CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES FIFTEENTH CONGRESS Second Regular Session

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H, No. 5751

BY REPRESENTATIVES CAJAYON, DE VENECIA, YAP (S.), BERNOS, CATAMCO, ZAMORA-APSAY, CRUZ-GONZALES, ARENAS, AVANCE-FUENTES, ALVAREZ (M.), BONOAN-DAVID, CALIXTO-RUBIANO, DE JESUS, PLAZA, SAHIDULLA, VILLARICA, MERCADO-REVILLA, ALMARIO, AGYAO, CALIMBAS-VILLAROSA, ALMONTE, LOPEZ (C.), LEONEN-PIZARRO, ROMULO, GUANLAO, TOMAWIS, ABAYON, GO (A.), JOSON, UMALI (C.), BULUT-BEGTANG, ONG, DEFENSOR AND MACAPAGAL-ARROYO (G.), PER COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 1758

AN ACT PROVIDING FOR THE MANDATORY PREGNANCY TESTING OF ALL WOMEN OF CHILDBEARING AGE WHO WILL UNDERGO COSMETIC SURGERY, PROVIDING PENALTIES THEREFOR AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Declaration of Policy. - It is hereby declared the policy
 of the State to ensure the well-being of patients, especially the protection of
 pregnant women and the right to life of a child from conception to birth,
 against the potential dangers of cosmetic surgery procedures.

5 SEC. 2. *Objectives.* – Towards this end, the State shall provide for the 6 mandatory pregnancy testing of all women of childbearing age who will 7 undergo cosmetic surgeries and shall ensure the safety of all patients from the

harmful effects that may be caused by cosmetic surgery procedures through a 1 2 disclosure requirement on the potential dangers of such procedures.

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SEC. 3. Definition of Terms. - For the purpose of this Act, the following terms shall be defined as follows:

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(a) Childbearing age shall refer to the age group during which period a 6 female is capable of procreation.

7 (b) Cosmetic surgery shall refer to a subspecialty of medicine and 8 surgery that distinctly restricts itself to the enhancement of appearance through 9 surgical and medical techniques and is primarily concerned with maintaining normal appearance, restoring it or enhancing it beyond the average level 10 11 toward some aesthetic ideal. It is a multidisciplinary approach that is directed 12 to all areas of the head, neck and body.

13 (c) Cosmetic surgery practitioner shall refer to a registered physician or a medical associate duly licensed by the Board of Medicine of the 14 15 Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) offering expertise in a broad range 16 of cosmetic surgery services.

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(d) Human Chorionic Gonadotrophin (HCG) shall refer to the 18 hormone produced during pregnancy which appears in the blood and urine of 19 pregnant women as early as ten (10) days after conception.

20 (e) Medical practitioner shall refer to any physician, nurse or midwife 21 who is duly registered by the respective Boards of the PRC and who is capable 22 of administering accurate pregnancy testing.

23 (f) *Pregnancy test* shall refer to the procedure in which the hormone 24 called HCG is measured.

25 Unborn shall refer to an offspring of human beings that is still (g) existing in the mother's womb. 26

27 SEC. 4. Mandatory Pregnancy Testing. - The State shall, in the 28 interest of ensuring the well-being of pregnant women and protecting the 1. welfare of the unborn, require all cosmetic surgery practitioners to subject 2 women of childbearing age who shall undergo cosmetic surgery procedures 3 that may be harmful to pregnant women and the unborn to a mandatory 4 pregnancy testing. The test shall be administered by the cosmetic surgery 5 practitioner or any medical practitioner who shall certify to the veracity or 6 authenticity of the test: Provided, however, That women who have been found to be infertile or incapable to reproduce based on objective criteria as may be 7 8 supported by a certified medical record shall be exempt from the provisions of this Act. Objective criteria for ruling out potential pregnancy include total 9 hysterectomy, bilateral tubal ligation or the passage of at least one (1) year 10 11 without menstruation or menopause. Potentially harmful types of cosmetic 12 surgery include those that require the administration of general anesthesia 13 using inhalational anesthetic gases and other types of sedating drugs given 14 intravenously or orally to patients to induce anesthesia, and those that will 15 require the use of post medications that may be harmful to pregnant women 16 which would include, but not limited to: liposuction of the abdomen, arms, 17 thighs, submental areas, a combination thereof or involving the whole body, 18 tummy tuck or abdominoplasty, breast augmentation, mastopexy and butt augmentation. 19

20 SEC. 5. Conduct of Pregnancy Testing. – The test shall be administered 21 primarily for the purpose of determining pregnancy by collecting or extracting 22 blood serum from the woman. Pregnancy testing may be qualitative in order to 23 determine the presence of HCG hormone, or quantitative in order to measure 24 the extent of HCG present in the body.

