HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H. No. 5269

- BY REPRESENTATIVES PINGOY, CODILLA, MANGUDADATU, MAGSAYSAY (E.), ABAYON, ESPINO, FIGUEROA, MACAPAGAL-ARROYO, LACSON, HONTIVEROS-BARAQUEL, BERSAMIN, PUNO, CHIPECO, CARMONA, BIRON, ALVAREZ (A.), ARROYO (I.), VILLAFUERTE, REYES (E.), ANDAYA, LAPUS, IPONG, MARAÑON, ALVAREZ (G.), ESPINOSA (E.T.), MACIAS, JOSON, SILVERIO, CABILAO, RAMIRO, CHIONGBIAN, DADIVAS, NOEL, BATERINA, DATUMANONG, NICOLAS, SINGSON, TOMAWIS, ZUBIRI, DEL MAR AND VILLAROSA, PER COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 1562
- AN ACT ESTABLISHING AT LEAST ONE SPECIAL EDUCATION (SPED) CENTER FOR EACH SCHOOL DIVISION AND AT LEAST THREE SPED CENTERS IN BIG SCHOOL DIVISIONS FOR CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS (CSNs), CREATING THE IMPLEMENTING MACHINERY THEREOF, PROVIDING GUIDELINES FOR GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE AND OTHER INCENTIVES AND SUPPORT, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

- 1 SECTION 1. *Title*. This Act shall be known as the "Special Education
- 2 Act of 2006".

1 SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. – It is hereby declared the policy of 2 the State to protect and promote the rights of children with special needs 3 (CSNs) to quality education and to take appropriate steps to make such 4 education accessible to them. The State recognizes their vital role in national 5 development and that finding solutions to their problems form an integral part 6 of national development strategies.

7 It is also the policy of the State to give full support for their welfare and 8 development to ensure their full integration to society as well as to facilitate their active participation in the affairs of the State. Towards this end and also 9 pursuant to the mandate stated in Section 13, Article II; Section 13, Article 10 XIII; Section 1 and Section 2, paragraphs 1 and 3, Article XIV of the 1987 11 Constitution; Article 3 of Presidential Decree No. 603 (The Child And Youth 12 Welfare Code) and Sections 12-14 of Republic Act No. 7277 (Magna Carta 13 14 For The Disabled), the State shall institutionalize an adequate and relevant educational program for every child with special needs through the 15 16 establishment of Special Education (SPED) centers and of their vital support mechanisms. Thus, all CSNs, irrespective of the degree of sensory, physical or 17 18 intellectual disability or needs, will have the opportunity to be educated in the most educationally enhancing environment consistent with the provision of a 19 quality education that best meets their needs. 20

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SEC. 3. Objectives. - The objectives of the SPED Act of 2006 are:

2 (a) To provide access to basic education among CSNs, namely the 3 gifted/talented, the mentally retarded, the visually impaired, the hearing 4 impaired, the orthopedically/physically handicapped, the learning disabled, the 5 speech defectives, the children with behavior problems, the autistic children 6 and those with health problems through the formal system and other alternative 7 delivery services in education;

8 (b) To ensure that CSNs fully develop their abilities, talents, interests
9 and all aspect of their development to become more responsible for their lives
10 and more effective partners in all of the affairs and concerns of the country.

(c) To ensure that CSNs understand, appreciate and respect differences
 amongst groups and members in society and also to understand the nature of
 society in which they live;

(d) To inform the parents about the full continuum of services, possible
placement options during discussions about their children's education and
other relevant information to enable them to make informed decisions and
choices;

18 (e) To equip the parents, caregivers and teachers with the capabilities 19 to identify, prevent, refer and intervene with the developmental disorders and 20 disabilities of children as well as in the relevant individual programming 21 planning for the student where such program differs significantly from the

standard curriculum and other matters that enhance the role of parents and
 other caregivers as the primary educators and caregivers of their children from
 birth onwards;

4. (f) To involve private groups, local government units (LGUs) and
5 national agencies other than the Department of Education (DepEd) in the
6 education of CSNs; and

7 (g) To effectuate significant and positive changes in community
8 attitudes towards disability and the need to provide SPED, care and other
9 needs of CSNs.

