CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES SIXTEENTH CONGRESS Second Regular Session

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H. No. 4806

BY REPRESENTATIVES SINGSON (E.), MATUGAS AND UNGAB, PER COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 369

AN ACT DECLARING THE BESSANG PASS NATURAL MONUMENT IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF CERVANTES, ILOCOS SUR AS A PROTECTED AREA, AND PROVIDING FOR ITS MANAGEMENT

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. - This Act shall be known as the "Bessang Pass Natural Monument (BPNM) Act".

SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. — It is the policy of the State to protect and advance the right of the people to a balanced and healthful ecology in accord with the rhythm and harmony of nature. Towards this end, the State shall promote the conservation and protection of the endangered, threatened, and rare species of flora, fauna, and other ecosystems within Bessang Pass in the Municipality of Cervantes, Province of Ilocos Sur, while preserving its scenic, cultural, and historical features.

SEC. 3. Categorization as a Natural Monument. — Bessang Pass, which is known as the historic site of the Great Battle of Bessang Pass during World War II, and which is located within a verdant of pine forest, is hereby categorized as a natural monument in accordance with the National Integrated Protected Areas System Act of 1992 (NIPAS Act).

SEC. 4. Scope. – The boundaries of the Bessang Pass Natural Monument are as follows:

3 Core Zone

 Beginning at a point marked "1" which is N 76° 44' 32" W, 1,339.20 meters from Bessang Pass Natural Monument/Landmark with geographic coordinates of 16° 57' 42.57" North and 120° 39' 24.88" East covering a total area of 581.33 hectares.

8	LINE	BEARING	DISTANCE (meters)
9	1-2	N 23° 16' 01" E	1,287.66
10	2-3	N 65° 34′ 03" E	683.64
11	3-4	S 81° 50' 22" E	1,441.11
12	4-5	S 18° 44' 07" W	3,189.11
13	5-6	N 63° 43' 53" W	840.34
14	6-7	S 66° 50' 41" W	578.69
15	7-8	N 47° 33' 49" W	476.09
16	8-9	N 29° 28' 33" W	265.23
17	9-10	N 66° 43′ 15" W	313.29
18	10-11	N 45° 54′ 33" E	447.27
19	11-12	N 60° 09' 22" E	601.85
20	12-1	N 44° 24′ 33″ W	459.07
21	Buffer Zone		

Beginning at a point marked "1" which is N 76° 44' 32" W, 1,339.20 meters from Bessang Pass Natural Monument/Landmark with geographic coordinates of 16° 57' 42.57" North and 120° 39' 24.88" East covering an area of 358.13 hectares.

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1	LINE	BEARING	DISTANCE (meters)
2	1-2	S 44° 24' 33" E	459.07
3	2-3	S 60° 09' 22" W	601.85
4	3-4	S 45° 54' 33" W	447.27
5	4-5	S 66° 43′ 15″ E	313.29
6	5-6	S 29° 28' 33" E	265.23
7	6-7	S 47° 33' 49" E	476.09
8	7-8	N 66° 50' 41" E	578.69
9	8-9	S 63° 43′ 53" E	840.34
10	9-10	N 18° 44' 07" E	3,189.11
11	10-11	S 81° 19' 44" E	465.76
12	11-12	S 18° 21' 10" W	3,771.78
13	12-13	N 63° 04' 32" W	1,108.83
14	13-14	S 67° 09' 58" W	576.83
15	14-15	N 46° 05' 33" W	806.94
16	15-16	N 31° 06' 31" W	210.61
17	16-17	N 65° 49' 35" W	299.88
18	17-18	N 67° 58' 51" W	456.08
19	18-19	N 46° 39' 45" E	1,098.54
20	19-20	N 28° 39' 06" W	343.65
21	20-21	N 23° 15' 47" E	905.23
22	21-22	S 76° 19' 19" E	403.43
23	22-1	S 23° 16' 01" W	777.96
24	SEC. 5. Land	Classification All lands	of the public domain

SEC. 5. Land Classification. — All lands of the public domain comprising the BPNM shall fall under the classification of national park as provided for in the 1987 Philippine Constitution: *Provided*, That public lands already classified as agricultural lands or alienable or disposable lands prior to

the passage of this Act shall remain as such and may be disposed pursuant to existing laws.

