CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS Third Regular Session

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

## H. No. 9651

BY REPRESENTATIVES YAP (V.), ROMERO, TIANGCO, TAMBUNTING, VIOLAGO, ARENAS, GARCIA (P.J.), NATIVIDAD-NAGAÑO, BENITEZ, ABAYA, NOLASCO, BORDADO, MARQUEZ, DY (F.), TAN (A.S.), DAZA, NIETO, CABREDO AND SIAO, PER COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 1059

## AN ACT

REGULATORY FRAMEWORK ON DATA STRENGTHENING THE **PROTECTION.** ALIGNING WITH INTERNATIONAL PRIVACY **CROSS-BORDER** DATA STANDARDS, CHALLENGES, AND OTHER PROCESSING CONCERNS, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 10173, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "DATA PRIVACY ACT OF 2012"

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 3 of Republic Act No. 10173 is hereby amended to read as
- 2 follows:
- 3 "SEC. 3. Definition of Terms. Whenever used in this Act, the following terms
- 4 shall have the respective meanings hereafter set forth:
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- 6 (C) BIOMETRIC DATA REFERS TO PERSONAL DATA RESULTING FROM

7 SPECIFIC TECHNICAL PROCESSING RELATING TO THE PHYSICAL,

8 PHYSIOLOGICAL OR BEHAVIORAL CHARACTERISTICS OF A NATURAL

- PERSON, WHICH ALLOW OR CONFIRM THE UNIQUE IDENTIFICATION
   OF THAT NATURAL PERSON, SUCH AS FACIAL IMAGES OR
   DACTYLOSCOPIC DATA.
- 4 [(c)] (D) Data subject refers to [an individual] A NATURAL PERSON whose 5 personal [information] DATA is processed.
- 6 [(d) Direct marketing refers to communication by whatever means of any 7 advertising or marketing material which is directed to particular individuals.]
- 8 (e) *Filing system* refers to any set of information relating to natural or juridical 9 persons to the extent that, although the information is not processed by 10 equipment operating automatically in response to instructions given for that 11 purpose, the set is structured, either by reference to individuals or by reference to 12 criteria relating to individuals, in such a way that specific information relating to 13 a particular person is readily accessible.
- (F) GENETIC DATA REFERS TO PERSONAL DATA RELATING TO THE 14 INHERITED OR ACQUIRED GENETIC CHARACTERISTICS OF A NATURAL 15 UNIQUE **INFORMATION** ABOUT THE PERSON WHICH GIVES 16 PHYSIOLOGY OR THE HEALTH OF THAT NATURAL PERSON AND WHICH, 17 IN PARTICULAR RESULTS FROM AN ANALYSIS OF A BIOLOGICAL 18 SAMPLE FROM THE NATURAL PERSON IN QUESTION. 19
- [(f)] (G) Information and Communications System refers to a system for generating, sending, receiving, storing or otherwise processing electronic data messages or electronic documents and includes the computer system or other similar device by which data is recorded, transmitted or stored and any procedure related to the recording, transmission or storage of electronic data, electronic message, or electronic document.
- 26 (H) *PERSONAL DATA* REFERS TO ALL TYPES OF PERSONAL
  27 INFORMATION.
- (I) PERSONAL DATA BREACH REFERS TO A BREACH OF SECURITY
  LEADING TO THE ACCIDENTAL OR UNLAWFUL DESTRUCTION, LOSS,
  ALTERATION, UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF, OR ACCESS TO,

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PERSONAL INFORMATION TRANSMITTED, STORED OR OTHERWISE
 PROCESSED.

3 [(g)] (J) Personal information refers to any information whether recorded in a 4 material form or not, from which the identity of an individual is apparent or can 5 be reasonably and directly ascertained by the entity holding the information, or 6 when put together with other information would directly and certainly identify 7 an individual.

8 [(h)] (K) Personal information controller refers to a NATURAL OR JURIDICAL 9 person, [or organization who controls the collection, holding,] PUBLIC 10 AUTHORITY, AGENCY OR OTHER ENTITY WHICH, ALONE OR JOINTLY 11 WITH OTHERS, DETERMINES THE PURPOSES AND MEANS OF THE 12 processing [or use] of personal [information] DATA, including a NATURAL OR 13 JURIDICAL person [or organization] who instructs another NATURAL OR 14 JURIDICAL person [or organization] to [collect, hold,] process, [use, transfer or 15 disclose] personal [information] DATA. The term excludes:

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[(i)] (L) Personal information processor refers to any natural or juridical person
[qualified to act as such under this Act] to whom a personal information
controller may outsource the processing of personal [information] DATA
pertaining to a data subject.

[(j)] (M) *Processing* refers to any operation or any set of operations performed
 upon personal [information] DATA including the collection, recording,
 organization, storage, updating or modification, DISCLOSURE, retrieval,
 consultation, use, consolidation, blocking, erasure or destruction of data.

[(k) Privileged information refers to any and all forms of data which under the
Rules of Court and other personal laws constitute privileged communication.]

27 [(1)] (N) Sensitive personal information refers to personal information:

(1) About an individual's [race] RACIAL or ethnic origin, [marital status, age,
color, and religious] RELIGION, philosophical BELIEF, LABOR or political
affiliations;

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(2) About an individual's health, genetic DATA, BIOMETRIC DATA FOR THE
 PURPOSE OF UNIQUELY IDENTIFYING A NATURAL PERSON, [or]
 sexual life, SEXUAL ORIENTATION of a person, or to any proceeding for any
 offense committed or alleged to have been committed by such person, the
 disposal of such proceedings, or the sentence of any court in such proceedings;

6 (3) CONSISTING OF UNIQUE IDENTIFIERS issued by government agencies
7 peculiar to an individual which includes IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS, social
8 security numbers, previous or current health records, AND licenses [or its
9 denials, suspension or revocation, and tax returns]; and

(4) Specifically established by LAW, REGULATION OR executive order [or an
 act of Congress] to be [kept] classified OR CONFIDENTIAL, INCLUDING
 THOSE THAT CONSTITUTES PRIVILEGED COMMUNICATION."

13 SEC. 2. Section 4 of Republic Act No. 10173 is hereby amended to read as follows:

14 "SEC.4.Scope. The Act shall apply to the processing of all types of personal 15 [information and to] DATA IN INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS 16 SYSTEMS OR ANY FILING SYSTEM BY any natural and juridical person 17 involved in personal [information] DATA processing including those personal 18 information controllers and processors who, although not found or established in 19 the Philippines, use equipment that are located in the Philippines, or those who 20 maintain an office, branch or agency in the Philippines subject to the 21 immediately succeeding paragraph: Provided, That the requirements of Section 6 22 of this Act are complied with.

THE REQUIREMENTS UNDER SECTIONS 12 AND 13 OF this Act [does]
SHALL not apply to the PROCESSING OF THE following PERSONAL DATA
RECOGNIZED AS SPECIAL CASES:

(A) PROCESSING OF INFORMATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF ALLOWING
 PUBLIC ACCESS TO INFORMATION THAT FALL WITHIN MATTERS OF
 PUBLIC CONCERN, PERTAINING TO:

[(a)] (1) Information about any individual who is or was an officer or
employee of [a] THE government [institution] that relates to the position or
functions [of the individual] OF THE OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE, including

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- [:] THOSE PERFORMING A SERVICE UNDER CONTRACT FOR A
   GOVERNMENT INSTITUTION IN SO FAR AS INFORMATION IS
   RELATED TO SUCH SERVICE; AND
- 4 [(1) The fact that the individual is or was an officer or employee of the 5 government institution;
- 6 (2) The title, business address and office telephone number of the individual;
- 7 (3) The classification, salary range and responsibilities of the position held by
  8 the individual; and
- 9 (4) The name of the individual on a document prepared by the individual in
  10 the course of employment with the government;]
- (2) INFORMATION RELATING TO A BENEFIT OF A FINANCIAL
  NATURE CONFERRED ON AN INDIVIDUAL UPON THE DISCRETION
  OF THE GOVERNMENT, INCLUDING THE NAME OF THE INDIVIDUAL
  AND THE EXACT NATURE OF THE BENEFIT: *PROVIDED*, THAT THEY
  DO NOT INCLUDE BENEFITS GIVEN IN THE COURSE OF AN
  ORDINARY TRANSACTION OR AS A MATTER OF RIGHT;
- [(b) Information about an individual who is or was performing service under
  contract for a government institution that relates to the services performed,
  including the terms of the contract, and the name of the individual given in the
  course of the performance of those services;
- (c) Information relating to any discretionary benefit of a financial nature such as
  the granting of a license or permit given by the government to an individual,
  including the name of the individual and the exact nature of the benefit;]
- [(d)] (B) Personal information processed for journalistic, artistic, OR literary
  purpose [or research purposes] IN ORDER TO UPHOLD FREEDOM OF
  SPEECH, EXPRESSION, OR THE PRESS;
- (C) PROCESSING OF INFORMATION FOR RESEARCH PURPOSES,
  INTENDED FOR PUBLIC BENEFIT OR DEVELOPMENT OF KNOWLEDGE,
  SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF APPLICABLE LAWS,
  REGULATIONS, AND ETHICAL STANDARDS;

