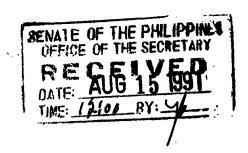
Congress of the Philippines Fifth Regular Session

SENATE



COMMITTEE REPORT NO 1397

Submitted to the Committee on Urban Planning, Housing and Resettlement on August _AUG 193 1931

Re: S. No. 234

Recommending its substitution by the attached bill, Annex A hereof.

Sponsor: Sen. Jose D. Lina, Jr.

MR. PRESIDENT:

The Committee on Urban Planning, Housing and Resettlement to which was referred S. No. 234, introduced by Sen. Jose D. Lina, Jr. entitled:

"AN ACT TO DECLARE A NATIONAL POLICY AND PROGRAM ON URBAN LAND REFORM AND HOUSING, ESTABLISH THE INSTITUTIONAL MACHINERY FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION THEREOF, AUTHORIZE THE APPROPRIATION OF FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES"

has considered the same and has the honor to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it be substituted by the attached bill (Amendment by Substitution), Annex A hereof.

Respectfully Submitted:

JOHN H. OSMENA Vice-Chairman

JOSEPH E. ESTRADA Vice-Chairman

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HON. JOVITO R. SALONGA Senate President M a n i l a

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SENATE



Introduced by Senator Lina, Jr.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Two major reforms affecting land of this country are mandated by the Constitution: agrarian reform which is now the subject of two measures pending approval in the Senate and urban land reform which is the objective of this important and urgent measure.

The present proposal seeks to implement Sections 9 and 10 of Article XIII of the Philippine Constitution. Of the total housing needs projected for 1987 to 1992 of 3,376,000 units, 1,608,000 housing units are needed in the urban areas. Of this number, 576,000 housing units are needed in the National Capital Region and 1,032,000 are needed in other urban areas. Around 884,000 dwelling units constituting some 55 percent of the total urban housing need are projected to be built by the private sector. The top 50 per cent of income earners involve some 707,500 dwelling units, of which 253,500 are in the National Capital Region and those of the upper lower income earners of about 20 percent involving 132,399 units.

Clearly, the government is now tasked to serve the low income earners just above the subsistence level and those at or below the poverty line or the bottom 30% of the population. Special attention needs to be given to urban needs for land sites and decent housing at affordable levels for the bottom 30% of the income earners at or below the poverty line.

This bill declares a national policy and sets a national comprehensive, continuing program of urban land reform and housing, particularly for the underprivileged and homeless in urban centers and resettlement areas. Basic services of water, electricity or energy resources, sanitation and infrastructure for the site are essential components of housing. The measure also sets forth the necessary requisites of the program including: a system of land acquisition and development, a framework for rational development of urban areas, a national shelter program for the homeless and underprivileged, an urban renewal and resettlement program, a land tenure scheme, a package of fiscal incentives, a system of sharing unearned increments, and coordination between the national and local governments in the implementation of the program.

The implementing structure is the Department of Urban Land Reform and Housing, together with the Local Governments of chartered cities, urban municipalities and metropolitan political subdivisions. Land acquisition shall respect the rights of small property owners through a just and fair retention of residential land and an area needed for the livelihood of the family.

For relocation, a just and humane approach with consultation with dwellers and the communities where they are to be relocated is required.

For the sake of the millions of urban poor, this bill is urgent and necessary.

SENATES. NO. 234



Introduced by Senator Lina, Jr.

AN ACT

TO DECLARE A NATIONAL POLICY AND PROGRAM ON URBAN LAND REFORM AND HOUSING, ESTABLISH THE INSTITUTIONAL MACHINERY FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION THEREOF, AUTHORIZE THE APPROPRIATION OF FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. <u>Title.</u>— This Act shall be known as the "Urban Land Reform and Housing Act."

SEC. 2. National Policy and Program.— It is hereby declared to be the policy of the State to undertake, in cooperation with the private sector, a comprehensive and continuing national program of urban land reform and housing which will make available at affordable cost decent housing and basic services to underprivileged and homeless citizens in urban centers and resettlement areas. The State shall promote adequate employment opportunities for such citizens. In the implementation of this program, the State shall respect the rights of small property owners.

The State shall ensure that urban and rural development shall be complementary and mutually supportive. For this purpose, the State shall adopt such measures which will encourage workers to remain in the rural areas through incentives for rural development, equal employment for workers, and the rational and just sharing of benefits from resources of the State.

In the implementation of the program, the State shall institute an equitable urban land system which shall rationalize the distribution of urban land, prescribe a fair and just retention limit for ownership, and ensure just compensation for sellerowners.

