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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H. No. 4558

- BY REPRESENTATIVES VILLARICA, BIAZON, MERCADO-REVILLA, AGLIPAY, FERNANDEZ, ACHARON, RODRIGUEZ (R.), RODRIGUEZ (M.), VIOLAGO, YAP (S.), CALALAY, DE VENECIA, CASTELO, CORTUNA, PIAMONTE, ARROYO, MACAPAGAL-ARROYO, VARGAS, VELASCO, TAMBUNTING, CO, BATOCABE, ANTONINO-NADRES, REVILLA, MAGSAYSAY, ROBES, CATAMCO, PRIMICIAS-AGABAS, BINAY, ENERIO-CERILLES, SANTIAGO, SUANSING, LACSON-NOEL, GERONA-ROBREDO, SAHALI, RADAZA, QUIMBO, ALIPING, COLLANTES, DEL MAR, FORTUNO, UNGAB, BATAOL, LOBREGAT, TAN (A.), FUENTEBELLA, KHO, HERNANDEZ AND ZAMORA (M.), PER COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 282
- AN ACT ESTABLISHING SPECIAL EDUCATION (SPED) CENTERS FOR CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS IN ALL PUBLIC SCHOOLS DIVISIONS, PROVIDING FOR STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES, AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

- SECTION 1. Short Title. This Act shall be known as the "Special
 Education (SPED) Centers Act".
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SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. - It is hereby declared the policy of the

- 4 State to protect and promote the rights of children with special needs to quality
- 5 education and to take appropriate steps to make such education accessible to
- 6 them. The State recognizes their vital role in society and endeavors to include
- 7 their needs as an integral part of national development strategies.

Ł It is also the policy of the State to fully support their welfare and 2 development, ensure their full integration in society, as well as facilitate their 3 active participation in the affairs of the State. Towards these ends, and 4 pursuant to the 1987 Constitution specifically: Section 13, Article II; Section 5 13, Article XIII; and Sections 1 and 2, paragraphs 1 and 3, Article XIV, 6 Article 3 of Presidential Decree No. 603 (The Child and Youth Welfare Code); 7 and Sections 12, 13 and 14 of Republic Act No. 7277 (Magna Carta for the 8 Disabled), the State shall institutionalize an adequate and relevant educational 9 program for every child with special need through the establishment of SPED 10 Centers and the provision of vital support mechanisms required to ensure their 11 effectivity. All children with special needs, in any degree of sensory, physical 12 or intellectual disability or need, shall therefor have the opportunity to be developed in the most enhancing environment, consistent with the provision of 13 14 a quality education that best meets their needs.

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SEC. 3. Objectives. - SPED Centers shall pursue the following:

(a) Provide children with special needs access to basic educationthrough the formal system and other alternative delivery services in education;

(b) Facilitate the inclusion and integration of children with special
needs into the mainstream education in accordance with the United Nations
Convention on the Rights of Persons With Disabilities, and the Incheon
Strategy to Make the Rights Real for Persons With Disability in Asia and the
Pacific;

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(c) Develop, implement and oversee the Individual Education Program;

24 (d) Ensure that children with special needs fully develop their
25 potentials toward self-sufficiency and become more effective partners in the
26 affairs of the country;

(e) Ensure that children with special needs understand, appreciate and
 respect differences amongst groups and members of society, and to understand
 the nature of the society in which they live;

4 (f) Identify gifted and talented children from ages three (3) to sixteen 5 (16);

6 (g) Provide parents with information on the full continuum of SPED
7 services and possible placement options for their children, and thus enable
8 them to make informed choices and decisions;

9 (h) Support the role of parents by training and equipping them with
10 capabilities to identify, prevent, refer or intervene with the developmental
11 disorders and disabilities of children;

(i) Train, equip and educate teachers and other caregivers as primarysources of care, development, education and advancement of children; and

(j) Create significant and positive changes in community attitudes
towards disability and the need to provide special education and proper care
for children with special needs.