SEC. 6. Definition of Terms. - As used in this Act:

- (a) Biological resources refer to living natural resources, including microorganisms, plants, animals, and other biotic component of the ecosystem with actual or potential use or value;
- (b) Buffer zones refer to identified areas outside the boundaries of and immediately adjacent to designated protected areas pursuant to Section 8 of the NIPAS Act that need special development and monitoring in order to avoid or minimize harm to the protected area;
- (c) Endangered species refer to species and subspecies of wildlife whose population is in danger of extinction and whose survival is unlikely if causal factors or threats continue to exist:
- (d) General management plan refers to the basic long-term framework plan to attain the objectives of conserving and protecting the area which shall serve as guide in the preparation of the annual operations plan and budget;
- (e) General management planning strategy refers to the general guide in the formulation of site specific management plan that shall include the management of buffer zones and the preservation of ancestral domain lands;
- (f) *Indigenous peoples* refer to a group of people sharing common bonds of language, customs, traditions, and other distinctive cultural traits, and which have since time immemorial occupied, possessed and utilized a territory;
- (g) Management manual refers to an individual management plan containing basic background information, field inventory of resources, an assessment of assets and limitations, regional interrelationships, particular objectives for managing the area, appropriate division of the area into management zones, a review of the boundaries, and a design of the management programs;

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- i (h) Natural monument refers to a relatively small area whose unique 2 and special characteristics are the focus of protection and preservation due to 3 their natural, historical and popular significance; 4 (i) Protected area refers to identified portion of land and water that are 5 set aside so that their unique physical significance and biological diversity are 6 protected against destructive human exploitation; and 7 (i) Tenured migrants refer to persons who have actually and 8 continuously occupied an area for five (5) years prior to its designation as a 9 protected area in accordance with the NIPAS Act, and are solely dependent on 10 its resources for subsistence. 11 SEC. 7. The Protected Area Management Board. - There shall be 12 created a Protected Area Management Board (PAMB) which shall serve as the 13 highest policy-making body of the BPNM and shall be composed of the 14 following: 15 (a) The Regional Executive Director (RED) of the Department of 16 Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) Region 1, as Chairperson; 17 (b) The Provincial Planning and Development Coordinator (PPDC) of 18 Hocos Sur, as member; 19 (c) One (1) representative from the municipal government of 20 Cervantes, Ilocos Sur, to be appointed by the Sangguniang Bayan of 21 Cervantes, as member; 22 (d) One (1) representative from Barangay Malaya, Cervantes, Ilocos 23 Sur, to be appointed by the barangay council of Malaya, as member;
 - (e) At least three (3) representatives from nongovernment organizations (NGOs) and local community organizations involved in protected area management based in Cervantes, Ilocos Sur, and duly accredited by the municipal government, chosen through an election exclusively called for

the purpose by the DENR in coordination with concerned local government units (LGUs), as members;

- (f) One (1) representative from each tribal community, chosen in an election to be conducted by the DENR in coordination with the National Commission on Indigenous Peoples (NCIP), as member; and
- (g) One (1) representative each, if necessary, from other government agencies involved in the management of the BPNM.

Except for government officials who shall serve as ex officio, every member of the PAMB shall be appointed by the DENR Secretary and shall serve for a term of five (5) years without compensation: Provided, That each member remains connected with the organization being represented. In the case of members who are government officials, their appointments shall be coterminous with their term of office. Whenever a vacancy occurs during the term of a nongovernment PAMB member, a new member shall be chosen in the same manner as the original selection process, and shall only serve for the remaining term.

