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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H. No. 5875

BY REPRESENTATIVES BELMONTE (F.), COLLANTES, APOSTOL, NOGRALES, RODRIGUEZ (R.), RODRIGUEZ (M.), PADILLA, PICHAY, OLIVAREZ, TEODORO, GATCHALIAN (W.), ZAMORA (M.), ALIPING, CUA, GUANLAO, PAGDILAO, LEE, TEJADA, OAMINAL, TAMBUNTING, PAEZ, UNGAB, ANGPING, VIOLAGO, LANETE, TAN (A.), DELOSO-MONTALLA, QUISUMBING, ACOP, ALEJANO, BATAOIL, GUTIERREZ, KATOH, ESCUDERO, NAVA (J.), ACHARON, ERIGUEL AND TREÑAS, PER COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 784

AN ACT AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 7653, ENTITLED "THE NEW CENTRAL BANK ACT"

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1 SECTION 1. Section 2 of Republic Act No. 7653, otherwise known as 2 "The New Central Bank Act", is hereby amended to read as follows: 3 "SEC. 2. Creation of the Bangko Sentral. - There is hereby 4 established an independent central monetary authority, which shall 5 be a body corporate known as the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas, 6 hereafter referred to as the Bangko Sentral. 7 "The capital of the Bangko Sentral shall be [Fifty]TWO 8 HUNDRED billion pesos (P[50,]200,000,000,000), to be fully 9 subscribed by the Government of the Republic, hereafter referred 10 to as the Government[,]. [Ten billion pesos (P10,000,000,000) of

which THE UNPAID SUBSCRIPTION shall be fully paid for by the

Government in Cash and/or government securities upon effectivity of this Act. The capitalization shall be subject to review every five (5) years upon joint recommendation by the Secretary of Finance, the Secretary of Budget and Management and the Monetary Board. The payment of any unpaid subscription and/or increase in capitalization shall be appropriated in the annual General appropriations Act [upon the effectivity of this Act and the balance to be paid for within a period of two (2) years from the effectivity of this Act in such manner and form as the Government, through the Secretary of Finance and the Secretary of Budget and Management, may thereafter determine]."

SEC. 2. Section 3 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 3. Responsibility and Primary Objective, - The Bangko Sentral shall provide policy directions in the areas of money, banking, and credit. It shall have supervision over the operations of banks and exercise such regulatory powers as provided in this Act and other pertinent laws over the operations of finance companies and non-bank financial institutions performing quasi-banking functions, [hereafter referred to as quasi-banks,] CREDIT CARD COMPANIES, MONEY CHANGING BUSINESSES, PAWNSHOPS. ISSUERS. MONEY E-MONEY FORWARDING BUSINESSES, PAYMENT AND SETTLEMENT SYSTEM OPERATORS and OTHER institutions performing similar functions, AS MAY BE DETERMINED BY THE MONETARY BOARD, CONSISTENT WITH THE MANDATE OF THE BANGKO SENTRAL TO PROVIDE

1	POLICY DIRECTION IN THE AREAS OF MONEY, BANKING AND
2	CREDIT.
3	"The primary objective of the Bangko Sentral is to maintain
4	price stability conducive to a balanced and sustainable growth of
5	the economy. It shall also promote and maintain monetary AND
6	FINANCIAL stability and the convertibility of the peso.
7	"THE BANGKO SENTRAL SHALL OVERSEE THE PAYMENT AND
8	SEITLEMENT SYSTEMS IN THE PHILIPPINES IN ACCORDANCE
9	WITH SOUND AND PRUDENT PRACTICES. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS
10	ACT, A PAYMENT AND SETTLEMENT SYSTEM SHALL REFER TO
11	ANY SYSTEM THAT CONSISTS OF A SET OF INSTRUMENTS AND
12	ARRANGEMENTS THAT ENSURES THE EFFICIENT CIRCULATION OF
13	MONEY AND SAFE TRANSFER OF FINANCIAL VALUES."
14	SEC. 3. Section 11 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
15	follows:
16	"SEC. 11. Meetings The Monetary Board shall meet at
17	least once a week. The Board may be called to a meeting by the
18	Governor of the Bangko Sentral or by two (2) other members of
19	the Board.
20	"The presence of four (4) members shall constitute a quorum:
21	Provided, That in all cases the Governor or his duly designated
22	alternate shall be among the four (4).
23	"Unless otherwise provided in this Act, all decisions of the
24	Monetary Board shall require the concurrence of at least four (4)
25	members.
26	"The Bangko Sentral shall maintain and preserve a complete
27	record of the proceedings and deliberations of the Monetary Board,
28	including the tapes and transcripts of the stenographic notes, either
29	in their original form or in microfilm.

as

1	"THE MEETINGS OF THE MONETARY BOARD MAY BE
2	CONDUCTED THROUGH MODERN TECHNOLOGIES SUCH AS
3	TELECONFERENCING AND VIDEOCONFERENCING."
4	SEC. 4. Section 16 of the same Act is hereby amended to read
5	follows:
6	"Sec. 16. Responsibility THE GENERAL RULE AND THE
7	EXCEPTION THEREFROM ON THE LIABILITY OF PUBLIC OFFICERS
8	AS PROVIDED IN SECTIONS 38 AND 39 OF CHAPTER 9, BOOK 1 OF
9	THE REVISED ADMINISTRATIVE CODE OF 1987 SHALL APPLY TO
10	[M] members of the Monetary Board[, officials, examiners, and
11	employees] AND OTHER PERSONNEL of the Bangko Sentral [who
12	willfully violate this Act or who are guilty of negligence, abuses or
13	acts of malfeasance or misfeasance or fail to exercise extraordinary
14	diligence in the performance of his duties shall be held liable for
15	any loss or injury suffered by the Bangko Sentral or other banking
16	institutions as a result of such violation, negligence, abuse,
17	malfeasance, misfeasance or failure to exercise extraordinary
18	diligence].
19	"Similar responsibility shall apply to members, officers, and
20	employees of the Bangko Sentral for: (1) the disclosure of any
21	information of a confidential nature, or any information on the
22	discussions or resolutions of the Monetary Board, or about the
23	confidential operations of the Bangko Sentral, unless the disclosure
24	is in connection with the performance of official functions with the
25	Bangko Sentral, or is with prior authorization of the Monetary
26	Board or the Governor; or (2) the use of such information for

personal gain or to the detriment of the Government, the Bangko

Sentral or third parties: Provided, however, That any data or

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1	information required to be submitted to the President and/or the
2	Congress, or to be published under the provisions of this Act shall
3	not be considered confidential.
4	"THE BANGKO SENTRAL, ITS OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES
5	SHALL BE INDEMNIFIED FOR ANY AND ALL LIABILITIES, LOSSES,
6	CLAIMS, DEMANDS, DAMAGES, DEFICIENCIES, COSTS AND
7	EXPENSES OF WHATSOEVER KIND AND NATURE THAT MAY ARISE
8	IN CONNECTION WITH THE PERFORMANCE OF THEIR DUTIES
9	DONE IN GOOD FAITH AND CONSISTENT WITH THE POWERS AND
10	FUNCTIONS AUTHORIZED."
1	SEC. 5. Section 21 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
12	follows:
13	"SEC. 21. Deputy Governors The Governor of the Bangko
14	Sentral, with the approval of the Monetary Board, shall appoint not
15	more than [three (3)] FIVE (5) Deputy Governors who shall
16	perform duties as may be assigned to them by the Governor and
17	the Board.
18	"In the absence of the Governor, a Deputy Governor
19	designated by the Governor shall act as chief executive of the
20	Bangko Sentral and shall exercise the powers and perform the
21	duties of the Governor. Whenever the Governor is unable to attend
22	meetings of government boards or councils in which [he] THE
23	GOVERNOR is an ex officio member pursuant to provisions of
24	special laws, a Deputy Governor as may be designated by the
25	Governor shall be vested with authority to participate and exercise
26	the right to vote in such meetings."
27	SEC. 6. Section 23 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
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"SEC. 23. Authority to Obtain Data and Information. - The Bangko Sentral shall have the authority to [request] REQUIRE from ANY PERSON OR ENTITY, INCLUDING government offices and instrumentalities. or government-owned or -controlled corporations, any data [which it may require for] OR INFORMATION FOR STATISTICAL AND POLICY DEVELOPMENT PURPOSES IN RELATION TO the proper discharge of its functions and responsibilities. The Bangko Sentral through the Governor or in his absence, a duly authorized representative shall have the power to issue a subpoena for the production of the books and records for the aforesaid purpose. Those who refuse the subpoena without justifiable cause, or who refuse to supply the bank with data requested or required, shall be subject to punishment for contempt in accordance with the provisions of the Rules of Court.l: PROVIDED. THAT DISAGGREGATED DATA INFORMATION GATHERED ARE SUBJECT TO PREVAILING CONFIDENTIALITY LAWS.