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1 ,	Urban land reform shall include renewal of blighted areas and
2	the just and humane relocation of dwellers. Urban and rural
3	dwellers shall not be evicted nor their dwellings demolished
4	except in accordance with law. No resettlement of urban or
5	or rural dwellers shall be undertaken without adequate consulta-
6	tion with the dwellers, the leaders of the communities where
7	they are to be relocated, and such other groups or communities

to be affected by the resettlement. 8

SEC. 3. Land Covered by the Program .- The program shall cover all urban lands suitable for housing, whether public or or private, and regardless of the contractual or other tenurial arrangements between the owners and the occupants thereof; with due regard for the rights of small property owners.

Sequestered lands in the urban areas and all lands suitable for housing which may revert to the State in accordance with Section 21, Article XVIII of the Constitution of the Philippines shall be deemed to be within the coverage of this Act.

- SEC. 4. Land Not Covered by the Program .- The following 18 land shall be exempt from coverage of this Act: 19
- Land actually used and necessary for national defense 20 and security of the State; 21
 - 2. Land used or otherwise set aside for government offices, facilities and other installations, whether national or owned by a local sovernment unit or political subdivision;
- 3. Land used or set aside for parks, reserves for flora and/or 25 fauna, or otherwise planned to maintain ecological balance or 26 environmental protection; 27
- 4. Land designated in national and/or local government plans approved in accordance with existing law to be suitable for 29... purposes other than housing;
- 5. Land devoted to religious or charitable purposes, school 31 sites and campuses, public or private, and land actually used 32 by small property owners within the just and equitable retention 33

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limit as provided under this Act.

SEC. 5. Definition of Terms.

- 1. Consultation refers to the provision in Section 9 of 3 Article XIII of the Constitution of the Philippines whereby 4 dwellers to be resettled, leaders of the communities where they 5 are to be relocated, and such other groups or communities to be 6 directly affected by the resettlement are provided the opportunities 7 to participate in the decision-making process prior to the 8 adoption of the resettlement plan, before and during the implemen-9 tation of the relocation of dwellers, and even when the dwellers 10 are physically resettled when the issue of basic services to be 11 established in the site or the general welfare of the dwellers 12 resettled are involved. The consultation may be at the initiative 13 of the government, or that of the dwellers and the leaders of the 14 communities where they are to be relocated. 15
 - 2. Resettlement Areas are identified by the proper government agency, national or local, and will be used to relocate dwellers in urban centers or from blighted urban areas. These areas will be provided the basic services and amenities, including water, electricity or other sources of energy suitable for the site, employment opportunities, or decent housing at affordable cost for underprivileged and homeless citizens, pursuant to this Act. Site development shall include roads, and other infrastructure essential to meet the basic needs of the dwellers relocated or to be relocated that the identified resettlement area.
 - 3. Security of Tenure refers to the right of the lawful tenant or possessor of land and/or improvements thereon by virtue of ownership or contractual agreement with the owner such as lease or usufruct, to be protected from infringement of such right or from unjust, unreasonable or unlawful eviction or dispossession.
 - 4. Small Property Owners are those whose rights are protected

- under Section 9, Article XIII of the Constitution of the Philippines,
- 2 who own small parcels of land within the fair and just retention
- 3 limit provided under this Act and which are adequate to meet the
- 4 reasonable needs of the small property owner's family and their
- 5 means of livelihood.
- 5. Tenants are the lawful occupants of the urban land and/or
- 7 improvements thereon pursuant to a lease or other contractual agree-
- 8 ment with the owner of said land and/or improvements thereon. The term
- 9 does not include persons whose presence on the urban land and/or
- improvements thereon are merely tolerated, or whose occupancy is
- 11 done without the knowledge or express permission of the owner, or
- who occupy the land or premises by force or intimidation, deceit or
- fraud, or in violation of the terms of the agreement, or other
- 14 unlawful means.
- 6. Underprivileged and Homeless Citizens are those referred to
- in Section 9, Article XIII of the Constitution of the Philippines
- who reside in urban centers or resettlement areas, have an income
- level within subsistence level or below the poverty line, and who
- do not own homes whether in the urban or rural area. These citizens
- 20 include those who are: (a) dependent mainly on government assistance
- or from non-governmental charitable organizations for their subsis-
- tence; (b) unemployed, underemployed, or do not have regular em-
- 23 ployment due largely to their lack of skill, training or education;
- 24 (c) itinerant workers who, as marginal members of the labor force,
- 25 receive low wages and/or do not enjoy benefits due regularly-employed
- 26 workers; (d) slum-dwellers; (e) residing along railroad tracks,
- 27 sidewalks, waterways or banks of rivers, lakes or seas, cemeteries,
- dump or garbage sites, or other blighted areas which constitute a
- 29 hazard to themselves or to the general public; (f) relocated families;
- 30 (g) rendered homeless due to calamities or the insurgency situation;
- 31 and (i) living in substandard housing due to the lack of affordable
- 32 decent housing owned or rented by them where they reside or where
- 33 they work.

