARY TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 12
 OF THIS ACT; AND
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j) Violation of [the provisions] ANY OTHER PROVISION of this Act.

33 SEC. 6. *Implementing Rules and Regulations*. – Within sixty (60) days 34 from the effectivity of this Act, the Commission on Elections, upon consultation 35 with appropriate government agencies and other stakeholders, shall issue the 36 rules and regulations for the effective implementation of this Act. 37

38 SEC. 7. Separability Clause. - If any provision of this Act is declared
 39 invalid, the other provisions not affected thereby shall remain valid.
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SEC. 8. *Repealing Clause* - All laws, proclamations, executive orders,
 rules and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with this Act are hereby
 repealed, modified or amended accordingly.

45 **SEC. 9.** *Effectivity Clause.* - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days 46 after its complete publication in the *Official Gazette* or in at least two (2) 47 newspapers of general circulation.

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- Approved,