SEC. 4. Definition of Terms. - For purposes of this Act, these terms are
defined as follows:

(a) "Disability" refers to: (1) a physical or mental impairment that
substantially limits one or more psychological, physiological or anatomical
function of an individual or activities of such individual; (2) a record of such
an impairment; and (3) being regarded as having such an impairment.

(b) "Impairment" refers to any loss, diminution or aberration ofpsychological, physiological or anatomical structure or function.

(c) "Handicap" refers to a disadvantage for a given individual,
resulting from an impairment or a disability, that limits or prevents the function
or activity that is considered normal given the age and sex of the individual.

1 (d) "Disabled persons" refer to those suffering from restriction or 2 different abilities, as a result of a mental, physical, sensory or neurological 3 impairment, to perform an activity in the manner or within the range 4 considered normal for a human being.

5 (e) "Marginalized/disadvantaged disabled persons" refer to disabled 6 persons who lack access to rehabilitative services and educational 7 opportunities due to poverty, abandonment, illness and other forms of neglect. 8 For purposes of this Act, the word "poor" refers to persons who either have no 9 means of livelihood or have incomes below the poverty threshold as 10 determined by the National Statistics Coordinating Board (NSCB).

11 (f) "Children and youth with special needs" refer to those who are gifted and are fast learners and those who are disabled, impaired and 12 handicapped and in need of SPED as well as services for rehabilitation. He/she 13 14 differs from the average child in: (1) mental characteristics; (2) sensory abilities; (3) neuromuscular or physical characteristics; (4) social attributes; (5) 15 16 has multiple handicaps; and/or (6) has a developmental lag to such an extent that requires the use of modified school practices or SPED services to develop 17 18 him/her to maximum capability. They may fall within the ages zero to twenty-19 one (0-21) years and may be classified as follows:

20 (i) "Gifted children and Fast learners" are those capable of superior21 performance and these include those with demonstrated achievement or

potential ability in one or more of the following areas: general intellectual 1 ability, specific academic aptitude, creative or productive thinking ability, 2 leadership ability, ability in the visual or performing arts and psychomotor 3 ability, or those individuals who consistently manifest the following cluster of 4 traits: above average ability (including intelligence), high creativity (implies 5 6 the developmental appreciation of innovative ideas) and high task commitment (related to a high degree of motivation) and those who by reason thereof, 7 8 require services or activities not ordinarily provided by the school.

9 (ii) "The mentally handicapped/mentally retarded" are those who have 10 substantial limitation in present functioning characterized by significant sub-11 average intellectual functioning, existing concurrently with related limitations 12 in two or more of the applicable adaptive skill areas: communication, self-13 care, home living, social skills, community use, self-direction, health and 14 safety, functional academics, leisure and work.

(iii) "The visually impaired" are those who are blind or have a low
vision. A person is blind if he has a visual capacity of 20/200 or less in a better
eye after maximum correction. The low vision person retains a relatively low
degree of vision and can read only enlarged print or regular or regular print
under special conditions.

20 (iv) "The hearing impaired" are those who are deaf or hard-of-hearing.
21 The deaf person is one whose hearing is nonfunctional for ordinary purposes in

life. The hard-of-hearing has a sense of hearing which although defective is
 functional with or without a hearing aid.

3 (v) "Students/children with behavior problems" are those who cannot 4 adjust to the socially accepted norms of behavior and, consequently disrupt 5 their academic progress, the learning efforts of their classmates and 6 interpersonal relations.

7 ` (vi) "The orthopedically handicapped" are those whose impairment
8 permanently or temporarily interferes with the normal functions of the joints,
9 muscles or limbs.