"Data OR INFORMATION on individuals [firms,] AND ENTITIES, other than banks, gathered by the [Department of Economic Research and other departments or units of the] Bangko Sentral shall not be made available to any person or entity outside of the Bangko Sentral whether public or private. [except under order of the court or under such conditions as may be prescribed by the Monetary Board: Provided, however, That the] INDIVIDUAL OR FIRM-LEVEL DATA OR INFORMATION FURNISHED BY A RESPONDENT TO A STATISTICAL INQUIRY OR SURVEY SHALL BE CONSIDERED PRIVILEGED COMMUNICATION AND SHALL BE INADMISSIBLE AS EVIDENCE IN ANY COURT PROCEEDINGS. DATA

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OR INFORMATION GATHERED SHALL BE SUBJECT TO PREVAILING DEPOSIT SECRECY LAWS. HOWEVER, collective data OR INFORMATION on [firms] ENTITIES may be released to interested persons or entities IN WHICH NO REFERENCE TO AN INDIVIDUAL, CORPORATION, ASSOCIATION, PARTNERSHIP, INSTITUTION OR BUSINESS ENTERPRISE SHALL APPEAR: Provided, [finally,] That in the case of data OR INFORMATION on banks, the provisions of Section 27 of this Act shall apply. Consistent with the PREVAILING PRACTICE IN THE PHILIPPINE STATISTICAL SYSTEM. THOSE WHO REFUSE TO SUPPLY THE BANGKO SENTRAL WITH THE REQUIRED DATA OR INFORMATION SHALL BE SUBJECT TO A PENALTY OF ONE (1) YEAR IMPRISONMENT AND A FINE OF ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P100,000). IN CASES WHERE THE VIOLATION IS DONE BY A CORPORATION, THE ABOVE PENALTY SHALL BE IMPOSED AGAINST THE RESPONSIBLE OFFICER, DIRECTOR, MANAGER AND/OR AGENT OF SAID CORPORATION. IN ADDITION, SUCH ERRING CORPORATION OR ANY OTHER JURIDICAL ENTITY, DEPENDING ON THE CATEGORY OF THE ENTERPRISE OR BUSINESS CONCERNED WHETHER SMALL, MEDIUM OR LARGE, SHALL BE IMPOSED A FINE RANGING FROM ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P100,000) TO FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P500,000).

"ANY PERSON, INCLUDING PARTIES WITHIN THE MONETARY BOARD AND THE BANGKO SENTRAL, WHO BREACH THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF DATA OR INFORMATION, WHETHER BY IMPROPER BEHAVIOR, BEHAVIOR WITH MALICIOUS INTENT, OR USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION FOR PROFIT ARE CONSIDERED GUILTY OF OFFENSE AND SHALL BE LIABLE TO A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN FIVE THOUSAND PESOS (P5,000) NOR

1	MORE THAN TEN THOUSAND PESOS (P10,000) OR IMPRISONMENT
2	OF NOT LESS THAN THREE (3) MONTHS NOR MORE THAN ONE (1)
3	YEAR, OR BOTH, SUBJECT TO THE DEGREE OF BREACH OF
4	INFORMATION, AT THE DISCRETION OF THE COURT."
5	SEC. 7. Section 25 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
6	follows:
7	"SEC. 25. Supervision and Examination. – The Bangko
8	Sentral shall have supervision over, and conduct periodic or
9	special examinations of, banking institutions and quasi-banks,
10	including their subsidiaries and affiliates [engaged in allied
11	activities].
12	"THE BANGKO SENTRAL SHALL HAVE REGULATORY
13	AUTHORITY OVER, AND CONDUCT REGULAR OR SPECIAL
14	EXAMINATIONS OF, ENTITIES WHICH UNDER THIS ACT OR BY
15	SPECIAL LAWS ARE SUBJECT TO ITS JURISDICTION.
16	"For purposes of this section, a subsidiary means a corporation
17	more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting stock of which is
18	owned by a bank or quasi-bank and an affiliate means a
19	corporation the voting stock of which, to the extent of fifty percent
20	(50%) or less, is owned by a bank or quasi-bank or which is related
21	or linked to such [institution] ENTITY or intermediary through
22	common stockholders or such other factors as may be determined
23	by the Monetary Board.
24	"The department heads and the examiners of the supervising
25	and/or examining departments are hereby authorized to administer
26	oaths to any director, officer, or employee of any [institution]
27	ENTITY under their respective supervision or subject to their

examination, [and] to compel the presentation of all books,

documents, papers or records necessary in their judgment to ascertain the facts relative to the true condition of any [institution] ENTITY as well as the books and records of persons and entities relative to or in connection with the operations, activities or transactions of the [institution] ENTITY under examination[, subject to the provision of existing laws protecting or safeguarding the secrecy or confidentiality of bank deposits as well as investments of private persons, natural or juridical, in debt instruments issued by the Government] AND TO INQUIRE INTO BANK DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS IN THE COURSE OF AN EXAMINATION IN ORDER TO ASCERTAIN COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND BANKING REGULATIONS.

"No restraining order or injunction shall be issued by the court enjoining the Bangko Sentral from examining any [institution] ENTITY subject to supervision or examination by the Bangko Sentral, unless there is convincing proof that the action of the Bangko Sentral is plainly arbitrary and made in bad faith and the petitioner or plaintiff files with the clerk or judge of the court in which the action is pending a bond executed in favor of the Bangko Sentral, in an amount to be fixed by the court. The provisions of Rule 58 of the New Rules of Court insofar as they are applicable and not inconsistent with the provisions of this section shall govern the issuance and dissolution of the restraining order or injunction contemplated in this section."

SEC. 8. Λ new Section 25-A is hereby inserted in the same Act to read as follows:

"SEC. 25-A. Transfer of Shares. - Transfers or acquisitions, or a series thereof, of at least ten

I	PERCENT (10%) OF VOTING RIGHTS IN BANKS OR QUASI-BANKS
2	SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE BANGKO SENTRAL WITHIN SUCH
3	PERIOD AS MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY THE MONETARY BOARD.
4	PRIOR TO SUCH NOTIFICATION, NO SUCH TRANSFER OR
5	ACQUISITION SHALL HAVE LEGAL EFFECT NOR SHALL THE SAME
6	BE RECOGNIZED IN THE BOOKS OF THE ENTITY OR BY ANY
7	GOVERNMENT AGENCY, AND THE TRANSFEROR – STOCKHOLDERS
8	SHALL REMAIN ACCOUNTABLE AND RESPONSIBLE THEREFOR.
9	TRANSFER OF ACTUAL CONTROL OR MANAGEMENT OF THE
10	ENTITY TO THE NEW STOCKHOLDERS OR THEIR
11	REPRESENTATIVES PRIOR TO NOTIFICATION SHALL MAKE THE
12	TRANSFEROR, THE TRANSFEREE AND ANY PERSON RESPONSIBLE
13	THEREFOR, LIABLE UNDER SECTIONS 36 AND 37 OF THIS ACT.
14	NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY,
15	THE BANGKO SENTRAL MAY SHARE WITH THE PHILIPPINE
16	DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION ANY INFORMATION THAT
17	THE BANGKO SENTRAL MAY OBTAIN PERTAINING TO TRANSFER
18	OR ACQUISITION OF SHARES OR SERIES OF TRANSFERS OR
19	ACQUISITION OF SHARES IN BANKS AND QUASI-BANKS."
20	SEC. 9. Section 28 of the same Act is hereby amended to read
21	follows:

as follows:

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"SEC. 28. Examination and Fees. - The supervising and examining department head, personally or by deputy, shall examine the [books] OPERATIONS of every bank ing institution once in every twelve (12) months, and at such other times as the Monetary Board by an affirmative vote of five (5) members, may deem expedient and to make a report on the same to the Monetary Board: AND QUASI-BANK, INCLUDING THEIR SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATES AND OTHER ENTITIES WHICH UNDER THIS ACT OR

SPECIAL LAWS ARE SUBJECT TO BANGKO SENTRAL SUPERVISION, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GUIDELINES SET BY THE MONETARY BOARD TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION SOUND AND PRUDENT PRACTICES: Provided, That there shall be an interval of at least twelve (12) months between [annual] REGULAR examinations[.]: PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT THE MONETARY BOARD, BY AN AFFIRMATIVE VOTE OF AT LEAST FIVE (5) MEMBERS, MAY AUTHORIZE A SPECIAL EXAMINATION IF THE CIRCUMSTANCES WARRANT,

"The [bank] INSTITUTION concerned shall afford to the head of the appropriate supervising and examining departments and to [his] THE authorized deputies full opportunity to examine its books AND RECORDS, cash and [available] assets and general condition AND REVIEW ITS SYSTEMS AND PROCEDURES at any time during [banking] BUSINESS hours when requested to do so by the Bangko Sentral: Provided, however, That none of the reports and other papers relative to such examinations shall be open to inspection by the public except insofar as such publicity is incidental to the proceedings hereinafter authorized or is necessary for the prosecution of violations in connection with the business of such institutions.

"[Banking and quasi-banking institutions which are subject to examination by the *Bangko Sentral*] SUPERVISED INSTITUTIONS shall pay to the *Bangko Sentral*, [within the first thirty (30) days of] NO LATER THAN MAY 31 OF each year, an annual SUPERVISION fee [in an amount equal to a percentage] as may be prescribed by the Monetary Board. [of its average total assets

1	during the preceding year as shown on its end-of-month
2	balance sheets, after deducting cash on hand and amounts due from
3	banks, including the Bangko Sentral and banks abroad.]
4	In determining the annual supervision fee, the
5	MONETARY BOARD SHALL CONSIDER THE COST OF
6	SUPERVISION."
7	SEC. 10. A new Section 28-A is hereby inserted in the same Act to
8	read as follows:
9	"SEC. 28-A. BANGKO SENTRAL COORDINATION THE
10	SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF ANY GOVERNMENT LICENSE
11	NECESSARY FOR THE OPERATION OF A BANGKO SENTRAL-
12	SUPERVISED ENTITY MUST BE DONE ONLY WITH PRIOR
13	NOTIFICATION TO THE BANGKO SENTRAL."
14	SEC. 11. Section 30 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
15	follows:
16	"SEC. 30. Proceedings in Receivership and Liquidation
17	Whenever, upon report of the head of the supervising or examining
18	department, the Monetary Board finds that a bank, [or] quasi-bank
19	OR NON-BANK FINANCIAL INSTITUTION:
20	"(a) HAS NOTIFIED THE BANGKO SENTRAL OR PUBLICLY
21	ANNOUNCED A UNILATERAL CLOSURE, OR HAS BEEN DORMANT
22	FOR AT LEAST SIXTY (60) DAYS OR IN ANY MANNER HAS
23	SUSPENDED THE PAYMENT OF ITS DEPOSIT/DEPOSIT SUBSTITUTE
24	LIABILITIES, OR is unable to pay its liabilities as they become due
25	in the ordinary course of business: Provided, That this shall not
26	include inability to pay caused by extraordinary demands induced
27	by financial panic in the banking community; OR
28	"(b) has insufficient realizable assets, as determined by the
29	Bangko Sentral, to meet its liabilities; or

"(c) cannot continue in business without involving probable losses to its depositors or creditors; or
"(d) has willfully violated a cease and desist order under Section 37 that has become final, involving acts or transactions which amount to fraud or a dissipation of the assets of the institution; in which cases, the Monetary Board may summarily and without need for prior hearing forbid the institution from doing

institution; in which cases, the Monetary Board may summarily and without need for prior hearing forbid the institution from doing business in the Philippines and, IN CASE OF BANKING INSTITUTIONS, designate the Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation (PDIC) as receiver [of the banking institution] AND DIRECT THE PDIC TO PROCEED WITH THE LIQUIDATION OF CLOSED BANKING INSTITUTION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND THE RELEVANT PROVISIONS OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 3591, AS AMENDED. THE MONETARY BOARD SHALL NOTIFY IN WRITING

"[For a quasi-bank, any person of recognized competence in banking or finance may be designated as receiver.] THE RECEIVER FOR QUASI-BANKS AND NON-BANK FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS SHALL BE DESIGNATED BY THE MONETARY BOARD.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE CLOSED BANK OF THE

MONETARY BOARD'S FINDINGS.

"The receiver shall immediately gather and take charge of all the assets and liabilities of the institution, administer the same for the benefit of its creditors, DEPOSIT OR PLACE THE FUNDS OF THE INSTITUTION IN NONSPECULATIVE INVESTMENTS, PAY ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES and exercise the general powers of a receiver under the Revised Rules of Court [but shall not, with the exception of administrative expenditures, pay or commit any act

that will involve the transfer or disposition of any asset of the institution: *Provided*, That the receiver may deposit or place the funds of the institution in nonspeculative investments]. The receiver OF QUASI-BANKS AND NON-BANK FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS shall determine as soon as possible, but not later than ninety (90) days from take-over, whether [the] SUCH institution may be rehabilitated or otherwise placed in such a condition so that it may be permitted to resume business with safety to its [depositors and] creditors and the general public: *Provided*, That any determination for the resumption of business of the institution shall be subject to prior approval of the Monetary Board.

"IN ORDER TO REHABILITATE THE CLOSED INSTITUTION OR TO RESTORE ITS OPERATIONS WITH SAFETY TO ITS CREDITORS AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC, OR TO MERGE OR CONSOLIDATE THE CLOSED INSTITUTION WITH ANOTHER QUALIFIED INSTITUTION, THE RECEIVER OF BANKS, QUASI-BANKS AND OTHER NON-BANK FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS MAY IMMEDIATELY TRANSFER OR DISPOSE OF ANY OR ALL OF THE ASSETS OF THE CLOSED INSTITUTION, CAUSE QUASI-REORGANIZATION OF THE INSTITUTION, AND SUCH OTHER ACTS AS MAY BE AUTHORIZED BY LAW.

If the receiver OF BANKS, QUASI-BANKS AND OTHER NON-BANK FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS determines that the institution cannot be rehabilitated or permitted to resume business in accordance with the next preceding paragraph, the Monetary Board shall notify in writing the board of directors of [its] THE RECEIVER'S findings and direct the receiver to proceed with the liquidation of the institution. The receiver ACTING AS THE

LIQUIDATOR OF BANKS, QUASI-BANKS AND OTHER NON-BANK FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS shall:

"(1) file ex parte with the proper regional trial court, and without requirement of prior notice or any other action, a petition for assistance in the liquidation of the institution pursuant to a liquidation plan [adopted by the Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation for general application to all closed banks] PREPARED BY THE RECEIVER AND ADOPTED BY THE MONETARY BOARD. [In case of quasi-banks, the liquidation plan shall be adopted by the Monetary Board. Upon acquiring jurisdiction, the court shall, upon motion by the receiver after due notice,] THE COURT SHALL HAVE EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION TO adjudicate disputed claims against the institution, assist the enforcement of individual liabilities of the stockholders, directors and officers, and decide on other issues as may be material to implement the liquidation plan adopted. The receiver shall pay the cost of the proceedings from the assets of the institution.