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SEC. 4. Definition of Terms. - As used in this Act:

(a) Basic education refers to meeting the basic learning needs which
provide the foundation on which subsequent learning can be based. It
encompasses kindergarten, elementary and secondary education as well as
alternative learning systems for out-of-school learners and those with special
needs;

(b) Children with special needs refer to children who are gifted or
talented, or with neuropsychological retardation, learning disabilities,
emotional or behavioral disorders, speech and language disorders, hearing
impairments, visual impairments, autism, physical or health disabilities,
deaf-blindness and multiple handicapping conditions and are in need of special
education as well as services for rehabilitation. They differ from the average

children in neuropsychological characteristics, sensory abilities, neuromuscular
 or physical characteristics, and social attributes to such an extent that the use of
 modified school practices or special education services are required to develop
 them to maximum capability. They may be classified as children with
 exceptionalities such as the following:

6 (1) Autism - those with developmental disabilities marked by
7 disturbance in development, language and relationship with persons, activities
8 and objects and which may coexist with intellectual disability and epilepsy.
9 Children afflicted with this disorder have perceptual, cognitive, communication
10 and social difficulties that change over time;

(2) Behavior problems - those who cannot adjust to the socially accepted norms of behavior and consequently disrupt their academic progress,
 the learning efforts of their classmates, and their interpersonal relations;

(3) Gifted or talented - those who are capable of superior 14 15 performance including those with demonstrated achievement or potential 16 ability in one (1) or more of the following areas: general intellectual ability. 17 specific academic aptitude, creative or productive thinking ability, leadership 18 ability, ability in the visual or performing arts and psychomotor ability; or 19 those individuals who consistently manifest the following cluster of traits: 20 above average ability (including intelligence), high creativity (implies the 21 developmental appreciation of innovative ideas) and high task commitment 22 (related to a high degree of motivation); and those who, by reason thereof, 23 require services or activities not ordinarily provided by a school:

(4) Hearing impairment - those who are deaf or hard-of-hearing.
Deaf persons are those whose hearing is nonfunctional for ordinary purposes in
life; the hard-of-hearing have a defective sense of hearing but are still
functional with or without a hearing aid;

(5) Learning disabilities – those, although normal in sensory,
 emotional and intellectual abilities, have a condition that causes
 impediment/impairment in perception, comprehension, listening, thinking,
 reading, writing, spelling or arithmetic;

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5 (6) Multiple disabilities – those with more than one (1) disability 6 such as the deaf-blind or those diagnosed with autism and intellectual 7 disability;

8 (7) Neuropsychological retardation/intellectual disability – those 9 who have substantial limitation in present functioning characterized by 10 significant sub-average intellectual functioning coexisting with other 11 limitations in two (2) or more of the following applicable adaptive skill areas: 12 communication, self-care, home living, social skills, community use, 13 self-direction, health and safety, functional academics, leisure and work;

14 (8) Orthopedic/physical disabilities - those whose impairment
15 permanently or temporarily cause difficulty in mobility and all activities of
16 daily life;

17 (9) Special health problems - those who have health conditions that
18 tend to keep them out of school, or those with chronic and/or debilitating
19 illnesses such as cardiac disease, asthma, diabetes, tuberculosis and other
20 respiratory ailments, carcenonza, epilepsy and malnutrition;

(10) Speech impairment and delays – those who have difficulty in
 expressing or articulating words in a manner understandable to others; and

(11) Visual impairment – those who are blind or have low vision.
Persons are blind if they have visual capacity of 20/200 or less in the better
eye after maximum correction. Low vision persons retain relatively low degree
of vision and can read only enlarged print or regular print under special
conditions;

ł (c) Handicap refers to a disadvantage of an individual, resulting from 2 an impairment or a disability that limits or prevents the function or activity that 3 is considered normal, given the age and gender of the individual;

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(d) Impairment refers to any loss, diminution or aberration of 5 psychological, physiological or anatomical structure or function;

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(e) Individual Education Program refers to the systematic, purposive and developmental educational programming of curricular and instructional priorities and contents designed to meet a learner's special needs and aimed at ensuring mastery learning of target skills and behaviors;

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(f) Learning differences refer to any of the following.

(1) A physical or mental or sensory and intellectual impairment that 11 12 substantially limits one or more psychological, physiological, anatomical, 13 sensory or intellectual function of an individual;

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(2) A record of such an impairment; or

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(3) Being regarded as having such an impairment;

(g) Private sector participation refers to all forms of indispensable, 16 substantial and meaningful participation of private individuals, partnerships, 17 groups or entities, community-based organizations or nongovernmental 18 19 organizations, in the delivery of educational and rehabilitative services for 20 children with special needs:

21 (h) Special education refers to the customized instructional 22 program/service designed to meet the unique needs of individual learners who 23 differ from societal or community standards of normalcy because of 24 differences due to significant physical, sensory, neuropsychological, cognitive or behavioral characteristics that may necessitate the use of specialized 25 materials, equipment, services and/or teaching strategies. It is geared towards 26 27 the integration of children with special needs into the mainstream education;

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(i) Special instructional materials refer to textbooks in Braille, large
 type or any other medium or apparatus, that convey information to a student or
 otherwise contributes to the learning process.