(vii) "Students/children with special health problems" are those who
have health conditions that tend to keep children out-of-school or those with
chronic and/or debilitating illness like cardiac (heart) diseases, asthma,
diabetes, tuberculosis and other respiratory ailments, carcenonza, epilepsy,
malnutrition and others.

(viii) "Students/children with learning disabilities" are those who
although normal in sensory, emotional and intellectual abilities exhibit
disorders in perception, listening, thinking, reading, writing, spelling or
arithmetic. They have such conditions as perceptual handicap, brain injury,
minimal brain dysfunction, dyslexia and developmental aphasia.

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, 1 [']	(ix) "The speech impaired" are those whose speech differs from the
2	average so far as to draw unfavorable attention to the manner of speaking
3	rather than to the thought conveyed.
4	(x) "Persons with autism" are those with developmental disabilities,
5	having onset before thirty (30) months of age which is marked by disturbance
6	in development, language and relationship with persons, activities and objects
7	and which may coexist with intellectual disability and epilepsy. Children
8	afflicted with this disorder have perceptual, cognitive, communication and
9	social difficulties which change over time.
10	(g) "Auxiliary aids and services" refer to services that are basically
11	noneducation, but impinge on the education process of the child with special
12	needs. These include:
13	(1) Therapy;
14	(2) Qualified interpreters or other effective methods of delivering
15	materials to individuals with hearing impairments;
16	(3) Qualified readers, taped tests or other effective methods of
17	delivering materials to individuals with visual impairments;
18	(4) Acquisition or modification of equipment or devices; and
19	(5) Other similar services and actions or all types of aids and services
20	that facilitate the learning process of people with mental disability.

1 (h) "Special instructional materials" refer to textbooks in braille, large 2 type or any other medium or any apparatus that convey information to a 3 student or otherwise contributes to the learning process.

participation" encompasses all forms of 4 (i) "Private sector indispensable, substantial and meaningful participation of private individuals, 5 6 groups or entities, community-based organizations partnerships. \mathbf{or} 7 nongovernmental organizations (NGOs) in the delivery of educational and 8 rehabilitative services for students and CSNs.

9 (j) "Basic Education" refers to at least six years of elementary 10 education and at least four years of secondary education including preschool 11 education.

(k) "Special Education" refers to basic education that takes into 12 13 account the special needs of both disabled and gifted children that requires a 14 systematic and deliberate process for them to achieve functional literacy and which will bring the individual to the highest level of his potential and 15 16 capacity. It is also defined as that type of education tailored to meet the needs 17 of children who cannot profit because of disabilities or exceptional abilities. 18 The trend in SPED is towards integration with the education of normally-abled 19 children.

(l) "Functional literacy" refers to the level of literacy necessary for the
student or child to become a useful citizen and effective member of the society.

SEC. 5. Coverage. - This Act shall cover all students and CSNs
 nationwide.

SEC. 6. Creation of the Bureau of Special Education. - To attain the 3 objectives of this Act, the Bureau of Special Education (BSPED), hereinafter 4 referred to as the Bureau, is hereby created to institutionalize and govern 5 SPED in the Philippines. The Bureau is primarily tasked in the formulation 6 and administration of an appropriate curriculum and developmentally-suited 7 programs to primarily achieve functional literacy of the students/CSNs and 8 ensure their integration to society. The full continuum of educational services 9 shall also be made available by the bureau to those CSNs below school age 10 through regular home visits, consultations, day care activities and any proper 11 12 medium or program.

The BSPED shall function as a regular Bureau of the DepEd under the
direct supervision of the department secretary and shall be headed by a director
and assistant director.

Three division chiefs shall serve as heads for the (1) gifted children division (GCD); (2) children with disabilities division (CDD); and the (3) special services and auxiliary aids division (SSAAD), and whose staff shall be equitably distributed in accordance with the current needs and concerns of their respective divisions. They shall assist the director in the formulation, implementation and improvement of the framework and components of the
 SPED program.