The members of the PAMB shall be entitled to reimbursement of actual and necessary traveling and subsistence expenses incurred in attending meetings of the PAMB or any of its committees, subject to government accounting, auditing and budgeting rules and regulations, and subject further to the availability of funds as reflected in the Work and Financial Plan (WFP), which is required in accessing funds from the Integrated Protected Area Fund (IPAF).

- SEC. 8. Powers and Functions of the PAMB. The PAMB shall exercise the following powers and functions:
- (a) Issue rules and regulations to prohibit acts that may be prejudicial
 to the BPNM and the policy declaration herein set forth as well as established
 biodiversity protection criteria;

(b) Approve the management plan required under Section 10 of this Act and oversee the office of the Protected Area Superintendent (PASu);

- (c) Adopt rules and procedures for the conduct of business, including the creation of committees to whom its powers may be delegated;
- (d) Set fees for the issuance of permits for activities regulated by this Act or the management plan;
- (e) Issue rules and regulations for the resolution of conflicts through appropriate culturally sensitive and effective means;
- (f) Approve proposals for funding and budget allocation and exercise responsibility over all funds that may accrue to the BPNM; and
- (g) Deputize interested individuals for the enforcement of the laws, rules and regulations governing conduct in the BPNM and its buffer zone.

The DENR, through the RED for Region 1, shall exercise authority over the PAMB to ensure that it acts within the scope of its powers and functions. In case of a conflict between administrative orders of national application issued by the DENR pursuant to the NIPAS Act and other pertinent laws and the rules and regulations issued by the PAMB, the PAMB shall notify the DENR Secretary who shall decide whether to apply the rule or withdraw its application in the BPNM. The decision of the DENR Secretary shall be guided by a preference for local initiatives and specific policies enacted by the PAMB. The decision of the DENR Secretary may be raised on appeal to the Regional Trial Court that has jurisdiction over the BPNM.

SEC. 9. The Protected Area Superintendent Office. — There is hereby established a Protected Area Superintendent (PASu) Office in charge of the management, protection and administration of the BPNM. The PASu shall be supported by the existing personnel of the DENR. The head of office shall be the chief operating officer of the BPNM and shall be accountable to the DENR

1 RED for Region 1 and the PAMB. The PASu shall have the following powers 2 and functions: 3 (a) Prepare the initial and subsequent management plan as herein 4 provided: 5 (b) Serve as the secretariat for the PAMB with the duty to provide the 6 PAMB with all the needed information in making appropriate decisions when 7 necessary: 8 (c) Establish a productive partnership with the local community, 9 including groups interested in the achievement of the herein goals and 10 objectives, and in the planning, protection and management of the BPNM; 11 (d) Develop and implement a park information, education and visitor 12 program: 13 (e) Enforce the laws, rules and regulations relevant to the BPNM and 14 assist in the prosecution of offenses; 15 (f) Monitor all activities within the BPNM to ensure compliance with 16 the management plan; and 17 (g) Perform such other functions as the PAMB may assign. SEC. 10. Management Plan. - Within one (1) year from the effectivity 18 of this Act and in accordance with the General Management Planning Strategy 19 20 as provided for in the NIPAS Act, the PASu, in coordination with the local 21 communities, appropriate offices of the DENR, LGUs, NGOs, and people's 22 organizations (POs), shall prepare a management plan. The management plan 23 shall contain, among others, the following: 24 (a) The category of the protected area; 25 (b) Period of applicability of the plan; 26 (c) Key management issues; 27 (d) Goals and objectives of management in support of Section 2 hereof: 28 (e) Site management strategy;

- (f) Major management activities such as, but not limited to, enforcement of laws, habitat and wildlife management, sustainable use management, infrastructure development and maintenance, fire and pest control, etc.;
 - (g) Zoning; and

(h) Visitor management programs.

The management plan shall be reviewed, approved, and adopted by the PAMB and shall be certified to by the DENR Secretary that it conforms to all laws, rules and regulations of national application issued by the DENR. In no case shall the DENR revise or modify the management plan without prior consultation with the PAMB.