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4 SEC. 5. Establishment of SPED Centers for Children With Special 5 Needs in all Public Schools Divisions. - A SPED Center for children with 6 special needs shall be established in all public schools divisions nationwide 7 where there are no existing SPED Centers. Existing SPED Centers shall 8 continue to function and additional ones shall be established where the need 9 arises due to increased number of enrollees, upon the recommendation of the 10 Schools Division Superintendent and the approval of the Secretary of the 11 Department of Education (DepED).

12 All SPED Centers and facilities shall be compliant with the 13 requirements of Batas Pambansa Blg. 344 or the Accessibility Law.

14 SEC. 6. Functions of a SPED Center. – The SPED Center shall 15 function as a resource center that shall assist in promoting inclusive education 16 as to capacitate regular schools to effectively handle the needs of children with 17 special needs. It shall:

(a) Support children with special needs so that they could be
integrated/included in regular schools;

(b) Conduct school-based training of children with special needs;

21 (c) Produce appropriate teaching materials for children with special22 needs;

23 (d) Conduct assessment of children with special needs to evaluate
 24 developmental domains and specific areas of concern and determine grade
 25 placement;

(e) Implement the programs of the SPED Centers such as the
Alternative Educational Program and the Early Intervention Program;

1 (f) Provide auxiliary aids and services, or services that are basically 2 noneducational, but which enhance the education process of the child with 3 special needs. These services include:

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(1) Language and speech therapy, occupational therapy, physical and 5 physiotherapy, among other modes of therapy;

6 (2) Qualified interpretations or other effective methods of delivering 7 materials:

8 (3) Qualified reading, taped tests or other effective methods of 9 delivering materials to individuals with visual impairments:

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(4) Acquisition or modification of equipment or devices:

(5) Appropriate classroom accommodation:

12 (6) Other similar services and actions or all types of aids and services 13 that facilitate the learning process of children with special needs; and

- 14 (7) Assist, facilitate and monitor the transfer or admission of qualified 15 children with disabilities to post-secondary or tertiary education institutions.
- 16 SEC. 7. Staffing and Responsibilities. - In addition to teachers with 17 special training to handle children with special needs, each SPED Center shall 18 have a Program Director, an Administrative Core and Placement Committee 19 and itinerant SPED teachers as manpower complement:
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(1) Head the SPED Center;

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- (2) Administer and supervise the SPED Center programs:

23 (3) Oversee the other components of the special education program:

(a) Program Director - The Program Director shall:

- 24 (4) Monitor, supervise and provide technical assistance, training and
- 25 enhancement programs to SPED personnel;
- 26 (5) Issue procedures for referrals and placement;
- 27 (6) Form and supervise the placement committee; and
- 28 (7) Resolve disagreements on placement and services.

1 (b) Administrative Core and Placement Committee – The Placement 2 Committee shall, in consultation with and active participation of parents and 3 developmental pediatrician among others, ensure that students with disabilities 4 are educated by appropriate qualified personnel as close as possible to their 5 homes and alongside with their age-appropriate peer groups. It is also tasked 6 to develop and maintain a databank on special education in its respective 7 jurisdiction. This Committee shall be composed of:

8 (1) Any one (1) of the following: Developmental Pediatrician,
9 Neurological Psychiatrist, Educational Psychologist or Psychometrician;

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- (2) One (1) Physical Therapist;
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(3) One (1) Occupational Therapist:

12 (4) One (1) Speech and Language Therapist/Speech Correction13 Teacher;

14 15 (5) One (1) Reading Specialist; and

(6) The SPED Center Program Director.

(c) Itinerant SPED Teachers - Itinerant SPED teachers shall be
appointed whenever necessary. They shall share responsibility for program
planning and scheduling, and assist isolated or remote schools with
specialized equipment, individual programs, curriculum adjustment, teaching
aids and building modifications. They shall likewise reach out to children
with special needs who have accessibility and mobility limitations.

SEC. 8. Remuneration and Benefits for SPED Center Personnel. The salary grades of SPED teachers and Program Directors managing the
 SPED Centers shall be in accordance with the Revised Compensation and
 Position Classification System and other civil service rules and regulations.