1 [(e)] (D) Information necessary in order to carry out the functions of public 2 authority which includes the processing of personal data for the performance by the independent, central monetary authority and law enforcement and 3 4 regulatory agencies of their constitutionally and statutorily mandated functions. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as to have amended or repealed Republic 5 Act No. 1405, otherwise known as the Secrecy of Bank Deposits Act; Republic 6 7 Act No. 6426, otherwise known as the Foreign Currency Deposit Act; and Republic Act No. 9510, otherwise known as the Credit Information System Act 8 9 (CISA);

10 [(f)] (E) Information necessary for banks and other financial institutions under 11 the jurisdiction of the independent, central monetary authority or *Bangko* 12 Sentral ng Pilipinas to comply with Republic Act No. 9510, and Republic Act No. 13 9160, as amended, otherwise known as the Anti-Money Laundering Act and 14 other applicable laws; [and]

15 [(g)] (F) [Personal] THE PROCESSING PERTAINS TO information originally 16 collected from residents of foreign jurisdictions BEING PROCESSED IN THE 17 PHILIPPINES: PROVIDED, THAT THE PROCESSING IS in accordance with 18 the laws of those foreign jurisdictions, including any applicable data privacy 19 laws; [which is, being processed in the Philippines.]

(G) PROCESSING OF INFORMATION NECESSARY IN ORDER TO CARRY 20 OUT THE FUNCTIONS OF PUBLIC AUTHORITIES, FOR INFORMATION 21 SHARING NECESSARY IN THE INVESTIGATION AND PROSECUTION OF 22 CHILD PORNOGRAPHY AND OTHER FORMS OF CHILD EXPLOITATION, 23 TERRORISM AND TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH 24 25 THEIR CONSTITUTIONALLY OR STATUTORILY MANDATED FUNCTION: PROVIDED, THAT PROTECTION OF FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS ARE 26 GUARANTEED; 27

(H) PROCESSING OF INFORMATION BY COURTS ACTING IN THEIR
JUDICIAL CAPACITY, IN ORDER TO SAFEGUARD THE INDEPENDENCE
OF THE JUDICIARY IN THE PERFORMANCE OF ITS JUDICIAL TASKS;

1 (I) INFORMATION NECESSARY FOR THE AUDIT FUNCTIONS AND TO 2 SAFEGUARD THE INDEPENDENCE OF THE COMMISSION ON AUDIT 3 (COA) IN THE PERFORMANCE OF ITS CONSTITUTIONAL MANDATE, AS WELL AS THOSE INFORMATION NECESSARY FOR DEPARTMENTS, 4 BUREAUS, OFFICES, AGENCIES, AND INSTRUMENTALITIES OF THE 5 NATIONAL GOVERNMENT, 6 LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS. 7 GOVERNMENT-OWNED OR CONTROLLED CORPORATIONS, AND ALL OTHER ENTITIES, INCLUDING PRIVATE ENTITIES AFFECTED BY OR 8 9 UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE COA, TO COMPLY WITH 10 PRESIDENTIAL DECREE 1445. **OTHERWISE KNOWN** AS THE GOVERNMENT AUDITING CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES AND OTHER 11 12 APPLICABLE LAWS; AND

13 (J) PROCESSING OF INFORMATION BY A NATURAL PERSON FOR THE 14 PURPOSE OF A PURELY PERSONAL OR HOUSEHOLD ACTIVITY: 15 PROVIDED, THAT THE REASONABLE FREEDOM GRANTED BY THIS ACT DOES NOT EXTEND TO PERSONAL INFORMATION CONTROLLERS OR 16 17 PERSONAL INFORMATION PROCESSORS, WHO REMAIN SUBJECT TO 18 THE REQUIREMENTS OF IMPLEMENTING SECURITY MEASURES FOR 19 PERSONAL DATA PROTECTION: PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT THE PROCESSING OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THE PRECEDING 20 21 PARAGRAPHS SHALL BE EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF 22 THE ACT ONLY TO THE MINIMUM EXTENT NECESSARY TO ACHIEVE 23 THE SPECIFIC PURPOSE, FUNCTION, OR ACTIVITY."

24 SECTION. 3. Section 6 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

25 "SEC. 6. *Extraterritorial Application*. – This Act applies to an act done or
26 practice engaged in and outside of the Philippines by an entity if:

[(a) The act, practice or processing relates to personal information about a
Philippine citizen or a resident;

(b) The entity has a link with the Philippines, and the entity is processing
personal information in the Philippines or even if the processing is outside

1 the Philippines as long as it is about Philippine citizens or residents such as, but not limited to, the following: 2 (1) A contract is entered in the Philippines; 3 (2) A juridical entity unincorporated in the Philippines but has central 4 5 management and control in the country; and 6 (3) An entity that has a branch, agency, office or subsidiary in the Philippines and the parent or affiliate of the Philippine entity has access 7 8 to personal information; and 9 (c) The entity has other links in the Philippines such as, but not limited to: 10 (1) The entity carries on business in the Philippines; and 11 (2) The personal information was collected or held by an entity in the 12 Philippines.] THE NATURAL OR JURIDICAL PERSON INVOLVED IN THE 13 (A) 14 PROCESSING OF PERSONAL INFORMATION IS FOUND OR 15 ESTABLISHED IN THE PHILIPPINES: 16 **(B)** THE PROCESSING OF PERSONAL INFORMATION IS BEING DONE IN THE PHILIPPINES; 17 18 (C) THE PROCESSING OF PERSONAL INFORMATION RELATES TO A PHILIPPINE CITIZEN OR RESIDENT WHO IS IN THE PHILIPPINES, 19 WHERE THE PROCESSING ACTIVITIES OF A NATURAL OR JURIDICAL 20 PERSON OUTSIDE THE PHILIPPINES INVOLVES OFFERING OF 21 22 GOODS OR SERVICES, OR MONITORING OF BEHAVIOR WITHIN THE 23 PHILIPPINES; OR 24 (D) THE PROCESSING RELATES TO PERSONAL INFORMATION OF A 25 PHILIPPINE CITIZEN OR A RESIDENT, AND THE ENTITY: 26 1. USES OF EQUIPMENT LOCATED IN THE COUNTRY, OR 27 MAINTENANCE OF AN OFFICE, BRANCH OR AGENCY IN THE 28 PHILIPPINES FOR PROCESSING OF PERSONAL INFORMATION. 29 2. HAS ENTERED INTO A CONTRACT WITH ANOTHER ENTITY IN 30 THE PHILIPPINES:

- 13. IS A JURIDICAL ENTITY THAT IS NOT INCORPORATED IN THE2PHILIPPINES BUT WHICH EXERCISES CENTRAL3MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL OVER OPERATIONS IN THE4COUNTRY;
- 54. HAS A BRANCH, AGENCY, OFFICE OR SUBSIDIARY IN THE6PHILIPPINES AND HAS ACCESS TO PERSONAL INFORMATION;
  - 5. CONDUCTS BUSINESS IN THE PHILIPPINES; OR
- 6. COLLECTS OR HOLDS PERSONAL INFORMATION IN THE
  9 PHILIPPINES."
- 10 SECTION. 4. Section 7 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 7. Functions of the National Privacy Commission. - To administer and
implement the provisions of this Act, and to monitor and ensure compliance of
the country with international standards set for data protection, there is
hereby created an independent body to be known as the National Privacy
Commission, which shall have the following functions:

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(b) Receive complaints, institute investigations, facilitate or enable settlement 17 of complaints through the use of alternative dispute resolution processes, 18 adjudicate, award indemnity on matters affecting any personal information, 19 20 prepare reports on disposition of complaints and resolution of any 21 investigation it initiates, and, in cases it deems appropriate, publicize any such report: Provided, That in resolving any complaint or investigation except 22 where amicable settlement is reached by the parties, the Commission shall act 23 as a collegial body: PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT THE COMMISSION 24 SHALL HAVE PRIMARY JURISDICTION OVER CASES INVOLVING 25 26 VIOLATIONS OF THIS ACT. For this purpose, the Commission may be given access to personal information that is subject of any complaint and to collect 27 the information necessary to perform its functions under this Act; 28