"(2) convert the assets of the institution to money, dispose of the same to creditors and other parties, for the purpose of paying the debts of such institution in accordance with the rules on concurrence and preference of credit under the Civil Code of the Philippines and he may, in the name of the institution, and with the assistance of counsel as he may retain, institute such actions as may be necessary to collect and recover accounts and assets of, or defend any action against, the institution. The assets of an institution under receivership or liquidation shall be deemed in custodia legis in the hands of the receiver and shall, from the moment the institution was placed under such receivership or

liquidation, be exempt from any order of garnishment, levy, attachment, or execution.

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"The actions of the Monetary Board taken under this section or under Section 29 of this Act shall be final and executory, and may not be restrained or set aside by the court except on petition for *certiorari* on the ground that the action taken was in excess of jurisdiction or with such grave abuse of discretion as to amount to lack or excess of jurisdiction. The petition for *certiorari* may only be filed by the stockholders of record representing the majority of the capital stock within ten (10) days from receipt by the board of directors of the institution of the order directing receivership, liquidation or conservatorship.

"The designation of a conservator under Section 29 of this Act or the appointment of a receiver under this section shall be vested exclusively with the Monetary Board. Furthermore, the designation of a conservator is not a precondition to the designation of a receiver."

SEC. 12. Section 34 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 34. Refusal to Make Reports or Permit Examination.

- Any officer, owner, agent, manager, director or officer-in-charge of any institution [subject to the supervision or examination by the Bangko Sentral within the purview of this Act] who, being required in writing by the Monetary Board or by the head of the supervising and examining department, WITHIN THE PURVIEW OF THIS ACT AND RELEVANT LAWS, willfully refuses to file the required report or permit any lawful examination into the affairs of such institution shall be punished by a fine of not less than Fifty

thousand pesos (P50,000) nor more than [One hundred thousand
pesos (P100,000)] Two million pesos (P2,000,000) or by
imprisonment of not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5)
years, or both, [in] AT the discretion of the court."
SEC. 13. Section 35 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
follows:
"SEC. 35. False Statement The willful making of a false
or misleading statement on a material fact to the Monetary Board
or to the examiners of the Bangko Sentral shall be punished by a
fine of not less than One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000) nor
more than [Two hundred thousand pesos (P200,000)] Two
MILLION PESOS (P2,000,000), or by imprisonment of not more
than five (5) years, or both, at the discretion of the court."
SEC. 14. Section 36 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
follows:
"SEC. 36. Proceedings Upon Violation of This Act and Other
Banking Laws, Rules, Regulations, Orders or Instructions
Whenever a bank, [or] quasi-bank, OR OTHER ENTITY WHICH
UNDER THIS ACT OR SPECIAL LAWS IS SUBJECT TO BANGKO
SENTRAL SUPERVISION or whenever any person or entity willfully
violates this Act or other pertinent banking laws being enforced or
implemented by the Bangko Sentral or any order, instruction, rule
or regulation issued by the Monetary Board, the person or persons
responsible for such violation shall unless otherwise provided in
this Act be punished by a fine of not less than Fifty thousand pesos
(P50,000) nor more than Two hundred thousand pesos
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imprisonment of not less than two (2) years nor more than ten (10) years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

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"Whenever AN ENTITY UNDER BANGKO SENTRAL SUPERVISION [a bank or quasi-bank] persists in carrying on its business in an unlawful or unsafe manner, the Board may, without prejudice to the penalties provided in the preceding paragraph of this section and the administrative sanctions provided in Section 37 of this Act, take action under Section 30 of this Act."

SEC. 15. Section 37 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 37. Administrative Sanctions on Banks and Ouasi-banks | SUPERVISED ENTITIES. - Without prejudice to the criminal sanctions against the culpable persons provided in Sections 34, 35, and 36 of this Act, the Monetary Board may, at its discretion, impose upon any bank or quasi-bank, INCLUDING THEIR SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATES, OR OTHER ENTITIES WHICH UNDER THIS ACT OR SPECIAL LAWS ARE SUBJECT TO THE BANGKO SENTRAL SUPERVISION, AND their directors, [and/or] officers OR EMPLOYEES, for any willful violation of its charter or bylaws, willful delay in the submission of reports or publications thereof as required by law, rules and regulations; any refusal to permit examination into the affairs of the [institution] ENTITY; any willful making of a false or misleading statement to the Board or the appropriate supervising and examining department or its examiners: any willful failure or refusal to comply with, or violation of, any banking law or any order, instruction or regulation issued by the Monetary Board, or any order, instruction or ruling by the Governor; or any commission of irregularities,

1	and/or conducting business in an unsafe or unsound manner as may
2	be determined by the Monetary Board, the following
3	administrative sanctions, whenever applicable:
4	"(a) fines in amounts as may be determined by the Monetary
5	Board to be appropriate, but in no case to exceed [Thirty thousand
6	pesos (P30,000)] ONE MILLION PESOS (P1,000,000) FOR EACH
7	TRANSACTIONAL VIOLATION OR ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND
8	PESOS (P100,000) PER BANKING [a] day for each CONTINUING
9	violation, taking into consideration the attendant circumstances,
10	such as the nature and gravity of the violation or irregularity and
11	the size of the [bank or quasi-bank] ENTITY: PROVIDED, THAT IN
12	CASE PROFIT IS GAINED OR LOSS IS AVOIDED AS A RESULT OF THE
13	VIOLATION, A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN THREE (3) TIMES THE
14	PROFIT GAINED OR LOSS AVOIDED MAY BE IMPOSED;
15	(b) suspension of rediscounting privileges or access to
16	Bangko Sentral credit facilities;
17	(c) suspension of lending or foreign exchange operations or
18	authority to accept new deposits or make new investments;
19	(d) suspension of interbank clearing privileges; and/or
20	(e) SUSPENSION OR revocation of quasi-banking OR OTHER
21	SPECIAL licenses.
22	"Resignation or termination from office shall not exempt such
23	director, [or] officer OR EMPLOYEE from administrative or
24	criminal sanctions.
25	"The Monetary Board may, whenever warranted by
26	circumstances, preventively suspend any director or officer of
27	[a bank or quasi-bank] THE ENTITY pending an investigation:
28	Provided, That should the case be not finally decided by the

Bangko Sentral within a period of one hundred twenty (120) days after the date of suspension, said director or officer shall be reinstated in his position: *Provided, further*, That when the delay in the disposition of the case is due to the fault, negligence or petition of the director or officer, the period of delay shall not be counted in computing the period of suspension herein provided.

"The above administrative sanctions need not be applied in the order of their severity.

"Whether or not there is an administrative proceeding, if the [institution] ENTITY and/or the directors, [and/or] officers AND/OR EMPLOYEES concerned continue with or otherwise persist in the commission of the indicated practice or violation, the Monetary Board may issue an order requiring the [institution] ENTITY and/or the directors, and/or officers AND/OR EMPLOYEES concerned to cease and desist from the indicated practice or violation, and may further order that immediate action be taken to correct the conditions resulting from such practice or violation. The cease and desist order shall be immediately effective upon service on the respondents.

"The respondents shall be afforded an opportunity to defend their action in a hearing before the Monetary Board or any committee chaired by any Monetary Board member created for the purpose, upon request made by the respondents within five (5) days from their receipt of the order. If no such hearing is requested within said period, the order shall be final. If a hearing is conducted, all issues shall be determined on the basis of records, after which the Monetary Board may either reconsider or make final its order.