The DepED shall enhance the right of the teachers/instructors to professional advancement and ensure that the SPED Centers shall attract the best available teaching staff and talents through adequate remuneration, scholarship and training grants, teacher exchange programs, incentives and
 allowances and other means of securing their job satisfaction and fulfillment as
 well as their long and stable tenure in their respective posts. A similar program
 shall be designed for support personnel to include interpreters, psychologists
 and social workers involved in the education and rehabilitation of children with
 special needs.

7 The DepED shall identify at least one (1) leading institution or 8 university in Luzon, Visayas and Mindanao whose faculty is considered or 9 regarded as highly competent in the area of special education and where a 10 uniform or standardized curriculum for any post-graduate education program 11 shall be designed to benefit SPED teachers and other personnel of SPED 12 Centers. The manner of selection of such institution shall be provided under 13 the rules and regulations to be formulated to implement the provisions of this 14 Act.

15 SEC. 9. Authority of the Secretary of Education to Give Grants to, or 16 Enter Into Cooperative Arrangements for the Creation of SPED Centers. – 17 The Secretary of Education is hereby authorized to give grants to, or enter into 18 cooperative arrangements or contracts with public or private nonprofit 19 agencies, institutions or organizations for the establishment or creation of 20 SPED Centers or the implementation of programs such as the following:

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(a) Technical assistance to SPED Centers;

(b) Training of professionals or related services personnel including all
 regular teachers who are preparing to serve or are serving children with special
 needs for inclusion and mainstreaming;

(c) Replication of successful innovative approaches in providing
educational or related services to children with special needs;

27 (d) Facilitation of parental involvement in the education of their28 children with special needs;

(e) Diagnosis and educational evaluation of children with special
 needs;

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- 3 (f) Consultative, counseling and training services for the families of
 4 children with special needs; and
- 5 (g) Familiarization of the municipality or city being served by a SPED
 6 Center with the problems and potentialities of such children.

SEC. 10. Continuing Research to Identify the Needs of Children With 7 8 Special Needs. - The DenED, by itself or in coordination with organizations 9 or institutions, shall undertake continuing research to identify and design 10 programs that shall meet the full range of needs of children with special needs: 11 Provided. That such continuing research shall also be used to develop 12 instructional techniques for use by the SPED Centers towards improving the 13 children's acquisition of skills necessary for their transition to independent living, vocational training or competitive development: Provided, further, 14 15 That such continuing research shall be used by the DepED in designing a 16 physical education and therapeutic recreation program to be used by the SPED Centers to increase the potential of the children for community participation. 17

18 SEC. 11. Student Assistance. - The DepED shall provide financial 19 assistance to the marginalized or disadvantaged children with special needs at 20 the elementary and secondary levels which may come in the form of 21 scholarship grants; allowances for transportation, food, lodging and books; 22 student loan programs; artistic and cultural tours; training programs; subsidies; 23 and other incentives. These include those who lack access to rehabilitative 24 services and educational opportunities due to being poor, as defined in 25 Republic Act No. 8425, otherwise known as the "Social Reform and Poverty" 26 Alleviation Act", have been abandoned, are ill, or are neglected.

27 Marginalized or disadvantaged children with special needs coming from28 indigenous communities shall be given priority in the grant of assistance.

1 Special equipment like wheelchairs, crutches, special toilet and hygiene 2 requirements; hearing aids, eyeglasses and such other assistive devices 3 required by the students to optimize education and participation in the 4 educational process shall also be provided for free or at discounted rates to 5 deserving students, and at very affordable rates, in general, through a 6 reasonable funding scheme that shall be designed by the DepED.

SEC. 12. Recreational and Artistic Opportunities. - The DepED shall
institute a program for children with special needs that will afford them full
opportunities for:

(a) Safe and wholesome individual as well as interactive grouprecreation and social activities,

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(b) Optimal use of their lessure hours; and

13 (c) Advancement of their physical, mental, social and cultural14 development.

15 SEC. 13. Special Instructional Materials. - Publishers shall grant the 16 DepED the authority to transcribe adopted instructional materials into Braille, 17 large type and audio-tape, without penalty or payment of royalty in accordance 18 with Republic Act No. 8293, otherwise known as the "Intellectual Property 19 Code of the Philippines". Further, a publisher of a newly adopted instructional 20 material shall provide, not later than the second working day after the adoption 21 of a textbook title by the DepED, the computerized files as specified by the 22 DepED which may be copied and distributed upon request, to a Schools 23 Division for instructional purposes.