(C) ISSUE SUMMONS, SUBPOENA AND SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM TO
ANY PERSON TO COMPEL THEIR ATTENDANCE IN INVESTIGATIONS
OR PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE COMMISSION, AND TO HOLD AND

PUNISH FOR CONTEMPT THOSE WHO DISREGARD ORDERS OR WRITS
 ISSUED IN THE COURSE OF THESE PROCEEDINGS;

3 [(c) ] (D) Issue cease and desist orders, impose a temporary or permanent ban
4 on the processing of personal information, upon finding that the processing
5 will be detrimental to national security, public interest, OR IF IT IS
6 NECESSARY TO PRESERVE AND PROTECT THE RIGHTS AND
7 FREEDOMS OF DATA SUBJECTS;

8 (E) IMPOSE ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS, INCLUDING MONETARY 9 PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE PROVISIONS THIS ACT, ITS 10 IMPLEMENTING RULES AND REGULATIONS, AND ISSUANCES 11 PURSUANT THERETO OR FOR FAILURE OR REFUSAL TO COMPLY ORDERS AND RESOLUTIONS OF THE 12 WITH COMPLIANCE 13 COMMISSION: PROVIDED. THAT THE COMMISSION MAY PROMULGATE FINES AND PENALTIES TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION 14 THE ATTENDANT CIRCUMSTANCES, SUCH AS NATURE AND GRAVITY 15 OF THE VIOLATION AND NUMBER OF AFFECTED DATA SUBJECTS: 16

[(d)] (F) Compel or petition any entity, government agency or instrumentality
to abide by its orders or take action on a matter affecting data privacy, OR TO
PROVIDE ASSISTANCE FOR THE EFFECTIVE IMPLEMENTATION OF
THE ACT;

[(e)] (G) Monitor the compliance of [other government agencies or instrumentalities] PERSONAL INFORMATION CONTROLLERS AND PERSONAL INFORMATION PROCESSORS on their security and technical measures and recommend the necessary action in order to meet minimum standards for the protection of personal information pursuant to this Act;

[(f)] (H) Coordinate with other government agencies and the private sector on
efforts to formulate and implement plans and policies to strengthen the
protection of personal information in the country;

(I) CONDUCT SEMINARS, CONFERENCES AND TRAININGS FOR
AWARENESS AND CAPACITY BUILDING IN RELATION TO ITS
MANDATE;

[(g)] (J) Publish on a regular basis a guide to all laws relating to data
 protection, AND PREPARE REPORTS ON DISPOSITION OF COMPLAINTS
 AND RESOLUTION OF ANY INVESTIGATION IT INITIATES, AND, IN
 CASES IT DEEMS APPROPRIATE, PUBLICIZE ANY SUCH REPORT;

- 5 [(h)] (K) Publish a compilation of agency system of records and notices,
  6 including index and other finding aids;
- [(i)] (L) Recommend to the Department of Justice (DOJ) the prosecution and
  imposition of penalties specified in [Sections 25 to 29 of] this Act;
- [(j)] (M) Review, approve, reject or require modification of privacy codes 9 10 voluntarily adhered to by personal information controllers; Provided, That the 11 privacy codes shall adhere to the underlying data privacy principles embodied 12 in this Act: Provided, further, That such privacy codes may include private 13 dispute resolution mechanisms for complaints against any participating personal information controller. For this purpose, the Commission shall 14 15 consult with relevant regulatory agencies in the formulation and 16 administration of privacy codes applying the standards set out in this Act, with 17 respect to the persons, entities, business activities and business sectors that 18 said regulatory bodies are authorized to principally regulate pursuant to the 19 law: Provided, finally. That the Commission may review such privacy codes 20 and require changes thereto for purposes of complying with this Act;
- [(k)] (N) Provide assistance on matters relating to privacy or data protection at
  the request of a national or local agency, a private entity or any person;
- [(1)] (O) Comment on the implication on data privacy of proposed national or
   local statutes, regulations or procedures, issue advisory opinions and interpret
   the provisions of this Act and other data privacy laws;
- [(m)] (P) Propose legislation, amendments or modifications to Philippine laws
  on privacy or data protection as may be necessary;
- [(n)] (Q) Ensure proper and effective coordination with data privacy regulators
   in other countries and private accountability agents, participate in
   international and regional initiatives for data privacy protection;

[(o)] (R) Negotiate and contract with other data privacy authorities of other
 countries for cross-border application and implementation of respective privacy
 laws;

4 [(p)] (S) Assist Philippine companies doing business abroad to respond to
5 foreign privacy or data protection laws and regulations; and

[(q)](T) Generally perform such acts as may be necessary to facilitate crossborder enforcement of data privacy protection[,] IN ORDER TO PROTECT
DATA SUBJECTS, AND TO ENSURE EFFECTIVE IMPLEMENTATION OF
THIS ACT."

10 SECTION 5. Section 9 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

11 "SEC. 9. Organizational Structure of the Commission. - The Commission shall be attached to the Department of Information and Communications 12 13 Technology (DICT) and shall be headed by a Privacy Commissioner, who shall 14 also act as [Chairman] CHAIRPERSON of the Commission. The Privacy Commissioner shall be assisted by two (2) Deputy Privacy Commissioners[, one 15 16 to be responsible for Data Processing Systems and one to be responsible for Policies and Planning]. The Privacy Commissioner and the two (2) Deputy 17 18 Privacy Commissioners shall be appointed by the President of the Philippines 19 for a term of [three (3)] FOUR (4) years, and may be reappointed for another 20 term of [three (3)] FOUR (4) years. Vacancies in the Commission shall be filled 21 up in the same manner in which the original appointment was made: 22 PROVIDED, THAT WHEN THE TERM OF A COMMISSIONER OR DEPUTY COMMISSIONER HAS EXPIRED AND NO ONE HAS YET BEEN 23 24 APPOINTED TO THE VACANCY, THE COMMISSIONER OR DEPUTY 25 COMMISSIONER, AS THE CASE MAY BE, SHALL CONTINUE TO PERFORM THE FUNCTIONS OF THE OFFICE IN A HOLD-OVER 26 27 CAPACITY UNTIL A PERSON HAS BEEN APPOINTED TO SUCH POSITION: PROVIDED FURTHER, THAT IN CASE A VACANCY OCCURS 28 BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF THE TERM OF OFFICE OF ANY OF THE 29 30 COMMISSIONERS OR DEPUTY COMMISIONERS, THE APPOINTEE TO

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SUCH VACANCY SHALL SERVE ONLY THE UNEXPIRED PORTION OF
 THE TERM OF THE PREDECESSOR.

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4 SECTION 6. Section 11 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

5 "SEC.11. General Data Privacy Principles. The processing of personal 6 information shall be allowed, subject to compliance with the requirements of 7 the Act and other laws allowing disclosure of information to the public, and 8 adherence to the principles of transparency, legitimate purpose, and 9 proportionality.

10 Personal information must be:

11 Xxx

(c) Accurate[, relevant,] and, where necessary for purposes for which it is to be
used the processing of personal information, kept up to date; inaccurate or
incomplete data, having regard to the purposes for which they are processed,
must be rectified, supplemented, destroyed or their further processing
restricted;

(d) Adequate, RELEVANT, and not excessive in relation to the purposes for
which they are collected and further processed;

19 Xxx

(f) Kept in a form which permits identification of data subjects for no longer 20 than is necessary for the purposes for which the data were collected and 21 processed: Provided, That personal information collected for other purposes 22 may be processed OR STORED LONGER SOLELY FOR ARCHIVING 23 PURPOSES IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST, for historical, statistical or 24 scientific purposes, and in cases laid down in law may be stored for longer 25 periods [: Provided, further, That adequate safeguards are guaranteed by said 26 laws authorizing their processing], SUBJECT TO IMPLEMENTATION OF 27 ADEQUATE SAFEGUARDS FOR DATA PROTECTION[.]; AND 28

29 (G) PROCESSED IN A MANNER THAT ENSURES APPROPRIATE
30 SECURITY OF THE PERSONAL INFORMATION.

The personal information controller must ensure implementation of personal
 information processing principles set out herein."