I	"The Governor is hereby authorized, at his discretion, to
2	impose upon [banking institutions,] BANKS AND QUASI-BANKS,
3	INCLUDING THEIR SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATES, AND OTHER
4	ENTITIES WHICH UNDER SPECIAL LAWS ARE SUBJECT TO BANGKO
5	SENTRAL SUPERVISION for any failure to comply with the
6	requirements of law, Monetary Board regulations and policies,
7	and/or instructions issued by the Monetary Board or by the
8	Governor, fines not in excess of [Ten thousand pesos (P10,000)]
9	ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P100,000) FOR EACH
10	TRANSACTIONAL VIOLATION OR THIRTY THOUSAND PESOS
11	(P30,000) PER BANKING [a] day for each CONTINUING violation,
12	the imposition of which shall be final and executory until reversed,
13	modified or lifted by the Monetary Board on appeal."
14	SEC. 16. A new Section 38-A is hereby inserted in the same Act to
15	read as follows:
16	"SEC. 38-A. ISSUANCE OF PROVISIONAL REMEDIES AGAINST
17	BANGKO SENTRAL ACTIONS NO COURT, OTHER THAN THE
18	COURT OF APPEALS AND THE SUPREME COURT, SHALL ISSUE
19	ANY TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER, PRELIMINARY
20	INJUNCTION OR PRELIMINARY MANDATORY INJUNCTION
21	AGAINST THE BANGKO SENTRAL FOR ANY ACTION UNDER THIS
22	Аст.
23	"ANY RESTRAINING ORDER OR INJUNCTION ISSUED IN
24	VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION IS VOID AND OF NO FORCE AND
25	EFFECT.
26	"The provisions of Rule 58 of the 1997 Rules on Civil
27	PROCEDURE INSOFAR AS THEY ARE APPLICABLE AND NOT
28	INCONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT SHALL
29	GOVERN THE ISSUANCE AND DISSOLUTION OF THE

1	RESTRAINING ORDER OR INJUNCTION AGAINST THE BANGKO
2	SENTRAL."
3	SEC. 17. Section 43 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
4	follows:
5	"SEC. 43. Computation of Profits and Losses Within
6	the first thirty (30) days following the end of each year, the Bangko
7	Sentral shall determine its net profits or losses. [In the calculation
8	of net profits, the Bangko Sentral shall make adequate allowance
9	or establish adequate reserves for bad and doubtful accounts.]
10	NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY,
11	THE NET PROFIT OF THE BANGKO SENTRAL SHALL BE
12	DETERMINED AFTER ALLOWING FOR EXPENSES OF OPERATION,
13	ADEQUATE ALLOWANCES AND PROVISIONS FOR BAD AND
14	DOUBTFUL DEBTS, DEPRECIATION IN ASSETS, AND SUCH OTHER
15	ALLOWANCES AND CONTINGENCIES OR PURPOSES AS THE
16	MONETARY BOARD MAY DETERMINE IN ACCORDANCE WITH
17	PRUDENT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT."
18	SEC. 18. A new Section 43-A is hereby inserted in the same Act to
19	read as follows:
20	"SEC. 43-A. BANGKO SENTRAL RESERVE FUND THE
21	BANGKO SENTRAL SHALL ESTABLISH A RESERVE FUND TO
22	MITIGATE FUTURE RISKS AND CONTINGENCIES INHERENT IN
23	CARRYING OUT THE BANGKO SENTRAL-MANDATED FUNCTIONS AS
24	CENTRAL MONETARY AUTHORITY. THE RESERVE FUND SHALL
25	CONSIST OF FLUCTUATION RESERVE, CONTINGENCY RESERVE
26	AND SUCH OTHER RESERVES AS THE MONETARY BOARD DEEMS
27	PRUDENT OR NECESSARY.
28	"THE FLUCTUATION RESERVE SHALL COVER LOSSES FROM
29	EXCHANGE RATE AND PRICE VOLATILITY AND SHALL BE DERIVED

1	FROM THE NET PROFITS BEFORE DISTRIBUTION, AS PROVIDED
2	under Section 44 of this Act. All other reserve funds
3	SHALL BE SOURCED FROM SURPLUS."
4	SEC. 19. Section 45 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
5	follows:
6	"SEC. 45. Revaluation Profits and Losses UNREALIZED
7	[P]Profits or losses arising from any revaluation of the Bangko
8	Sentral's [net] assets, [or] liabilities OR DERIVATIVE
9	INSTRUMENTS DENOMINATED in [gold or] foreign currencies with
10	respect to the MOVEMENTS OF PRICES AND EXCHANGE RATES
11	FROM THIRD CURRENCIES TO Philippine peso shall not be
12	included in the computation of the annual profits and losses of the
13	Bangko Sentral. Any profit[s] or loss[es] arising in this manner
14	shall be offset by any amounts which, as a consequence of such
15	revaluations, are owed by the Philippines to any international or
16	regional intergovernmental financial institution of which the
17	Philippines is a member or are owed by these institutions to the
18	Philippines. Any remaining UNREALIZED profit or loss shall be
19	carried in a special frozen account which shall be named
20	"Revaluation of International Reserve (RIR)", and the net balance
21	of which shall appear either among the liabilities or among the
22	assets of the Bangko Sentral, depending on whether the
23	revaluations have produced net profits or net losses.
24	"The [Revaluation of International Reserve] RIR account
25	shall be [neither] credited [nor] OR debited [for any purposes
26	other than those specifically authorized in this section.] ONLY FOR
27	THE PERIODIC REVALUATION AS AUTHORIZED IN THIS SECTION

AND TO REFLECT THE CORRESPONDING ADJUSTMENT RESULTING

1	TO REDUCTION IN THE BANGKO SENTRAL'S NET FOREIGN
2	ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FOREIGN CURRENCY-DENOMINATED
3	DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS. THE RIR SHALL BE ADJUSTED AND
4	RECOGNIZED IN THE INCOME STATEMENT UPON SALE OF GOLD
5	AND FOREIGN SECURITIES, OR WHEN THE FOREIGN CURRENCY IS
6	REPATRIATED TO LOCAL CURRENCY OR IS USED TO PAY FOREIGN
7 8	OBLIGATIONS OR UPON MATURITY OF A FOREIGN CURRENCY- DENOMINATED FORWARD OR OPTION CONTRACT INVOLVING
9	THE PHILIPPINE PESO."
10	SEC. 20. Section 61 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
11	follows:
12	"SEC. 61. Guiding Principle [The Monetary Board shall
13	endeavor to control any expansion or contraction in monetary
14	aggregates which is prejudicial to the attainment or maintenance of
15	price stability.] THE MONETARY BOARD SHALL REGULARLY
16	ASSESS PRICE DEVELOPMENTS AND OUTLOOK AND, BASED ON ITS
17	ANALYSIS AND EVALUATION OF INFLATIONARY PRESSURES, USE
18	ITS POLICY INSTRUMENTS TO ATTAIN AND MAINTAIN PRICE
19	STABILITY."
20	SEC. 21. Section 63 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
21	follows:
22	"SEC. 63. Action When Abnormal Movements Occur in the
23	[Monetary Aggregates, Credit, or] Price Level Whenever
24	abnormal movements in the [monetary aggregates, in credit, or in]
25	prices endanger the stability of the Philippine economy or
26	important sectors thereof, the Monetary Board shall:
27	"(a) take such remedial measures as are appropriate and
28	within the powers granted to the Monetary Board and the Bangko
29	Sentral under the provisions of this Act; and

reports to the President of the Philippines and to Congress until it

"(b) submit to the President of the Philippines and the
Congress, and make public, a detailed report which shall include
as a minimum, a description and analysis of:
"(1) the causes of the rise or fall of [the monetary aggregates
of credit or of] prices;
"(2) the extent to which the changes in [the monetary
aggregates, in credit, or in] prices have been reflected in changes
in the level of domestic output, employment, wages and economic
activity in general, and the nature and significance of any [such]
changes; and
"(3) the measures which the Monetary Board has taken and
the other monetary, fiscal or administrative measures which it
recommends to be adopted.
"Whenever the Imonetary aggregates, or the level of credit,
increases or decreases by more than fifteen percent (15%), or the
cost of living index increases by more than ten percent (10%), in
relation to the level existing at the end of the corresponding month
of the preceding year, or even though [any of these] THIS
quantitative guideline[s have] HAS not been reached when in its
judgment the circumstances so warrant, the Monetary Board shall
submit the reports mentioned in this section, and shall state therein
whether, in the opinion of the Board, said changes in the
[monetary aggregates, credit or] cost of living represent a threat to
the stability of the Philippine economy or of important sectors
thereof.
"The Monetary Board shall continue to submit periodic