3 The Philippine Printing House for the Blind under the existing 4 organizational structure of the DepEd shall become part of the SSAAD and 5 shall take charge of the production of materials that convey information to a 6 student or otherwise contribute to the learning process.

7 SEC. 7. SPED Centers in Regular Schools. – At least one SPED center 8 for each school division and at least three SPED centers in big school divisions 9 shall be established in regular schools where there are no existing SPED 10 centers. These SPED centers shall be administered by the principal of the 11 regular school.

12 The SPED center shall function as the resource center for the 13 implementation of inclusive education that will accept all kinds of children on 14 regular schools. It shall (a) support CSNs integrated/included in regular 15 schools; (b) assist in the conduct of school-based training; (c) produce 16 appropriate teaching materials; and (d) conduct assessment of CSNs.

17 Each SPED center shall have specialized teachers who can handle 18 children and youth with special needs who may include, but shall not be 19 limited to those with visual impairment, hearing impairment, autism, learning 20 disabilities, behavioral problems, multiple disabilities, mental 21 retardation/handicap and mental giftedness.

Regular teachers currently handling SPED of CSNs shall henceforth be 1 classified as SPED teachers. 2

3 There shall be an assistant principal for each SPED center. He/she shall administer and supervise the alternative educational programs, early 4 5 intervention programs, monitoring, supervision and technical assistance and human resource training/SPED personnel enhancement programs, referral and 6 placement procedures, advisory services and other components of the SPED 7 program in his/her jurisdiction. He/she shall also be responsible for the 8 formation and supervision of placement committee under his/her jurisdiction as 9 well as in the resolution of disagreements on placement and services. 10

The SPED teachers and school administrators managing SPED centers 11 and special schools shall be assigned a salary grade which is three salary 12 grades higher than that of a regular teacher and school administrator 13 respectively. 14

SEC. 8. Other Personnel of SPED Centers. - One educational 15 16 psychologist or psychometrician, one physical therapist and one education supervisor for each city and province shall comprise the administrative core 17 and placement committee of the SPED unit in the area. They shall also be 18 jointly tasked to develop and maintain a data bank in SPED in their respective 19 The placement committee shall, among others, ensure that jurisdictions. 20 students with disabilities are educated as close as possible to their homes and 21

alongside their age-appropriate peer groups, and that these students attend their
 local schools or travel the shortest distance possible in the availment of
 educational services, in consultation with, and active participation of, parents.

4 SEC. 9. *Itinerant SPED Teachers.* – Itinerant SPED teachers shall also 5 be appointed whenever necessary. He/she shall assist isolated or remote 6 schools with specialized equipment, individual programs, curriculum 7 adjustment, teaching aids and building modifications.

8 SEC. 10. Authority of the Secretary of Education to Give Grants to, or 9 Enter Into Cooperative Arrangements for the Creation of SPED Centers. – 10 The Secretary of Education is hereby authorized to give grants to, or enter into 11 cooperative arrangements or contracts with public or private nonprofit 12 agencies, institutions or organizations for the establishment or creation of 13 SPED centers for CSNs: *Provided*, That a grant made pursuant to this Section 14 may be made only for the following or similar programs:

15 (a) Technical assistance of SPED centers providing educationalassistance for CSNs;

17 (b) Pre-service or in-service training of professionals or related18 services personnel preparing to serve or serving CSNs;

19 (c) Replication of successful innovative approaches to providing20 educational or related services to CSNs;

21 (d) Facilitation of parental involvement in the education of their CSNs;

(e) Diagnosis and educational evaluation of CSNs at risk of being
 certified CSNs;

- 3 (f) Consultative, counseling and training services for the families of
 4. CSNs; and
- 5 (g) Familiarization of the municipality or city to be served by a SPED
 6 center with the problems and potentialities of such children.
- 7 SEC. 11. Provision for Continuing Research to Identify Special Needs of CSNs. - The Bureau by itself or in association with such organizations or 8 9 institutions as determined by the DepEd Secretary to be appropriate, shall undertake continuing research to identify and design programs that shall meet 10 the full range of needs of the CSNs: *Provided*, That such continuing research 11 12 shall also be used to develop instructional techniques for use by the SPED centers that will improve the acquisition of CSNs of skills necessary for 13 transition to independent living, vocational training or competitive 14 development: Provided finally. That such continuing research shall further be 15 16 used to design physical education and therapeutic recreation program for use by the centers to increase the potential of CSNs for community participation. 17