3 SECTION 7. Section 12 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 12. Criteria for Lawful Processing of Personal Information. - The
processing of personal information shall be permitted only if not otherwise
prohibited by law, and when at least one (1) of the following conditions exists:

(a) The data subject has given consent: PROVIDED, THAT IN THE SPECIFIC 7 CASE OF AN INFORMATION SOCIETY PROVIDER OFFERING SERVICES 8 DIRECTLY TO A CHILD, THE PROCESSING OF THE PERSONAL 9 INFORMATION OF A CHILD SHALL BE LAWFUL WHERE THE CHILD IS 10 MORE THAN FIFTEEN (15) YEARS OLD. WHERE THE CHILD IS FIFTEEN 11 (15) YEARS OLD OR BELOW, SUCH PROCESSING SHALL BE LAWFUL 12 ONLY IF AND TO THE EXTENT THAT CONSENT IS GIVEN OR 13 AUTHORIZED BY PERSONS EXERCISING PARENTAL AUTHORITY OVER 14 THE CHILD: 15

(b) The processing [of personal information] is necessary and is related to the
fulfillment of a contract with the data subject or in order to take steps at the
request of the data subject prior to entering into a contract;

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20 (d) The processing is necessary to protect vitally important interest of the data

21 subject or OF ANOTHER NATURAL PERSON, including life and health;

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23 SECTION 8. Section 13 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 13. Sensitive Personal Information and Privileged Information. – The
processing of sensitive personal information and privileged information shall be
prohibited, except in the following cases:

(a) WHEN the data subject has given consent, specific to the purpose prior to the
processing, or in the case of privileged information, all parties to the
exchange have given their consent prior to processing, EXCEPT IF A
SPECIFIC LAW PROVIDES THAT THE PROHIBITION FROM
PROCESSING MAY NOT BE LIFTED BY THE DATA SUBJECT;

1 (B) WHEN THE PROCESSING OF INFORMATION IS NECESSARY FOR THE 2 PERFORMANCE OF A CONTRACT FREELY ENTERED INTO BY THE DATA SUBJECT AND PERSONAL INFORMATION CONTROLLER, OR IS 3 4 NECESSARY PURSUANT TO THE REQUEST OF A DATA SUBJECT PRIOR TO ENTERING INTO A CONTRACT: PROVIDED, THAT THE 5 PERFORMANCE OF THE CONTRACT OR PROVISION OF THE SERVICE 6 7 IS NOT MADE CONDITIONAL ON THE DATA SUBJECT'S CONSENT TO 8 THE PROCESSING OF SENSITIVE PERSONAL INFORMATION THAT IS 9 NOT NECESSARY TO THE OBJECT OF THE CONTRACT:

10 [(b)] (C) WHEN THE [The] processing of the same is provided for by existing 11 laws and regulations: *Provided*, That such regulatory enactments OR THE 12 RULES ISSUED TO IMPLEMENT THEM guarantee the protection of [the] 13 sensitive personal information and [the] privileged information: *Provided*, 14 *further*, That the consent of the data subjects is not required by law or 15 regulation permitting the processing of the sensitive personal information;

[(c)] (D) WHEN THE [The] processing is necessary to protect the life and health
of the data subject or another person, and the data subject is not legally or
physically able to express consent prior to the processing[;], OR WHEN IN THE
INTEREST OF PUBLIC SAFETY, PROCESSING IS NECESSARY, SUCH AS
WHEN THE DATA SUBJECT IS A THREAT TO ONE'S SELF OR TO
OTHERS;

[(d) The processing is necessary to achieve the lawful and non-commercial objectives of public organizations and their associations: *Provided*, That such processing is only confined and related to the *bona fide* members of these organizations or their associations: *Provided*, *further*, That the sensitive personal information are not transferred to third parties: *Provided*, *finally*, That consent of the data subject was obtained prior to processing;]

IS 28 THE PROCESSING CARRIED OUT WITH APPROPRIATE (E) 29 SAFEGUARDS BY A FOUNDATION, ASSOCIATION OR ANY OTHER NON-30 PROFIT INSTITUTION WITH Α CHARITABLE, **RELIGIOUS.** 31 PROFESSIONAL OR SIMILAR PURPOSE, IN THE COURSE OF ITS

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LEGITIMATE ACTIVITIES AND ON CONDITION THAT THE PROCESSING
 RELATES SOLELY TO THE MEMBERS OR TO FORMER MEMBERS OF
 THE BODY, OR TO PERSONS WHO HAVE REGULAR CONTACT WITH IT
 IN CONNECTION WITH ITS PURPOSES, AND THAT THE PERSONAL
 INFORMATION IS NOT DISCLOSED OUTSIDE THAT BODY WITHOUT
 THE CONSENT OF THE DATA SUBJECTS;

[(e)] (F) The processing is necessary for the purpose of medical DIAGNOSIS 7 AND treatment, PREVENTIVE OR OCCUPATIONAL MEDICINE, AND THE 8 MANAGEMENT AND QUALITY ASSURANCE OF HEALTH OR SOCIAL 9 CARE SYSTEMS AND SERVICES, AND is carried out by a [medical 10 practitioner or a medical treatment] HEALTH CARE institution, [and an 11 adequate level of protection of personal information is ensured] HEALTH CARE 12 PROVIDER, OR A PERSON UNDER THEIR RESPONSIBILITY WHO IS 13 14 BOUND BY Α PROFESSIONAL OR LEGAL **OBLIGATION** OF 15 CONFIDENTIALITY, **PROVIDED**: THAT ADEQUATE SECURITY MEASURES ARE IMPLEMENTED FOR THE PROTECTION OF SENSITIVE 16 17 PERSONAL INFORMATION:

(G) THE PROCESSING IS NECESSARY FOR REASONS OF PUBLIC
INTEREST IN THE AREA OF PUBLIC HEALTH OR HUMANITARIAN
EMERGENCIES, *PROVIDED*: THAT SUCH PROCESSING IS COVERED BY
OFFICIAL REGULATIONS ON PROCESSING AND IMPLEMENTATION OF
APPROPRIATE SAFEGUARDS FOR DATA PROTECTION;

[(f)] (H) The processing [concerns such personal information as] is necessary for
the protection of lawful rights and interests of natural or legal persons in court
proceedings, WHENEVER COURTS ARE ACTING IN THEIR JUDICIAL
CAPACITY, or the establishment, exercise or defense of legal claims IN CIVIL,
CRIMINAL, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND OTHER SIMILAR PROCEEDINGS, [or]
[when provided to government or public authority]; AND

(I) THE PROCESSING IS NECESSARY SOLELY FOR ARCHIVING
PURPOSES IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST, SUCH AS FOR SCIENTIFIC OR
HISTORICAL RESEARCH OR STATISTICAL PURPOSES, TO THE EXTENT
PROPORTIONATE TO THE AIM PURSUED AND CONSISTENT WITH

1 (B) WHEN THE PROCESSING OF INFORMATION IS NECESSARY FOR THE 2 PERFORMANCE OF A CONTRACT FREELY ENTERED INTO BY THE 3 DATA SUBJECT AND PERSONAL INFORMATION CONTROLLER. OR IS 4 NECESSARY PURSUANT TO THE REQUEST OF A DATA SUBJECT PRIOR TO ENTERING INTO A CONTRACT: PROVIDED, THAT THE 5 PERFORMANCE OF THE CONTRACT OR PROVISION OF THE SERVICE 6 IS NOT MADE CONDITIONAL ON THE DATA SUBJECT'S CONSENT TO 7 THE PROCESSING OF SENSITIVE PERSONAL INFORMATION THAT IS 8 9 NOT NECESSARY TO THE OBJECT OF THE CONTRACT;

10 [(b)] (C) WHEN THE [The] processing of the same is provided for by existing 11 laws and regulations: *Provided*, That such regulatory enactments OR THE 12 RULES ISSUED TO IMPLEMENT THEM guarantee the protection of [the] 13 sensitive personal information and [the] privileged information: *Provided*, 14 *further*, That the consent of the data subjects is not required by law or 15 regulation permitting the processing of the sensitive personal information;

[(c)] (D) WHEN THE [The] processing is necessary to protect the life and health
of the data subject or another person, and the data subject is not legally or
physically able to express consent prior to the processing[;], OR WHEN IN THE
INTEREST OF PUBLIC SAFETY, PROCESSING IS NECESSARY, SUCH AS
WHEN THE DATA SUBJECT IS A THREAT TO ONE'S SELF OR TO
OTHERS;

[(d) The processing is necessary to achieve the lawful and non-commercial objectives of public organizations and their associations: *Provided*, That such processing is only confined and related to the *bona fide* members of these organizations or their associations: *Provided*, *further*, That the sensitive personal information are not transferred to third parties: *Provided*, *finally*, That consent of the data subject was obtained prior to processing;]

PROCESSING IS CARRIED OUT WITH APPROPRIATE 28 (E) THE SAFEGUARDS BY A FOUNDATION, ASSOCIATION OR ANY OTHER NON-29 30 PROFIT **INSTITUTION** WITH Α CHARITABLE, RELIGIOUS, PROFESSIONAL OR SIMILAR PURPOSE, IN THE COURSE OF ITS 31