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1	considers that the [monetary, credit or] price disturbances have
2	disappeared or have been adequately controlled."
3	SEC. 22. Section 81 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
4	follows:
5	"SEC. 81. Guiding Principles The rediscounts, discounts,
6	loans and advances which the Bangko Sentral is authorized to
7	extend to banking institutions under the provisions of the present
8	article of this Act shall be used to influence the volume of credit
9	consistent with the objective of price stability AND MAINTENANCE
10	OF FINANCIAL STABILITY."
11	SEC. 23. Section 84 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
12	follows:
13	"SEC. 84. Emergency Loans and Advances In periods of
14	national and/or local emergency or of imminent financial panic
15	which directly threaten monetary and [banking] FINANCIAL
16	stability, the Monetary Board may, by a vote of at least five (5) of
17	its members, authorize the Bangko Sentral to grant extraordinary
18	loans or advances to banking institutions, secured by assets as
19	defined hereunder: Provided, That while such loans or advances
20	are outstanding, the debtor institution shall not, except upon prior
21	authorization by the Monetary Board, expand the total volume of
22	its loans or investments.
23	"The Monetary Board may, at its discretion, likewise
24	authorize the Bangko Sentral to grant emergency loans or advances
25	to banking institutions, even during normal periods, for the
26	purpose of assisting a bank in a precarious financial condition or
27	under serious financial pressures brought by unforeseen events, or

events which, though foreseeable, could not be prevented by the

bank concerned: *Provided, however*, That the Monetary Board has ascertained that the bank is not insolvent and has the assets defined hereunder to secure the advances: *Provided, further*, That a concurrent vote of at least five (5) members of the Monetary Board is obtained.

"The amount of any emergency loan or advance shall not exceed the sum of fifty percent (50%) of total deposits and deposit substitutes of the banking institution and shall be disbursed in two (2) or more tranches. The amount of the first tranche shall be limited to twenty-five percent (25%) of the total deposit and deposit substitutes of the institution and shall be secured by: (A) government securities; Ito the extent of their applicable loan values and (B) ACCEPTABLE GUARANTEES BACKED UP BY THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT OR ITS SECURITIES; (C) other unencumbered first class collaterals [which the Monetary Board may approvel; AND (D) OTHER KINDS OF COLLATERALS AS MAY BE AUTHORIZED BY THE MONETARY BOARD IN ACCORDANCE WITH SOUND RISK MANAGEMENT PRINCIPLES: Provided, That if as determined by the Monetary Board, the circumstances surrounding the emergency warrant a loan or advance greater than the amount provided hereinabove, the amount of the first tranche may exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the bank's total deposit and deposit substitutes if the same is adequately secured by applicable loan values of government securities and unencumbered first class collaterals approved by the Monetary Board, and the principal stockholders of the institution furnish an acceptable undertaking to indemnify and hold harmless from suit a

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conservator whose appointment the Monetary Board may find necessary at any time.

"Prior to the release of the first tranche, the banking institution shall submit to the *Bangko Sentral* a resolution of its board of directors authorizing the *Bangko Sentral* to evaluate other assets of the banking institution certified by its external auditor to be good and available for collateral purposes should the release of the subsequent tranche be thereafter applied for.

"The Monetary Board may, by a vote of at least five (5) of its members, authorize the release of a subsequent tranche on condition that the principal stockholders of the institution:

- "(a) furnish an acceptable undertaking to indemnify and hold harmless from suit a conservator whose appointment the Monetary Board may find necessary at any time; and
- "(b) provide acceptable security which, in the judgment of the Monetary Board, would be adequate to supplement, where necessary, the assets tendered by the banking institution to collateralize the subsequent tranche.

"In connection with the exercise of these powers, the prohibitions in Section 128 of this Act shall not apply insofar as it refers to acceptance as collateral of shares and their acquisition as a result of foreclosure proceedings, including the exercise of voting rights pertaining to said shares: *Provided, however,* That should the *Bangko Sentral* acquire any of the shares it has accepted as collateral as a result of foreclosure proceedings, the *Bangko Sentral* shall dispose of said shares by public bidding within one (1) year from the date of consolidation of title by the *Bangko Sentral*.

ŀ	whenever a financial institution incurs an overdraft in its
2	account with the Bangko Sentral, the same shall be eliminated
3	within the period prescribed in Section 102 of this Act."
4	SEC. 24. A new Section 88-A is hereby inserted in the same Act to
5	read as follows:
6	"Sec. 88-A. Exemption from Attachment
7	COLLATERALS ON LOANS AND ADVANCES GRANTED BY THE
8	BANGKO SENTRAL, WHETHER OR NOT THE INTEREST OF THE
9	BANGKO SENTRAL IS REGISTERED, SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO
10	ATTACHMENT, EXECUTION OR ANY OTHER COURT PROCESS OR
11	ADMINISTRATIVE RESTRICTIONS ON LAND USE, NOR SHALL THEY
12	BE INCLUDED IN THE ASSETS OF THE CLOSED BANK FOR
13	DISTRIBUTION TO OTHER CREDITORS: PROVIDED, HOWEVER,
14	THAT THE PROCEEDS IN EXCESS OF THE AMOUNT SECURED
15	SHALL BE RETURNED BY THE BANGRO SENTRAL TO THE
16	RECEIVER."
17	SEC. 25. A new Section 88-B is hereby inserted in the same Act to
18	read as follows:
19	"Sec. 88-B. Deputization of Legal Staff In case
20	OF AN EXTRAJUDICIAL FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGE, THE
21	BANGKO SENTRAL MAY DEPUTIZE ANY OF ITS LAWYERS TO
22	CONDUCT THE PUBLIC AUCTION PURSUANT TO ACT NO. 3135, AS
23	AMENDED. IN CASE OF A JUDICIAL FORECLOSURE, THE BANGKO
24	SENTRAL MAY, WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE COURT, LIKEWISE
25	DEPUTIZE ANY OF ITS LAWYERS TO ACT AS SPECIAL SHERIFF IN
26	THE SALE OF A DEBTOR'S PROPERTIES AND IN THE
27	ENFORCEMENT OF COURT WRITS AND PROCESSES RELATED
28	THERETO. THE SPECIAL SHERIFF OF THE BANGKO SENTRAL
29	SHALL MAKE A REPORT TO THE PROPER COURT AFTER ANY
30	ACTION BAS BEEN TAKEN BY HIM, WHICH COURT SHALL TREAT

1 SUCH ACTION AS IF IT WERE AN ACT OF ITS OWN SHERIFF IN ALL 2 RESPECTS.

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"NO RESTRAINING ORDER OR INJUNCTION SHALL BE ISSUED BY THE COURT ENJOINING THE BANGKO SENTRAL FROM PROCEEDING WITH THE FORECLOSURE OF THE MORTGAGE UNLESS A BOND IS POSTED IN FAVOR OF THE BANGKO SENTRAL IN AN AMOUNT EQUIVALENT TO THE TOTAL CLAIM OF THE BANGKO SENTRAL. THE RESTRAINING ORDER OR INJUNCTION SHALL BE REFUSED OR, IF GRANTED, SHALL BE DISSOLVED UPON FILING BY THE BANGKO SENTRAL OF A BOND, WHICH SHALL BE IN THE FORM OF A BANGKO SENTRAL CHECK, IN AN AMOUNT TWICE THE AMOUNT OF THE ORIGINAL BOND POSTED CONDITIONED THAT THE BANGKO SENTRAL WILL PAY THE DAMAGES WHICH THE PARTY MAY SUFFER BY THE REFUSAL OR DISSOLUTION OF THE INJUNCTION. THE PROVISIONS OF RULE 58 OF THE NEW RULES OF COURT INSOFAR AS THEY ARE APPLICABLE AND NOT INCONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION SHALL DISSOLUTION OF GOVERN THE ISSUANCE AND RESTRAINING ORDER OR INJUNCTION CONTEMPLATED IN THIS SECTION."