18 SEC. 12. Student Assistance. – The Bureau shall provide financial 19 assistance to economically marginalized but deserving students with special 20 needs at the elementary and secondary levels including any post secondary or 21 tertiary education which may come in the form of scholarship grants,

transportation allowance, food allowance, board and lodging allowance, book allowance, student loan programs, artistic and cultural tours, training programs, subsidies and other incentives. Marginalized disabled persons and those coming from indigenous communities shall be the priority in the grant of the aforesaid assistance.

6 Special equipment like wheelchair, crutches, special toilet and hygiene 7 requirements, hearing aids, eyeglasses and such other assistive devices 8 required by the students to optimize education and participation in the 9 educational process shall also be provided for free and at discounted rates to 10 deserving students and at very affordable rates in general through a reasonable 11 funding scheme that shall be designed by the Bureau.

SEC. 13. Medical Assistance. - The Bureau shall prepare a scheme that 12 13 will ensure adequate and free medical assistance and intervention programs, including those essential to the student or child's rehabilitation like therapy, 14 psychometric assessments, medical examinations and the like with government 15 16 clinics, hospitals and other health facilities. In case the medical services are 17 not offered by the nearest or accessible government clinics, hospitals and other health facilities, or cannot be obtained by reason of critical immediacy or the 18 19 need to obtain a more specialized or advanced treatment. CSNs shall be entitled to a grant of twenty percent (20%) discount from the services of 20

private hospitals and clinics: *Provided*, That these private hospitals and clinics
 may claim the cost as tax credit.

3 SEC. 14. Nutritional Programs. - The nutritional programs for CSNs
4 shall be supervised by the National Nutrition Council (NNC) and the
5 Department of Health (DOH) in coordination with the LGU health officer.

SEC. 15. Establishment of Specialized Day Care Centers. - Day care 6 7 centers specially designed for preschool children and their parents, where early 8 identification of disabilities and special needs and introductory educational and 9 intervention programs will be administered, shall also be established near or 10 within existing SPED centers or those that will be created by the Bureau with 11 the support of the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD) 12 and LGU in the area. As far as practicable, existing day care centers and 13 facilities shall be maximized.

SEC. 16. Recreational and Artistic Opportunities. – The Bureau shall institute a program for students or CSNs needs to afford them full opportunities for safe and wholesome recreation and activities, individual as well as social, for the wholesome use of his leisure hours and for the advancement of their physical, mental, social and cultural development.

SEC. 17. Continuing Education and Assistance to Teachers/Instructors
 of Students with Special Needs. - The Bureau shall enhance the right of the
 teachers/instructors to professional advancement and ensure that the teaching

staff will attract the best available talents through adequate remuneration, scholarship and training grants, teacher exchange programs, incentives and allowances and other means of securing job satisfaction and fulfillment as well as their long and stable tenure in their respective posts. A similar program shall be designed for support personnel like interpreters, psychologists, social workers and others also involved in the education and rehabilitation of the child.

8 The Bureau shall identify at least one leading institution or university in 9 Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao whose faculty is considered or regarded as 10 highly competent in the area of SPED and where a uniform or standardized 11 curriculum for any post graduate studies education program shall be designed 12 to benefit SPED teachers and other personnel of SPED centers. The manner of 13 selection of such institution shall be provided under the Implementing Rules 14 and Regulations of this Act.