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LEGITIMATE ACTIVITIES AND ON CONDITION THAT THE PROCESSING
 RELATES SOLELY TO THE MEMBERS OR TO FORMER MEMBERS OF
 THE BODY, OR TO PERSONS WHO HAVE REGULAR CONTACT WITH IT
 IN CONNECTION WITH ITS PURPOSES, AND THAT THE PERSONAL
 INFORMATION IS NOT DISCLOSED OUTSIDE THAT BODY WITHOUT
 THE CONSENT OF THE DATA SUBJECTS;

7 [(e)] (F) The processing is necessary for the purpose of medical DIAGNOSIS AND treatment, PREVENTIVE OR OCCUPATIONAL MEDICINE, AND THE 8 MANAGEMENT AND QUALITY ASSURANCE OF HEALTH OR SOCIAL 9 CARE SYSTEMS AND SERVICES, AND is carried out by a [medical 10 practitioner or a medical treatment] HEALTH CARE institution, [and an 11 adequate level of protection of personal information is ensured] HEALTH CARE 12 PROVIDER, OR A PERSON UNDER THEIR RESPONSIBILITY WHO IS 13 14 BOUND BY Α PROFESSIONAL OR LEGAL **OBLIGATION** OF CONFIDENTIALITY, 15 **PROVIDED**: THAT ADEQUATE SECURITY MEASURES ARE IMPLEMENTED FOR THE PROTECTION OF SENSITIVE 16 17 PERSONAL INFORMATION:

(G) THE PROCESSING IS NECESSARY FOR REASONS OF PUBLIC
INTEREST IN THE AREA OF PUBLIC HEALTH OR HUMANITARIAN
EMERGENCIES, *PROVIDED*: THAT SUCH PROCESSING IS COVERED BY
OFFICIAL REGULATIONS ON PROCESSING AND IMPLEMENTATION OF
APPROPRIATE SAFEGUARDS FOR DATA PROTECTION;

[(f)] (H) The processing [concerns such personal information as] is necessary for
the protection of lawful rights and interests of natural or legal persons in court
proceedings, WHENEVER COURTS ARE ACTING IN THEIR JUDICIAL
CAPACITY, or the establishment, exercise or defense of legal claims IN CIVIL,
CRIMINAL, ADMINISTRATIVE, AND OTHER SIMILAR PROCEEDINGS, [or]
[when provided to government or public authority]; AND

(I) THE PROCESSING IS NECESSARY SOLELY FOR ARCHIVING
PURPOSES IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST, SUCH AS FOR SCIENTIFIC OR
HISTORICAL RESEARCH OR STATISTICAL PURPOSES, TO THE EXTENT
PROPORTIONATE TO THE AIM PURSUED AND CONSISTENT WITH

ETHICAL PRINCIPLES, WHICH SHALL PROVIDE FOR APPROPRIATE
 MEASURES TO SAFEGUARD THE FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS AND THE
 INTERESTS OF THE DATA SUBJECT."

4 SECTION 9. Section 16 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

5 "SEC.16. Rights of the Data Subject. - The data subject is entitled to THE
6 FOLLOWING RIGHTS:

7 (a) *RIGHT TO BE INFORMED*. THE DATA SUBJECT SHALL BE [Be] informed
8 ON whether personal information [pertaining to him or her shall be, are being or
9 have been processed,] INCLUDING INTENTIONS TO FURTHER PROCESS
10 THE PERSONAL INFORMATION FOR A PURPOSE OTHER THAN THAT
11 FOR WHICH THE PERSONAL INFORMATION WERE COLLECTED;

12 [(B)] THE DATA SUBJECT SHALL BE [Be furnished] PROVIDED the 13 information indicated hereunder OR WHERE PERSONAL INFORMATION IS 14 OBTAINED FROM A THIRD PARTY before the entry of personal information 15 into the processing system of the personal information controller, or [where 16 personal information[is obtained from a third party,] at the next practical 17 opportunity:

18 (1) Description of the personal information to be entered into the system;

19 (2) THE EXISTENCE OF AUTOMATED DECISION-MAKING,
20 INCLUDING PROFILING, AS WELL AS THE SIGNIFICANCE AND THE
21 ENVISAGED CONSEQUENCES OF SUCH PROCESSING FOR THE DATA
22 SUBJECT;

[(2)] (3) Purposes [for which they are being or are to be processed] and lawful
basis of processing;

25 [(3)] (4) Scope and method of the personal information processing;

26 (5) SOURCES OF PERSONAL INFORMATION, AND WHERE
27 APPLICABLE, WHETHER IT CAME FROM PUBLICLY ACCESSIBLE
28 SOURCES;

[(4)] (6) The recipients or classes of recipients [to whom they are or may be
disclosed] OF PERSONAL INFORMATION;

[(5) Methods utilized for automated access, if the same is allowed by the data
 subject, and the extent to which such access is authorized;]

3 (7) TRANSFERS OR INTENDED TRANSFERS OF PERSONAL
4 INFORMATION TO ANOTHER COUNTRY OR TO AN INTERNATIONAL
5 ORGANIZATION;

6 [(6)] (8) The identity and contact details of the personal information controller 7 or its representative;

8 (9) CONTACT DETAILS OF DATA PROTECTION OFFICER;

9 [(7)] (10) The period for which the information will be stored OR CRITERIA
10 USED TO DETERMINE SUCH PERIOD; and

- 11 [(8)] (11) [The existence of their] THEIR rights as DATA SUBJECTS, to 12 access[, correction,] AND CORRECT PERSONAL INFORMATION IN THE 13 PROCESSING SYSTEM OF THE PERSONAL INFORMATION 14 CONTROLLER, as well as the right to lodge a complaint before the 15 Commission.
- Any information supplied or declaration made to the data subject on these 16 shall amended without prior notification of data 17 matters not be subject: Provided, That the notification [under subsection (b)] shall not apply 18 should the personal information be needed pursuant to a subpoena or when the 19 collection and processing are for obvious purposes, including when it is necessary 20 21 for the performance of or in relation to a contract or service or when necessary or desirable in the context of an employer-employee relationship, between the 22 collector and the data subject, or when the information is being collected and 23 24 processed as a result of a legal obligation;

25 [(c) Reasonable access to, upon demand, the following:

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(d) Dispute the inaccuracy or error in the personal information and have the
personal information controller correct it immediately and accordingly, unless
the request is vexatious or otherwise unreasonable. If the personal information
have been corrected, the personal information controller shall ensure the
accessibility of both the new and the retracted information and the

simultaneous receipt of the new and the retracted information by recipients
thereof: Provided, That the third parties who have previously received such
processed personal information shall he informed of its inaccuracy and its
rectification upon reasonable request of the data subject;

5 (e) Suspend, withdraw or order the blocking, removal or destruction of his or her personal information from the personal information controller's filing 6 7 system upon discovery and substantial proof that the personal information are 8 incomplete, outdated, false, unlawfully obtained, used for unauthorized 9 purposes or are no longer necessary for the purposes for which they were 10 collected. In this case, the personal information controller may notify third 11 parties who have previously received such processed personal information; and 12 (f) Be indemnified for any damages sustained due to such inaccurate, 13 incomplete, outdated, false, unlawfully obtained or unauthorized use of personal information.] 14

(B) *RIGHT TO REASONABLE ACCESS*. THE DATA SUBJECT HAS THE
RIGHT TO REASONABLE ACCESS TO THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN
THE PRECEDING PARAGRAPH. THE DATA SUBJECT MAY OBTAIN A
COPY OF THE PERSONAL INFORMATION UNDERGOING PROCESSING: *PROVIDED*, THAT THE RIGHT TO OBTAIN A COPY SHALL NOT
ADVERSELY AFFECT THE RIGHTS AND FREEDOMS OF OTHERS.

(C) RIGHT TO OBJECT. THE DATA SUBJECT SHALL HAVE THE RIGHT 21 TO OBJECT AT ANY TIME TO THE PROCESSING OF PERSONAL 22 23 INFORMATION. ON GROUNDS RELATING TO Α PARTICULAR SITUATION. THE DATA SUBJECT MAY OBJECT TO THE PROCESSING 24 FOR DIRECT MARKETING PURPOSES, PROFILING OR TO HAVE 25 DECISIONS MADE AFFECTING HIM OR HER BASED SOLELY ON 26 AUTOMATED DECISION MAKING. THE PERSONAL INFORMATION 27 CONTROLLER 28 SHALL CEASE PROCESSING THE PERSONAL INFORMATION UNLESS THE CONTROLLER DEMONSTRATES 29 COMPELLING LEGITIMATE GROUNDS FOR SUCH PROCESSING WHICH 30 31 OVERRIDE THE INTERESTS, RIGHTS, AND FREEDOMS OF THE DATA

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SUBJECT, OR FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT, EXERCISE OR DEFENSE OF
 LEGAL CLAIMS.