SEC. 6. Mandatory Disclosure of Potential Risks of Cosmetic Surgery
 Procedures. - It shall be the obligation of the cosmetic surgery practitioner to
 make a reasonable disclosure of available choices with respect to a cosmetic
 procedure and to inform the patient of the precise and potential dangers

1 associated with the procedure and the possible dangers of undergoing such 2 procedure when a woman is pregnant. The cosmetic surgery practitioner shall 3 explicitly advise in lay terms or in a manner that the patient can give an 4 informed or intelligent consent to such procedure. An informed consent form 5 shall thereafter be signed by the patient before undergoing a cosmetic surgery 6 procedure.

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SEC. 7. *Prohibited Acts.* – The following acts shall constitute an offense punishable under this Act:

9 (a) Failure of the cosmetic surgery practitioner to inform the patient of
10 the potential dangers of cosmetic surgery procedures as prescribed under
11 Section 6 of this Act;

(b) Performing cosmetic surgery procedure on any woman ofchildbearing age without the required pregnancy test; and

- 14 (c) Performing cosmetic surgery procedure on any woman who has 15 been positively found to be pregnant even when there is full disclosure or 16 signed waiver of the right to sue over a denied and undetected pregnancy on 17 the part of the woman.
- SEC. 8. *Penalties.* Any person who shall violate any provision of
 this Act shall suffer the penalties as graduated hereunder:

20 (a) For the first conviction, he shall suffer the penalty of reprimand,
21 which shall be officially recorded in the appropriate books of the PRC and the
22 Philippine Medical Association;

(b) For the second conviction, the penalty of fine in the amount of not
less than Five thousand pesos (P5,000.00) but not exceeding Ten thousand
pesos (P10,000.00) at the discretion of the court;

(c) For the third conviction, the penalty of fine in the amount of not
less than Ten thousand pesos (P10,000.00) but not exceeding Twenty thousand

pesos (P20,000.00) at the discretion of the court and suspension of the license 1 2 to practice the profession for ninety (90) days; and

- For the fourth and subsequent convictions, the penalty of fine of 3 (d) not less than Twenty thousand pesos (P20,000.00) but not exceeding Thirty 4 5 thousand pesos (P30.000.00) at the discretion of the court and suspension of 6 the license to practice the profession for one (1) year.
- 7 In case of conviction resulting in the death of the mother or miscarriage of the unborn, a fine of not less than Thirty thousand pesos (P30,000.00) but 8 not exceeding Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000,00) and a penalty of suspension 9 of the license to practice the profession for not less than two (2) years but not 10 exceeding five (5) years shall be imposed at the discretion of the court. 11

12 If the cosmetic surgery practitioner is affiliated, associated or connected 13 to any firm, partnership, corporation or other juridical entity offering expertise 14 in a broad range of cosmetic services wherein the procedure was performed 15 within its premises, such entity shall suffer the following penalties:

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(1) For the first conviction, a penalty of fine in the amount of Ten thousand pesos (P10,000.00) but not exceeding Twenty thousand pesos 17 18 (P20,000.00) at the discretion of the court;

- (2) For the second and third convictions, a penalty of fine in the 19 20 amount of Twenty thousand pesos (P20,000.00) but not exceeding Thirty 21 thousand pesos (P30,000.00) at the discretion of the court; and
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(3) For the fourth and subsequent convictions, a penalty of fine in the 23 amount of Thirty thousand pesos (P30,000.00) but not exceeding Fifty 24 thousand pesos (P50,000.00) at the discretion of the court and three (3) months 25 suspension of business permit and the license to operate.

26 The penalties imposed under this Act shall be without prejudice to other 27 penalties imposable under the Revised Penal Code and other applicable laws.

1 SEC. 9. Implementing Rules and Regulations. – The Department of 2 Health shall issue the necessary rules and regulations for the implementation of 3 the provisions of this Act within thirty (30) days after the effectivity of this 4 Act.

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5 SEC. 10. Separability Clause. - If, for any reason, any provision or
6 part hereof is declared invalid, the other provisions not affected thereby shall
7 remain in full force and effect.

8 SEC. 11. Repealing Clause. - All laws, decrees, executive orders,
9 rules and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with the provisions of this
10 Act are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.

 SEC. 12. Effectivity Clause. - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15)
 days after its publication in any newspaper of general circulation. Approved,