15 SEC. 18. Parent, Sibling and Caregiver Education. – There shall be a 16 formal training and counseling program for parents, siblings and caregivers of 17 CSNs for them to acquire a working knowledge of SPED, gain an 18 understanding of the psychology of CSNs, be aware of their crucial role as 19 educators and so that they maximize their knowledge and skills to attain the 20 optimum development of the potentials of the child.

SEC. 19. Special Instructional Materials. - Publishers shall grant to the 1 DepEd through the SSAAD the authority to transcribe adopted instructional 2 materials into Braille, large type and audio tape without penalty or payment of 3 royalty. Furthermore, on or before the second working day after the adoption 4. 5 of textbook titles by the DepEd, each publisher of newly adopted instructional materials shall provide computerized files as specified by the DepEd which 6 may be copied and distributed upon request, to a school division for 7 instructional purposes. 8 Copies of these instructional materials shall be furnished without cost to 9 either the student or teacher who is blind or visually impaired. The materials 10 are to be loaned to the public school district and are to be returned to SSAAD 11 when no longer needed. 12 SEC. 20. Incentives to Private Sector Participation. - Partnership 13 between the government and private institutions catering to the needs of 14 students/CSNs needs shall be encouraged. In this regard, the DepEd in 15 coordination with the Department of Finance (DOF), the Department of the 16 Interior and Local Government (DILG), the Department of Science and 17

Technology (DOST) and the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) shall

draw up a scheme to provide incentives that will include tax deductions, loan

assistance, and technological or scientific assistance and tax exemptions from

donor's tax on gifts or donations of real and personal properties of all kinds

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1	which shall be considered as allowable deductions from the gross income in
2	the computation of the income tax of the donor, in accordance with the
3	provisions of the National Internal Revenue Code (NIRC), as amended:
4	Provided, That such donations shall not be disposed of, transferred or sold.
5	SEC. 21. Local Government Unit Participation The LGUs shall be
6	responsible for the:
7	(a) Provision of buildings or centers and sites where there are no
8	existing school facilities that will house the SPED of children/students with
9	special needs, as well as the establishment of day care centers as mentioned in
10	Section 15;
11	(b) Organization of one parent-teacher association in every school in
12	their respective jurisdictions offering SPED to students/CSNs;
13	(c) Identification, coordination and the tapping of public or private
14	volunteers and private organizations, national or international, for information
15	dissemination campaigns, funding programs and other projects to augment the
16	funding for SPED programs and equipment, among others;
17	(d) Provision of counterpart funds for the training and seminars of
18	parents and teachers and nutritional programs for the students/CSNs in their
19	respective localities to be determined by the Bureau, in coordination with the
20	Department of Budget and Management (DBM) and the DOF.

1 SEC. 22. Public Information, Education and Communication. - A nationwide information dissemination campaign on the prevention, early 2 identification and intervention programs for CSNs shall be intensified. This 3 4. shall be the joint responsibility of the Philippine Information Agency (PIA), 5 the Council for the Welfare of Children (CWC) and the DepEd. The DepEd, 6 in collaboration with the DOH and the Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE), shall also disseminate materials and information concerning effective 7 8 practices in working with, training and educating CSNs. 9 SEC. 23. Appropriations. - The Secretary of the DepEd shall 10 immediately include in the Department's program the implementation of this Act, the funding of which shall be included in the annual General 11 12 Appropriations Act. 13 SEC. 24. Implementation. - The DepEd, through the BSPED, in coordination with the DILG, the DOH, the DOF, the CWC and National 14 15 Council for the Welfare of Disabled Persons (NCWDP), shall promulgate and 16 issue the necessary guidelines for the creation and operation of SPED centers 17 within sixty (60) days after the effectivity of this Act. 18 SEC. 25. Separability Clause. - If for any reason, a provision or part 19 hereof is declared invalid, other provisions not affected thereby shall remain in

20 full force and effect.

SEC. 26. Repealing Clause. - All laws, decrees, executive orders, rules
 and regulations contrary or inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are
 hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SEC. 27. Effectivity Clause. - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15)
days following its publication in two national newspapers of general
circulation.

Approved,

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