THE DATA SUBJECT SHALL ALSO BE NOTIFIED AND GIVEN AN
OPPORTUNITY TO WITHHOLD CONSENT TO THE PROCESSING IN CASE
OF CHANGES OR ANY AMENDMENT TO THE INFORMATION SUPPLIED
OR DECLARED TO THE DATA SUBJECT IN THE PRECEDING
PARAGRAPHS.

8 WHEN A DATA SUBJECT OBJECTS OR WITHHOLDS CONSENT, THE 9 PERSONAL INFORMATION CONTROLLER SHALL NO LONGER PROCESS 10 THE PERSONAL INFORMATION, UNLESS THE PROCESSING IS 11 REQUIRED BY RELEVANT LAW AND REGULATION OR THE PROCESSING 12 FALLS IN ANY OF THE ALLOWABLE INSTANCES UNDER SECTIONS 4, 12 13 AND 13 OF THIS ACT.

14 (D) RIGHT TO RECTIFICATION. THE DATA SUBJECT HAS THE RIGHT TO DISPUTE INACCURACY OR ERROR IN THE PERSONAL INFORMATION 15 AND HAVE THE PERSONAL INFORMATION CONTROLLER CORRECT IT 16 17 ACCORDINGLY WITHOUT DELAY, UNLESS THE REQUEST IS 18 VEXATIOUS OR OTHERWISE UNREASONABLE. IF THE PERSONAL INFORMATION HAS BEEN CORRECTED, THE PERSONAL INFORMATION 19 CONTROLLER SHALL ENSURE THE ACCESSIBILITY OF BOTH THE NEW 20 21 AND THE RETRACTED INFORMATION AND THE SIMULTANEOUS 22 RECEIPT OF THE NEW AND THE RETRACTED INFORMATION BY 23 RECIPIENTS THEREOF: PROVIDED, THAT THE THIRD PARTIES WHO 24 HAVE PREVIOUSLY RECEIVED SUCH PROCESSED PERSONAL 25 INFORMATION SHALL BE INFORMED OF ITS INACCURACY AND ITS 26 RECTIFICATION UPON REASONABLE REQUEST OF THE DATA SUBJECT. 27 TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE PURPOSES OF THE PROCESSING. THE

DATA SUBJECT SHALL HAVE THE RIGHT TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL
PERSONAL INFORMATION INCLUDING BY MEANS OF PROVIDING A
SUPPLEMENTARY STATEMENT.

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(E) *RIGHT TO ERASURE*. THE DATA SUBJECT SHALL HAVE THE RIGHT
 TO SUSPEND OR RESTRICT PROCESSING, OR ORDER THE BLOCKING,
 REMOVAL OR DESTRUCTION OF PERSONAL INFORMATION FROM THE
 PERSONAL INFORMATION CONTROLLER'S FILING SYSTEM, WHERE:

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1) THE PERSONAL INFORMATION IS INCOMPLETE, OUTDATED, FALSE, OR UNLAWFULLY OBTAINED;

- 2) THE PERSONAL INFORMATION IS BEING USED FOR PURPOSE NOT AUTHORIZED BY THE DATA SUBJECT;
- 3) THE PERSONAL INFORMATION IS NO LONGER NECESSARY FOR
  THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH IT WAS COLLECTED OR AS REQUIRED
  BY LAW;
- 4) THE DATA SUBJECT WITHDRAWS CONSENT OR OBJECTS TO THE
   PROCESSING, AND THERE IS NO OTHER LEGAL GROUND OR
   OVERRIDING LEGITIMATE INTEREST FOR THE PROCESSING;
- 15 5) THE PERSONAL INFORMATION CONCERNS PRIVATE
  16 INFORMATION THAT IS PREJUDICIAL TO DATA SUBJECT, UNLESS
  17 JUSTIFIED BY FREEDOM OF SPEECH, EXPRESSION, OR THE PRESS
  18 OR OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED;
- 19 6) THE PROCESSING IS UNLAWFUL; OR
- 7) THE PERSONAL INFORMATION CONTROLLER OR PERSONAL
  21 INFORMATION PROCESSOR VIOLATED THE RIGHTS OF THE DATA
  22 SUBJECT.

THE PERSONAL INFORMATION CONTROLLER MAY NOTIFY THIRD
PARTIES WHO HAVE PREVIOUSLY RECEIVED SUCH PROCESSED
PERSONAL INFORMATION; AND

(F) *RIGHT TO CLAIM DAMAGES*. THE DATA SUBJECT HAS THE RIGHT
TO BE INDEMNIFIED FOR ANY DAMAGE SUSTAINED DUE TO SUCH
INACCURATE, INCOMPLETE, OUTDATED, FALSE, UNLAWFULLY
OBTAINED OR UNAUTHORIZED USE OF PERSONAL INFORMATION."

30 SECTION 10. Section 19 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

19. [Non-applicability] LIMITATION ON RIGHTS OF DATA "SEC. 1 SUBJECTS. – The [immediately preceding sections are not applicable] RIGHTS 2 OF DATA SUBJECT MAY BE LIMITED if the processed personal information 3 IS [are] used only for the needs of scientific and statistical research, 4 ARCHIVING PURPOSES IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST, and, on the basis of 5 such, no activities are carried out and no decisions are taken regarding the data 6 subject: Provided, That [the personal information shall be held under strict 7 confidentiality] ADEQUATE SAFEGUARDS ARE IN PLACE and THE 8 PERSONAL INFORMATION shall be used only for the declared purpose. 9 [Likewise, the immediately preceding sections are not applicable to the] THE 10 LIMITATION ALSO APPLIES WHEN SPECIFICALLY PROVIDED BY LAW, 11 OR REGULATION, WHEN NECESSARY TO PROTECT LIFE AND HEALTH 12 OF DATA SUBJECTS, OR WHERE THE processing of personal information 13 gathered for the purpose of investigations in relation to any criminal, 14 administrative or tax liabilities of a data subject." 15

16 SECTION 11. Section 20 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

17 "SEC. 20. Security of Personal Information.

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(f) The personal information controller shall [promptly] notify the Commission 19 and affected data subjects [when sensitive personal information or other 20 information that may, under the circumstances, be used to enable identity 21 fraud are reasonably believed to have been acquired by an unauthorized 22 person, and the personal information controller or the Commission believes 23 that such unauthorized acquisition is likely to give rise to a real risk of 24 serious harm to any affected data subject] WITHIN SEVENTY-TWO (72) 25 HOURS UPON BEING AWARE OF OR UPON REASONABLE BELIEF 26 THAT A PERSONAL DATA BREACH INVOLVING SENSITIVE 27 PERSONAL INFORMATION OR OTHER INFORMATION THAT MAY 28 BE USED TO ENABLE IDENTITY FRAUD OCCURRED. The notification 29 shall at least describe the nature of the breach, the [sensitive] personal 30 information possibly involved, and the measures taken by the [entity] 31

1 PERSONAL INFORMATION CONTROLLER to address the breach. 2 [Notification may be delayed only to the extent necessary to determine the 3 scope of the breach, to prevent further disclosures, or to restore reasonable integrity to the information and communications system.] WHERE SUCH 4 NOTIFICATION CANNOT BE ACHIEVED WITHIN SEVENTY-TWO (72) 5 HOURS, THE REASONS FOR THE DELAY SHOULD ACCOMPANY 6 THE NOTIFICATION AND INFORMATION MAY BE PROVIDED IN 7 PHASES WITHOUT ANY FURTHER DELAY. 8

[(1) In evaluating if notification is unwarranted, the Commission may take into account compliance by the personal information controller with this section and existence of good faith in the acquisition of personal information.]

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12 [(2)] (1) The Commission may exempt a personal information controller from 13 [notification] NOTIFYING THE DATA SUBJECT where, in its reasonable 14 judgment, such notification would not be in the public interest or in the interests of the affected data subjects. IN EVALUATING IF NOTIFICATION 15 16 IS UNWARRANTED, THE COMMISSION MAY TAKE INTO ACCOUNT 17 COMPLIANCE BY THE PERSONAL INFORMATION CONTROLLER WITH 18 THIS ACT AND EXISTING SECURITY MEASURES SHOWING THAT THE 19 PERSONAL DATA BREACH IS UNLIKELY TO RESULT IN A RISK TO 20 THE RIGHTS AND FREEDOMS OF NATURAL PERSONS.