One (1) year before the expiration of the initial management plan, the PASu shall cause the publication of notices for comments and suggestions on the subsequent management plan in a newspaper of local circulation and the posting of such notices in the provincial, municipal and barangay halls and in three (3) other areas frequented by the public. Public hearings may be conducted on the subsequent management plan upon the written request of any interested party. The plan shall be prepared in the language understood in the area and shall be made available to the public during the period for comments.

In the event that no subsequent management plan is adopted upon the expiration of the initial management plan, the latter shall remain in force subject to interim modifications that may be adopted by the PAMB.

SEC. 11. Bessang Pass Natural Monument Protected Area Fund. — There is hereby established a trust fund to be known as the Bessang Pass Natural Monument Protected Area Fund, hereinafter referred to as the Fund, for purposes of financing projects of the BPNM. All income generated from the operation or management of wild flora and fauna in the BPNM shall accrue to the Fund. These income shall be derived from the visitor/tourist fees, fees

from permitted sale and export of flora and fauna and other resources from the BPNM, proceeds from registration and lease of multiple-use areas including tourism concessions, contributions from industries and facilities directly benefiting from the protected area and such other fees and incomes derived from its operation.

The Fund may be augmented by grants, donations, endowment from various resources, domestic or foreign, for purposes related to their functions: *Provided*, That the Fund shall be subject to the retention by the PAMB of the protected area, of seventy-five percent (75%) of all revenues raised therefrom and deposited in any government bank within the locality where the protected area is located; and that disbursements shall be made solely for the protection, maintenance, administration, and management of the area and implementation of duly approved projects endorsed by the PAMB in accordance with existing accounting, auditing and budgeting rules and regulations: *Provided, further*, That twenty-five percent (25%) of the revenues shall be deposited as a special account in the National Treasury: *Provided, finally*, That the Fund shall not be used to cover personal services expenditures.

The LGUs shall continue to impose and collect all other fees not enumerated herein which they have traditionally collected, such as business permits, property tax and rentals of LGUs' facilities. Furthermore, LGUs may charge add-ons to fees imposed by the PAMB: *Provided*, That such add-ons shall be determined based on the contribution of the LGUs in the maintenance and protection of the protected area.

SEC. 12. Facilities Within the Protected Area. — Within sixty (60) days from the effectivity of this Act, the owners, operators or public officers in charge of major existing facilities such as roads, buildings, water systems, transmission lines, communication facilities, heavy equipment and irrigation facilities within the boundaries of the BPNM shall submit a project description

to the PAMB through the PASu, and with the help of the DENR, the PAMB shall determine whether the present and future existence, operations and plans of a facility is detrimental to the BPNM or conditions for its continued operation shall be imposed. If any such conditions, once imposed, are violated. the owner of the facility shall be liable to pay a fine of five thousand pesos (P5,000.00) for every violation. Upon reaching a total fine of five hundred thousand pesos (P500,000.00), the PAMB, through the PASu and other deputized government entities, shall cause the cessation and demolition of the facility at the cost of its owner.

Existing facilities allowed to remain within the BPNM may be charged a reasonable royalty by the DENR. All income from such royalty shall accrue to the Fund.

- SEC. 13. Utilization of Nonrenewable Resources. Any exploitation and utilization of nonrenewable resources within the BPNM shall be allowed only upon the approval of the PAMB and shall be subject to the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) System.
- SEC. 14. Indigenous Peoples Rights. Ancestral domains and the customary rights and interests of indigenous communities located within any area of the BPNM shall be accorded due recognition and respect. The preservation of ancestral domains and customary rights shall be considered as one of the management objectives of this Act.

The evaluation of ancestral domain claims within the BPNM shall be conducted in accordance with Republic Act No. 8371, in coordination with the DENR and other concerned groups.

SEC. 15. Tenured Migrants. — Persons who have actually and continuously occupied a portion of the BPNM five (5) years before the effectivity of the NIPAS Act and whose livelihood are solely dependent on that area shall be considered as tenured migrants in the BPNM.