24 Copies of these instructional materials shall be furnished without cost to 25 either the children with special needs or the teacher who is handling their 26 instruction.

SEC. 14. Incentives for Private Sector Participation. - Partnership
 between the government and private institutions catering to the needs of

ł children with special needs shall be encouraged. All revenues generated by the 2 SPED Center in public elementary and secondary schools, owned, operated 3 and controlled by the DepED shall be exempt from income tax. Any donation, 4 contribution, bequest and grant which may be made to the SPED Center shall 5 be exempt from donor's tax and the same shall be considered as allowable deduction from the gross income in the computation of the income tax of the 6 7 donor, in accordance with the provisions of Republic Act No. 8424, otherwise 8 known as the "National Internal Revenue Code of 1997", as amended: 9 Provided. That such donations shall not be disposed of, transferred or sold. 10 Economic, technical and cultural books and publications shall be imported 11 duty-free upon certification by the DepED that such imported books and 12 publications are for economic, technical, vocational, scientific, philosophical, 13 historical or cultural purposes, in accordance with the provisions of the Tariff 14 and Customs Code, as amended.

15 SEC. 15. Establishment of Specialized Day Care Centers. - Day care 16 centers especially designed for pre-school children and their parents, where 17 early identification of disabilities and special needs and introductory 18 educational and intervention programs will be administered, shall also be 19 established near or within existing SPED Centers, or in other Centers that shall 20 be created by the DepED with the support of the Department of Social Welfare 21 and Development (DSWD) and the local government unit (LGU) in the area. 22 As far as practicable, the use of existing day care centers and facilities shall be 23 maximized.

SEC. 16. Nutritional Programs. - The National Nutrition Council
 (NNC) shall determine and prescribe appropriate nutritional programs for
 children with special needs for implementation by the Department of Health
 (DOH) and the DepED.

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ł SEC. 17. Parent. Sibling and Caregiver Education. - A formal 2 training and counseling program shall be developed through joint efforts of the 3 DepED, the DSWD and the LGUs to equip parents, siblings and caregivers of 4 children with special needs with a working knowledge of special education, an 5 understanding of the psychology of children with special needs, and the 6 awareness of their crucial role as educators so that they, in turn, can maximize 7 their knowledge and skills to fully develop the potentials of children with 8 special needs.

9 SEC. 18. Local Government Unit Participation. - The LGUs may
10 make use of their SPED Fund for the following:

(a) Provision of sites, buildings or centers where there are no existing
school facilities that may be used for the special education of children with
special needs, as well as the establishment of a day care center pursuant to
Section 15 hereof;

(b) Identification, coordination and the tapping of public or private
volunteers and private organizations, national or international, for information
dissemination campaigns, funding programs and other projects to augment the
funding for SPED programs and equipment, among others; and

(c) Provision of counterpart funds for nutritional programs and the
training and seminars of parents and teachers, nutritional programs for children
with special needs in their respective localities that would be initiated by the
DepED, in coordination with the Department of Budget and Management
(DBM) and the Department of Finance (DOF).

SEC. 19. Public Information, Education and Communication. - A
nationwide information dissemination campaign on the prevention, carly
identification and the strategic intervention programs for children with special
needs shall be intensified. This shall be the joint responsibility of the
Philippine Information Agency (PIA), the Council for the Welfare of Children

(CWC) and the DepED. Likewise, the DepED, in collaboration with the DOH
 and the Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE), shall disseminate
 materials and information concerning effective practices in working with,
 training and educating children with special needs.

5 SEC. 20. Appropriations. - The Secretary of the DepED shall 6 immediately include in the Department's program the implementation of this 7 Act, the funding of which shall be included in the annual General 8 Appropriations Act

9 SEC. 21. Implementing Rules and Regulations. – The DepED, in 10 coordination with the DSWD, the Department of the Interior and Local 11 Government (DILG), the DOH, the DOF, the Bureau of Internal Revenue 12 (BIR), the CWC and the National Council on Disability Affairs (NCDA), shall 13 promulgate and issue the necessary guidelines for the creation and operation of 14 SPED Centers within sixty (60) days after the effectivity of this Act.

SEC. 22. Separability Clause. - If, for any reason, a provision or part
hereof is declared invalid, other provisions not affected thereby shall remain in
full force and effect.

SEC 23. Repealing Clause. - All laws, decrees. executive orders,
 rules and regulations contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions of this Act
 are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SEC. 24. Effectivity. - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days
 after its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general
 circulation.

Approved,