[(3)] (2) The Commission may authorize postponement of notification where it 21 22 may hinder the progress of a criminal investigation related to a serious 23 breach. NOTIFICATION OF DATA SUBJECTS MAY BE DELAYED ONLY 24 TO THE EXTENT NECESSARY TO DETERMINE THE SCOPE OF THE 25 BREACH. PREVENT FURTHER DISCLOSURES. OR RESTORE REASONABLE 26 INTEGRITY TO THE **INFORMATION** AND 27 COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM. WHERE THE PERSONAL DATA BREACH IS LIKELY TO RESULT IN A HIGH RISK TO THE RIGHTS AND 28 FREEDOMS OF THE DATA SUBJECT, THE CONTROLLER SHOULD 29 30 COMMUNICATE TO THE DATA SUBJECT THE PERSONAL DATA

BREACH WITHOUT UNDUE DELAY, IN ORDER FOR THE DATA
 SUBJECT TO TAKE THE NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS.

FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE PERSONAL INFORMATION 3 PROCESSOR WILL 4 PROMPTLY REPORT TO THE PERSONAL INFORMATION CONTROLLER THE OCCURRENCE OF A PERSONAL 5 DATA BREACH TO ALLOW FOR NOTIFICATION OF THE COMMISSION 6 AND DATA SUBJECTS WITHIN THE PRESCRIBED PERIOD. IF THE 7 **INFORMATION** PERSONAL 8 CONTROLLER IS OUTSIDE THE 9 PHILIPPINES AND IS UNABLE TO COMPLY WITH THE NOTIFICATION 10 **REQUIREMENTS, THE PERSONAL INFORMATION CONTROLLER MAY** AUTHORIZE THE PERSONAL INFORMATION PROCESSOR, OR ANY 11 OTHER THIRD PARTY, IN WRITING, TO SUBMIT THE BREACH 12 13 NOTIFICATION TO THE COMMISSION, ON BEHALF OF THE PERSONAL INFORMATION CONTROLLER." 14

15 SECTION 12. Section 21 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 21. Principle of Accountability. - Each personal information controller is
 responsible for personal information under its control or custody, including
 information that have been transferred to a third party for processing, whether
 domestically or internationally, subject to cross-border arrangement and
 cooperation.

- a) The personal information controller is accountable for complying with
  the requirements of this Act and shall use contractual or other reasonable
  means to provide a comparable level of protection while the information are
  being processed by a third party.
- b) The personal information controller shall designate A DATA
  PROTECTION OFFICER or an individual or individuals who are
  accountable for the organization's compliance with THE PROVISIONS OF
  this Act. The identity of the individual(s) so designated shall be made known
  to any data subject upon request."
- 30 SECTION 13. Section 24 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

1 "SEC. 24. Applicability to Government Contractors. ACCESS TO PERSONAL INFORMATION BY INDEPENDENT CONTRACTORS, CONSULTANTS, OR 2 3 SERVICE PROVIDERS ENGAGED BY A GOVERNMENT AGENCY SHALL BE GOVERNED BY STRICT PROCEDURES CONTAINED IN FORMAL 4 CONTRACTS, WHICH PROVISIONS MUST COMPLY WITH THE ACT. In 5 entering into any contract that may involve accessing or requiring sensitive 6 personal information from one thousand (1,000) or more individuals, an agency 7 shall require a contractor and its employees to register their personal 8 9 information processing system with the Commission in accordance with this Act and to comply with the other provisions of this Act including the 10 immediately preceding section, in the same manner as agencies and 11 government employees comply with such requirements." 12

13 SECTION 14. Section 25 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 25. Unauthorized Processing [of Personal Information and Sensitive 14 The unauthorized processing of personal Personal Information. - (a) 15 information shall be penalized by imprisonment ranging from one (1) year to 16 three (3) years and a fine of not less than Five hundred thousand pesos 17 (Php500,000.00) but not more than Two million pesos (Php2,000,000.00) shall 18 be imposed on persons] - ANY PERSON who SHALL process personal 19 information without ANY LAWFUL [the consent of the data subject,] or 20 without being authorized under this Act or any existing law SHALL BE 21 PENALIZED BY IMPRISONMENT RANGING FROM ONE (1) YEAR TO 22 THREE (3) YEARS OR A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN FIVE HUNDRED 23 THOUSAND PESOS (PHP500,000.00) BUT NOT MORE THAN TWO 24 MILLION PESOS (PHP2,000,000.00), OR BOTH. 25

[(b) The unauthorized processing of personal sensitive information shall be penalized by] THE PENALTY OF imprisonment ranging from three (3) years to six (6) years [and] OR a fine of not less than Five hundred thousand pesos (Php500,000.00) but not more than Four million pesos (Php4,000,000.00), OR BOTH, shall be imposed [on persons who process personal information without the consent of the data subject, or without being authorized under this

Act or any existing law.] IF SUCH UNAUTHORIZED PROCESSING
 INVOLVES SENSITIVE PERSONAL INFORMATION."

3 SECTION 15. Section 26 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 26. PROVIDING ACCESS TO [Accessing] Personal Information and 4 Sensitive Personal Information Due to Negligence. - [(a) Accessing personal 5 information due to negligence shall be penalized by imprisonment ranging 6 from one (1) year to three (3) years and a fine of not less than Five hundred 7 thousand pesos (Php500,000.00) but not more than Two million pesos 8 9 (Php2,000,000.00) shall be imposed on persons] ANY PERSON who, due to GROSS negligence, provided access to personal information without being 10 authorized under this Act or any existing law SHALL BE PENALIZED BY 11 IMPRISONMENT RANGING FROM ONE (1) YEAR TO THREE (3) YEARS 12 OR A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS 13 TWO MILLION (PHP500.000.00) BUT NOT MORE THAN PESOS 14 15 (PHP2,000,000.00), OR BOTH.

16 (b) Accessing sensitive personal information due to negligence shall be penalized by] THE PENALTY OF imprisonment ranging from three (3) years 17 to six (6) years [and] OR a fine of not less than Five hundred thousand pesos 18 19 (Php500,000.00) but not more than Four million pesos (Php4,000,000.00), OR BOTH shall be imposed [on persons who, due to negligence, provided access to 20 21 personal information without being authorized under this Act or any existing 22 SUCH UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS **INVOLVES** SENSITIVE  $\mathbf{IF}$ law] 23 PERSONAL INFORMATION."

24 SECTION 16. Section 27 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 27. Improper Disposal. - [of Personal Information and Sensitive
Personal Information. - (a) The improper disposal of personal information
shall be penalized by imprisonment ranging from six (6) months to two (2)
years and a fine of not less than One hundred thousand pesos (Php100,000.00)
but not more than Five hundred thousand pesos (Php500,000.00) shall be
imposed on persons] ANY PERSON who knowingly or negligently disposeS[,]
OR discardS [or abandon the] personal information of an individual in [an] A

PHYSICAL area OR ONLINE PLATFORM accessible to the public [or has
otherwise placed the personal information of an individual in its container for
trash collection.] SHALL BE PENALIZED BY IMPRISONMENT RANGING
FROM SIX (6) MONTHS TO TWO (2) YEARS OR A FINE OF NOT LESS
THAN ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (PHP100,000.00) BUT NOT
MORE THAN FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (PHP500,000.00), OR
BOTH.

8 [(b) The improper disposal of sensitive personal information shall be 9 penalized by] THE PENALTY OF imprisonment ranging from one (1) year to 10 three (3) years [and] OR a fine of not less than One hundred thousand pesos 11 (Php100,000.00) but not more than One million pesos (Php1,000,000.00), OR 12 BOTH shall be imposed [on persons who knowingly or negligently dispose, 13 discard or abandon the personal information of an individual in an area 14 accessible to the public or has otherwise placed the personal information of an 15 individual in its container for trash collection.] IF SUCH IMPROPERLY 16 DISPOSED OR DISCARDED DOCUMENTS CONTAIN SENSITIVE 17 PERSONAL INFORMATION."

18 SECTION 17. Section 28 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

19 "SEC. 28. Processing [of Personal Information and Sensitive Personal 20 Information] for Unauthorized Purposes. - [The processing of personal 21 information for unauthorized purposes shall be penalized by imprisonment 22 ranging from one (1) year and six (6) months to five (5) years and a fine of not 23 less than Five hundred thousand pesos (Php500,000.00) but not more than 24 One million pesos (Php1,000,000.00) shall be imposed on persons ANY 25 PERSON WHO, HAVING ACCESS TO PERSONAL INFORMATION, SHALL process[ing] SUCH personal information for purposes not authorized by the 26 27 data subject, or otherwise authorized under this Act or under existing laws SHALL BE PENALIZED BY IMPRISONMENT RANGING FROM ONE (1) 28 29 YEAR AND SIX (6) MONTHS TO FIVE (5) YEARS OR A FINE OF NOT LESS 30 THAN FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (PHP500,000.00) BUT NOT 31 MORE THAN ONE MILLION PESOS (PHP1,000,000.00), OR BOTH.