SEC. 26. A new Section 88-C is hereby inserted in the same Act to read as follows:

"SEC. 88-C. RIGHT OF REDEMPTION OF FORECLOSED REAL PROPERTY; RIGHT OF POSSESSION DURING REDEMPTION PERIOD.—THE MORTGAGOR SHALL HAVE THE RIGHT TO REDEEM THE PROPERTY WITHIN ONE (1) YEAR FROM THE DATE OF FORECLOSURE SALE OF THE REAL ESTATE, IN CASE THE MORTGAGOR IS A NATURAL PERSON, AND WITHIN NINETY (90) DAYS BUT NOT LATER THAN THE DATE OF REGISTRATION OF THE CERTIFICATE OF FORECLOSURE SALE, IN CASE THE

1	MORTGAGOR IS A JURIDICAL PERSON: PROVIDED, HOWEVER,
2	THAT FORECLOSED REAL PROPERTIES IN THE NAME OF A
3	BORROWER BANK, OR OTHER CORPORATE THIRD PARTY
4	MORTGAGOR WHOSE PROPERTIES ARE DIRECTLY MORTGAGED
5	TO THE BANGKO SENTRAL, PURSUANT TO ACT NO. 3135, THE
6	APPLICABLE REDEMPTION PERIOD IS ONE (1) YEAR.
7	REDEMPTION SHALL BE EFFECTED BY PAYING THE PRINCIPAL,
8	INTERESTS, INCLUDING ALL COSTS AND OTHER EXPENSES
9	INCURRED BY REASON OF THE FORECLOSURE SALE,
lO	"THE BANGKO SENTRAL, AS PURCHASER IN THE
11	FORECLOSURE SALE AND WITHOUT NEED OF POSTING A BOND,
12	MAY TAKE POSSESSION OF THE FORECLOSED PROPERTY DURING
13	THE REDEMPTION PERIOD. THE BANGKO SENTRAL SHALL BE
4	ENTITLED TO THE FRUITS OF THE PROPERTY, THE SAME TO BE
15	APPLIED AGAINST THE REDEMPTION PRICE."
6	SEC. 27. A new Section 89-A is hereby inserted in the same Act to
17	read as follows:
8	"SEC. 89-A. FINANCIAL FACILITIES FOR ISLAMIC BANKS
9	THE BANGKO SENTRAL MAY, TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE
20	PECULIAR CHARACTERISTICS OF ISLAMIC BANKING, FORMULATE
21	RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE EXTENSION OF FINANCIAL
22	FACILITIES TO ISLAMIC BANKS PROVIDED SUCH EXPOSURES
2.3	SHALL BE PROPERLY SECURED."
4	SEC. 28. A new Section 89-B is hereby inserted in the same Act to
25	read as follows:
6	"SEC. 89-B. LOANS TO THE PHILIPPINE DEPOSIT INSURANCE
27	CORPORATION (PDIC) THE BANGKO SENTRAL, PURSUANT TO
8	ITS MANDATE OF MAINTAINING FINANCIAL STABILITY, MAY LEND
9	TO THE PDIC FUNDS FOR INSURANCE PURPOSE AND FOR
0	FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE THAT THE LATTER IS AUTHORIZED TO

EXTEND UNDER SECTION 17(D) OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 3591, AS AMENDED, TO AN INSURED BANK IN DANGER OF CLOSING IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE LOSSES TO ITS DEPOSITORS AND CREDITORS. NOTWITHSTANDING SECTION 18 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 3591, AS AMENDED, THE MONETARY BOARD SHALL PRESCRIBE INTEREST RATES AND SUCH OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE LOAN."

SEC. 29. Section 92 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 92. Issue and Negotiation of Bangko Sentral Obligations. — In order to provide the Bangko Sentral with effective instruments for open market operations, the Bangko Sentral may, subject to such rules and regulations as the Monetary Board may prescribe and in accordance with the principles stated in Section 90 of this Act, issue, place, buy and sell freely negotiable evidences of indebtedness of the Bangko Sentral. [: Provided, That issuance of such certificates of indebtedness shall be made only in cases of extraordinary movement in price levels.] Said evidences of indebtedness may be issued directly against the international reserve of the Bangko Sentral or against the securities which it has acquired under the provisions of Section 91 of this Act, or may be issued without relation to specific types of assets of the Bangko Sentral.

"The Monetary Board shall determine the interest rates, maturities and other characteristics of said obligations of the *Bangko Sentral*, and may, if it deems it advisable, denominate the obligations in gold or foreign currencies.

"Subject to the principles stated in Section 90 of this Act, the evidences of indebtedness of the *Bangko Sentral* to which this

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section refers may be acquired by the *Bangko Sentral* before their maturity, either through purchases in the open market or through redemptions at par and by lot if the *Bangko Sentral* has reserved the right to make such redemptions. The evidences of indebtedness acquired or redeemed by the *Bangko Sentral* shall not be included among its assets, and shall be immediately retired and cancelled."

SEC. 30. Section 95 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 95. Definition of Deposit Substitutes. - The term 'deposit substitutes' is defined as an alternative form of obtaining funds from the public, other than deposits, through the issuance, endorsement, or acceptance of debt instruments for the borrower's own account, for the purpose of relending or purchasing of receivables and other obligations. These instruments may include, but need not be limited to, bankers acceptances, promissory notes, participations, certificates of assignment and similar instruments with recourse, and repurchase agreements. THE TERM 'PUBLIC' MEANS BORROWING FROM TWENTY (20) OR MORE LENDERS AT ANY ONE TIME. FOR THIS PURPOSE, 'LENDERS' SHALL REFER TO INDIVIDUALS AND CORPORATE ENTITIES THAT ARE NOT ACTING AS FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES, SUBJECT TO THE SAFEGUARDS AND REGULATIONS ISSUED BY THE MONETARY BOARD. Monetary Board shall determine what specific instruments shall be considered as deposit substitutes for the purposes of Section 94 of this Act: Provided, however, That deposit substitutes of commercial, industrial and other nonfinancial companies issued for the limited purpose of financing their own needs or the needs of their agents or dealers shall not be covered by the provisions of Section 94 of this Act."

SEC. 31. Section 101 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 101. Reserve Deficiencies. — Whenever the reserve position of any bank or quasi-bank, computed in the manner specified in the preceding section of this Act, is below the required minimum, the bank or quasi-bank shall pay the Bangko Sentral one-tenth of one percent (1/10 of 1%) per day on the amount of the deficiency or the prevailing ninety-one-day treasury bill rate plus three percentage points, whichever is higher: Provided, however, That banks and quasi-banks shall ordinarily be permitted to offset any reserve deficiency occurring on one or more days of the week with any excess reserves which they may hold on other days of the same week and shall be required to pay the penalty only on the average daily deficiency during the week. In cases of abuse, the Monetary Board may deny any bank or quasi-bank the privilege of offsetting reserve deficiencies in the aforesaid manner.

"If a bank or quasi-bank chronically has a reserve deficiency, the Monetary Board may limit or prohibit the making of new loans or investments by the institution and may require that part or all of the net profits of the institution be assigned to surplus.