1	For the purpose of official documentation, recognition of rights and		
2	determination of the extent of occupation within the BPNM, a tenured migrant		
3	shall be issued a tenurial instrument over the area being occupied or cultivated.		
4	However, in areas that are designated as zones in which no occupation or other		
5	human activities are allowed, a provision for the transfer of tenured migrants to		
6	multiple-use zones or the buffer zone shall be undertaken.		
7	Upon the cancellation of a tenured migrant instrument for cause		
8	abandonment or by voluntary surrender of rights, the PASu shall take		
9	immediate steps to rehabilitate or restore the area to its natural state.		
10	SEC. 16. Prohibited Acts and Penalties The following acts are		
11	hereby prohibited within the BPNM:		
12	(a) Hunting, destroying, disturbing or mere possession of any plant or		
13	animal or product derived therefrom without a permit from the PAMB;		
14	(b) Dumping of any waste product detrimental to the BPNM, or to the		
15	plants, animals or inhabitants therein;		
16	(c) Using any motorized equipment without a permit from the PAMB;		
17	(d) Mutilating, defacing or destroying objects of natural beauty, or		
18	objects of interest to cultural communities;		
19	(e) Damaging and leaving roads and trails in a damaged condition;		
20	(f) Squatting, mining or otherwise occupying any land;		
21	(g) Constructing or maintaining any kind of structure, fence or		
22	enclosure or conducting any business enterprise without a permit from the		
23	PAMB;		
24	(h) Leaving exposed or in unsanitary condition refuse or debris or		
25	depositing the same in the grounds or in bodies of water; and		
26	(i) Altering, removing, destroying or defacing boundary marks or		

signs.

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Whoever violates this Act or the rules and regulations issued by the DENR or the PAMB pursuant to this Act, or whoever is found guilty by a competent court of justice of any of the offenses in the preceding paragraph shall be fined the amount of not less than five thousand pesos (P5,000,00) nor more than five hundred thousand pesos (P500,000.00), exclusive of the value of the thing damaged, or imprisonment for not less than one (1) year but not more than six (6) years, or both, as determined by the court: Provided. That if the area requires rehabilitation or restoration as determined by the court, the offender shall also be required to restore it or pay for the cost of its restoration: Provided, further, That the court shall order the eviction of the offender from the area and the forfeiture in favor of the government of all minerals, timber, or any species collected or removed, including all equipment, devices and firearms used in connection therewith and any construction or improvement made thereon by the offender. If the offender is an association or corporation, the president or manager shall be directly responsible for the act of their employees and laborers: Provided, finally, That the DENR may impose administrative fines and penalties consistent with this Act.

SEC. 17. Special Prosecutor. – Within thirty (30) days from the effectivity of this Act, the Secretary of Justice shall appoint a special prosecutor to whom all cases for violation of laws, rules and regulations in the BPNM shall be assigned. In the prosecution of cases, the special prosecutor shall coordinate with the PAMB and the PASu and shall assist in the training of wardens and rangers in arrest and criminal procedures.

SEC. 18. Reporting Responsibility. — The PASu, through the PAMB, shall be responsible for the preparation of accomplishment reports and other activities undertaken in the BPNM for submission to the DENR Secretary.

SEC. 19. Appropriations The Secretary of the DENR shaft				
immediately include in the Department's program the implementation of this				
Act, the funding of which shall be included in the annual General				
Appropriations Act.				
SEC. 20. Separability Clause If any part or section of this Act is				
declared unconstitutional, such declaration shall not affect other parts or				
sections hereof.				
SEC. 21. Repealing Clause The provisions of the NIPAS Act are				
hereby modified in accordance with the provisions herein. All other laws, rules				
and regulations inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or modified				
accordingly.				
SEC. 22. Effectivity This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after				
its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.				
It shall likewise be posted in a conspicuous place at the Municipal Hall of				
Cervantes, Ilocos Sur, in the barangay where the protected area is located and				
in other places frequented by the public.				

Approved,