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1 [The processing of sensitive personal information for unauthorized purposes 2 shall be penalized by] THE PENALTY OF imprisonment ranging from two (2) 3 years to seven (7) years [and] OR a fine of not less than Five hundred thousand 4 pesos (Php500,000.00) but not more than Two million pesos (Php2,000,000.00), 5 OR BOTH shall be imposed [on persons processing sensitive personal 6 information for purposes not authorized by the data subject, or otherwise 7 authorized under this Act or under existing laws] IF SUCH PROCESSING FOR UNAUTHORIZED PURPOSE INVOLVES SENSITIVE PERSONAL 8 9 INFORMATION."

10 SECTION 18. Section 29 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

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"SEC. 29. Unauthorized Access or Intentional Breach. - [The penalty of 12 13 imprisonment ranging from one (1) year to three (3) years and a fine of not less 14 than Five hundred thousand pesos (Php500,000.00) but not more than Two million pesos (Php2,000,000.00) shall be imposed on persons] ANY PERSON 15 who knowingly and unlawfully, or violating [data] confidentiality [and] OR 16 17 security OF data systems, breaks in any way into any system where personal [and] OR sensitive personal information is stored SHALL BE PENALIZED BY 18 IMPRISONMENT RANGING FROM ONE (1) YEAR TO THREE (3) YEARS 19 OR A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS 20 (PHP500,000.00) BUT NOT MORE THAN TWO MILLION 21 PESOS (PHP2,000,000.00), OR BOTH." 22

23 SECTION 19. Section 30 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 30. Concealment of [Security] PERSONAL DATA Breaches [Involving] 24 Sensitive Personal Information. – The penalty of imprisonment of one (1) year 25 and six (6) months to five (5) years and a fine of not less than Five hundred 26 27 thousand pesos (Php500,000.00) but not more than One million pesos 28 (Php1,000,000.00) shall be imposed on] - ANY person[s] who, after having 29 knowledge of a [security] PERSONAL DATA breach and of the obligation to 30 notify the Commission pursuant to Section 20(f), intentionally or by omission conceals the fact of such [security] PERSONAL DATA breach SHALL BE 31

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PENALIZED BY IMPRISONMENT OF ONE (1) YEAR AND SIX (6) MONTHS
 TO FIVE (5) YEARS OR A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN FIVE HUNDRED
 THOUSAND PESOS (PHP500,000.00) BUT NOT MORE THAN ONE
 MILLION PESOS (PHP1,000,000.00), OR BOTH."

5 SECTION 20. Section 31 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

6 "SEC. 31. Malicious Disclosure. - Any [personal information controller or] INFORMATION 7 personal information processor OR PERSONAL CONTROLLER or any of its officials, employees or agents, who, with malice 8 or in bad faith, discloses unwarranted or false information relative to any 9 personal information or [personal] sensitive PERSONAL information obtained 10 11 by him or her, shall be subject to imprisonment ranging from one (1) year and 12 six (6) months to five (5) years [and] OR a fine of not less than Five hundred 13 thousand pesos (Php500,000.00) but not more than One million pesos 14 (Php1,000,000.00), OR BOTH."

15 SECTION 21. Section 32 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

16 "SEC. 32. Unauthorized Disclosure. -[(a)]Any [personal information controller 17 or] personal information processor OR PERSONAL INFORMATION 18 CONTROLLER or any of its officials, employees or agents, who discloses to a 19 third party personal information not covered by the immediately preceding 20 section without [the consent of the data subject] BEING AUTHORIZED 21 UNDER THIS ACT OR ANY EXISTING LAW, shall be subject to imprisonment ranging from one (1) year to three (3) years [and] OR a fine of 22 not less than Five hundred thousand pesos (Php500,000.00) but not more than 23 One million pesos (Php1,000,000.00), OR BOTH. 24

[(b) Any personal information controller or personal information processor or any of its officials, employees or agents, who discloses to a third party sensitive personal information not covered by the immediately preceding section without the consent of the data subject, shall be subject to] THE PENALTY OF imprisonment ranging from three (3) years to five (5) years [and] OR a fine of not less than Five hundred thousand pesos (Php500,000.00) but not more than Two million pesos (Php2,000,000.00), OR BOTH SHALL BE

IMPOSED IF SUCH DISCLOSURE INVOLVES SENSITIVE PERSONAL
 INFORMATION."

3 SECTION 22. Section 33 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 33. Combination or Series of Acts. - Any combination or series of acts as
defined in Sections 25 to 32 shall make the person subject to imprisonment
ranging from three (3) years to six (6) years [and] OR a fine of not less than
One million pesos (Php1,000,000.00) but not more than Five million pesos
(Php5,000,000.00), OR BOTH."

9 SECTION 23. Section 34 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

10 "SEC. 34. Extent of Liability. – If the offender is a corporation, partnership or 11 any juridical person, the penalty shall be imposed upon the responsible officers, as the case may be, who participated in, or by their gross negligence, 12 13 allowed the commission of the crime. If the offender is a juridical person, the court may suspend or revoke any of its rights under this Act. If the offender is 14 an alien, [he or she shall,] in addition to the penalties herein prescribed, be 15 deported without further proceedings after serving the penalties prescribed. If 16 the offender is a public official or employee [and he or she is found guilty of 17 acts penalized under Sections 27 and 28 of this Act, he or she shall], in 18 addition to the penalties prescribed herein, SHALL suffer perpetual or 19 temporary absolute disgualification from office, as the case may be." 20

21 SECTION 24. Section 36 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 36. Offense Committed by Public Officer. – When the offender or the
person responsible for the offense is a public officer as defined in the
Administrative Code of the Philippines COMMITS THE OFFENSE DURING
[in] the exercise of [his or her] ONE'S duties, an accessory penalty consisting in
the disqualification to occupy public office for a term double the term of criminal
penalty imposed shall he applied.

LIKEWISE, THE PUBLIC OFFICER, WHETHER SERVING IN A CASUAL,
TEMPORARY, HOLDOVER, OR PERMANENT CAPACITY FOUND TO HAVE
COMMITTED THE OFFENSE WILL BE SUBJECT TO ADMINISTRATIVE
PENALTIES UNDER THE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 6713, OTHERWISE KNOWN

AS THE "CODE OF CONDUCT AND ETHICAL STANDARDS FOR PUBLIC
 OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES."

**3** SECTION 25. Section 37 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 37. Restitution AND ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS. -4 THE 5 COMMISSION SHALL PUBLISH AND REGULARLY UPDATE A SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE FINES AS MAY BE DETERMINED BY THE 6 7 COMMISSION TO BE APPROPRIATE, TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION 8 THE ATTENDANT CIRCUMSTANCES, SUCH AS THE NATURE AND 9 GRAVITY OF THE VIOLATION, AND NUMBER OF AFFECTED DATA 10 SUBJECTS. 11

AFTER DUE NOTICE AND HEARING, THE COMMISSION SHALL
IMPOSE SANCTIONS, INCLUDING ADMINISTRATIVE FINES, WARNING
OR REPRIMAND, UPON ANY PERSON FOR THE VIOLATION OF THE
PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT, THE RULES AND REGULATIONS ISSUED TO
IMPLEMENT IT, OR FOR FAILURE OR REFUSAL TO COMPLY WITH NPC
ORDERS, RESOLUTIONS AND OTHER ISSUANCES.

18

19 [Restitution for any aggrieved party shall be governed] IN AWARDING OF
20 CIVIL INDEMNITY TO DATA SUBJECTS AND PROVIDING RESTITUTION
21 TO THE AGGRIEVED PARTY, THE COMMISSION SHALL BE GUIDED by
22 the provisions of the New Civil Code.
23

THE IMPOSITION OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS OR AWARD
OF CIVIL INDEMNITY SHALL BE WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO THE FILING
OF CRIMINAL CHARGES AGAINST THE PERSONS RESPONSIBLE FOR
THE VIOLATION."

28 SECTION 26. Separability Clause. – If any provision or part hereof is held 29 invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or the provision not otherwise 30 affected shall remain valid and subsisting.

SECTION 27. Repealing Clause. - All other laws, decrees, executive orders,
 proclamations and administrative regulations or parts thereof inconsistent
 herewith are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

 SECTION 28. Effectivity. - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its
 publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation. Approved,

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