"The Monetary Board may modify or set aside the reserve deficiency penalties provided in this section, for part or the entire period of a strike or lockout affecting a bank or a quasi-bank as defined in the Labor Code, or of a national emergency affecting operations of banks or quasi-banks or in such other instances where the Grant of waiver is determined by the Monetary Board to be justifiable. The Monetary Board may also modify or set aside reserved deficiency penalties for rehabilitation program of a bank."

I	SEC. 32. Section 104 of the same Act is hereby amended to read a
2	follows:
3	"SEC. 104. Guiding Principle The Monetary Board
4	shall use the powers granted to it under this Act to ensure that the
5	supply, availability and cost of money are in accord with the needs
6	of the Philippine economy and that bank credit is not granted for
7	speculative purposes prejudicial to the national interests.
8	Regulations on bank operations shall be applied to all banks of the
9	same category as may be defined by the Monetary Board
10	uniformly and without discrimination."
11	SEC. 33. Section 108 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
12	follows:
13	"SEC. 108. Minimum Capital Ratios The Monetary Board
14	may prescribe minimum [ratios which the capital and surplus of
15	the banks must bear to the volume of their assets, or to specific
16	categories thereof, RISK-BASED CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS
17	BASED ON INTERNATIONALLY ACCEPTED STANDARDS and may
18	alter said ratios whenever it deems necessary. In THE EXERCISE
19	OF ITS AUTHORITY UNDER THIS SECTION, THE MONETARY
20	BOARD MAY REQUIRE BANKS TO HOLD CAPITAL BEYOND THE
21	MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS COMMENSURATE TO THEIR RISK
22	PROFILE."
23	SEC. 34. Section 113 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
24	follows:
25	"SEC. 113. Official Deposits The Bangko Sentral shall
26	be the official depository of the Government, its political
27	subdivisions and instrumentalities as well as of government-owned
28	or -controlled corporations. [and, a] As a general policy, their cash

balances should be deposited with the Bangko Sentral, with only minimum working balances to be held by government-owned banks and such other banks [incorporated] LICENSED TO OPERATE in the Philippines as the Monetary Board may [designate, subject to such rules and regulations as the Board may prescribe: Provided, That such banks may hold deposits of the political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the Government beyond their minimum working balances whenever such subdivisions and instrumentalities have outstanding loans with said banks] AUTHORIZE.

"The Bangko Sentral may ACCEPT DEPOSITS AND pay interest on SUCH deposits AND OTHER SIMILAR PLACEMENTS of the Government or of its political subdivisions and instrumentalities, [as well as on deposit of] banks [with the Bangko Sentral] AND OTHER BANGKO SENTRAL-SUPERVISED INSTITUTIONS."

SEC. 35. Section 123 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 123. Financial Advice on Official Credit Operations. — Before undertaking any credit operation abroad, the Government, through the Secretary of Finance, shall request the opinion, in writing, of the Monetary Board on the monetary implications of the contemplated action. Such opinions must similarly be requested by all political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the Government before any credit operation abroad is undertaken by them.

"The opinion of the Monetary Board shall be based on the gold and foreign exchange resources and obligations of the nation

1 and on the effects of the proposed operation on the balance of 2 payments and on monetary aggregates. 3 "Whenever the Government, or any of its political 4 subdivisions or instrumentalities, contemplates borrowing within 5 the Philippines, the prior opinion of the Monetary Board shall 6 likewise be requested in order that the Board may render an 7 opinion on the probable effects of the proposed operation on 8 monetary aggregates, the price level, and the balance of payments. 9 "A CREDIT OPERATION OR BORROWING AS PROVIDED 10 HEREIN MAY TAKE THE FORM OF DIFFERENT CREDIT FACILITIES 11 SUCH AS, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, A SINGLE LOAN, SERIES OF LOANS 12 UNDER A BORROWING PROGRAM, OR CREDIT LINES. NO PRIOR 13 MONETARY BOARD OPINION SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR 14 INDIVIDUAL DRAWDOWNS OR BORROWINGS WITHIN APPROVED 15 CREDIT LINES OR BORROWING PROGRAMS." 16 SEC. 36. Section 125 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as 17 follows: 18 "SEC. 125. Tax Exemptions. - The Bangko Sentral shall be 19 exempt for a period of five (5) years from the approval of this 20 Act from all national, provincial, municipal and city taxes, fees, 21 charges and assessments..., WHETHER DIRECT OR INDIRECT, 22 EXCEPT ON THE FOLLOWING: 23 "(A) ADMINISTRATIVE FEES AND CHARGES IMPOSED BY ANY 24 GOVERNMENT AGENCY; 25 "(B) MUNICIPAL/CITY FEES FOR SERVICES PROVIDED; 26 "(C) INCOME FROM SALE OF: (1) BSP FORMS; (2) BID 27 DOCUMENTS; (3) SCRAP ITEMS; WASTE MATERIALS, SHREDDED 28 RECORDS; (4) CAR STICKERS, SECURITY PASS, IDENTIFICATION

1	PARAPHERNALIA; (5) DEMONETIZED COMMEMORATIVE NOTES
2	AND COINS; (6) COMMEMORATIVE MEDALS; AND (7)
3	UNSERVICEABLE FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT THROUGH
4	AUCTION;
5	"(D) INCOME FROM: (1) LEASE OF BSP OFFICES AND OTHER
6	PROPERTIES; (2) LEASE OF BSP VAULTS; AND (3) USE OF
7	BSP-owned properties;
8	"(E) PENALTIES AND CHARGES FOR: (1) LATE DELIVERY OF
9	purchases/services; and (2) late payment of lease.
10	"[The exemption authorized in the preceding paragraph of this
11	section shall apply to all property of the Bangko Sentral, to the
12	resources, receipts, expenditures, profits and income of the Bangko
13	Sentral, as well as to all contracts, deeds, documents and
14	transactions related to the conduct of the business of the Bangko
15	Sentral: Provided, however, That said exemptions shall apply only
16	to such taxes, fees, charges and assessments for which the Bangko
17	Sentral itself would otherwise be liable, and shall not apply to
18	taxes, fees, charges, or assessments payable by persons or other
19	entities doing business with the Bangko Sentral: Provided, further,
20	That The exemption from the documentary stamp tax as
21	PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 199(L) OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 9337,
22	AS AMENDED (THE 1997 NATIONAL INTERNAL REVENUE CODE)
23	SHALL CONTINUE TO BE OPERATIVE. [f]Foreign loans and other
24	obligations of the Bangko Sentral shall ALSO be exempt, both as to
25	principal and interest, from any and all taxes if the payment of
26	such taxes [has been] IS assumed by the Bangko Sentral."
27	SEC. 37. Section 128 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as

follows:

1	"SEC. 128. Prohibitions The Bangko Sentral shall not
2	acquire shares of any kind or accept them as collateral, and shall
3	not participate in the ownership or management of any enterprise,
4	either directly or indirectly[.]: PROVIDED, THAT THIS
5	PROHIBITION SHALL NOT APPLY WHENEVER THE MONETARY
6	BOARD, BY A VOTE OF AT LEAST FIVE (5) OF ITS MEMBERS,
7	DEEMS AN ACQUISITION OR INVESTMENT TO BE NECESSARY TO
8	QUALIFY OR AS REQUIRED FOR MEMBERSHIP IN INTERNATIONAL
9	AND REGIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.
10	"The Bangko Sentral shall not engage in development banking
11	or financing: Provided, however, That outstanding loans obtained
12	or extended for development financing shall not be affected by the
13	prohibition of this section."
14	SEC. 38. Repealing Clause All provisions of existing laws, orders,
15	rules and regulations or parts thereof which are in conflict or inconsistent with
16	the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed, amended or modified
17	accordingly.
18	SEC. 39. Separability Clause If any provision or section of this Act
19	is held to be unconstitutional or invalid, the other provisions or sections hereof
20	which are not affected thereby shall continue to be in full force and effect.
21	SEC. 40. Effectivity This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after
22	its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.
	Approved,