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- 7. <u>Urban Area</u> refers to land in a metropolitan political 1 ' subdivision, chartered cities and urbanized municipalities. 2
- 8. Urban Land Reform and Housing Program refers to the 3 program mandated in Sections 9 and 10, Article XIII of the 4 Constitution of the Philippines and which is provided for 5 under this Act. 6
 - Components of the Program. The urban land SEC. 6. reform and housing program shall have the following components:
- 1. A system of land acquisition, development, management . 9 and disposition which shall facilitate and maximize access of 10 underprivileged and homeless citizens in urban centers and 11 resettlement areas to land for the purpose of housing, basic 12 services, and to promote employment opportunities; 13
 - 2. A framework plan for ensuring the rational development of urban areas, particularly designated urban centers and relocation areas vis-a-vis other lands adjacent to these centers or relocation areas;
 - 3. A national shelter program of low-cost, decent housing at affordable levels to underprivileged and homeless citizens;
- 4. An urban renewal and resettlement program, particularly 20 ≱ in blighted and slum areas; 21
 - 5. A land tenure scheme which shall make available several alternatives to underprivileged and homeless citizens to maximize access to decent housing at affordable cost to the greater number;
 - 6. A package of fiscal and other forms of incentives to encourage the maximum participation of the private sector in the urban land reform and housing program;
- 7.A system for ensuring that unearned increments arising from the implementation of the comprehensive and continuing urban land reform and housing program shall accrue equitably to the government 30 and to those who invest and participate in the Program from the private sector; and 32

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8. Coordination among the National Government Agencies implementing the program, the Local Government Units concerned, and the private sector.

SEC. 7. System of Land Acquisition, Development, Management and Disposition or Use.

- 1. <u>Identification of Urban Land for Housing</u>. The National Government and the Local Government Units concerned shall identify urban lands suitable for housing.
- 2. Registry of Identified Urban Land. As soon as the sites for housing have been identified, the Local Governments and the National Government Agencies implementing the program shall establish a registry. The Registry shall document the various interests existing on the land and/or the improvements thereon, including: the contractual agreements governing the same, the parties to such agreements, existing mortgages or other encumbrances thereon, and such other data or information useful in rationalizing future contractual agreements among the parties in order to guarantee security of tenure.

Local Governments shall establish a registry of urban land within their jurisdiction. The National Government shall set up a registry of land under the National Government's jurisdiction and collate data on land registered with Local Governments.

- 3. Registry of Small Property Owners. Small property owners may register their urban land and give notice that they shall retain the same or that they are voluntarily selling the land. Small property owners shall be entitled to the retention of what is just, reasonable and fair for their residence and for the livelihood of their family.
- 4. Acquisition of Land for Housing. Housing shall first be provided on public land available for the purpose. Acquisition of public lands shall be prioritized according to which land are owned or in the possession of the government, lands provided with basic services and amenities, and sites where employment opportunities are already available. Only when public lands

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are not available, will private lands be acquired for housing.

The government shall provide financial and other forms of assistance to enable the underprivileged and the homeless to acquire ownership of land and/or the improvements thereon, should the owner voluntarily decide to sell or transfer the same. Land acquisitions arrangements shall include, among others, land exchange of public land for private land, donations to the government by the private sector; only when other arrangements have been exhausted should the government expropriate private lands to be used for housing and sites and services; provided that small parcels of land owned by small property owners shall not be subject to expropriation if within the just and reasonable retention limits provided under this Act.

4. Disposition of Land. The Government shall make available alternative schemes for the use or disposition of land and houses thereon to underprivileged and homeless citizens. Preference shall be given to schemes which enable the Government to retain ownership and/or control over lands acquired for housing vis-a-vis transfer of absolute ownership to those who will be given housing under this Act. The government should retain control over the land until the amortizations thereon have been paid and the occupants have been prepared to assume the responsibilities No house or lot shall be transferred of a home and lot owner. to another by a grantee-occupant until the full ownership thereof has been transferred to said grantee-occupant by the government; not shall housing site grants be subject to lease to another person. Violation of the conditions of a housing site grant shall result in the loss of the site and the amortizations paid thereon prior to the said violation.

Schemes other than transfer of ownership of housing site grants include: leasehold tenure, leasehold with option to purchase, or variations of transfer without ownership to the land and house.

SEC. 8. Framework for Rational Development. - The National 1 . Government Agencies implementing the program and Local Governž ments concerned shall prepare development plans for the areas 3 identified as urban land reform and housing sites. The framework 4 plan shall conform to the regional and local development plans 5 for the urban areas and shall include development control 6 regulations including: zoning, subdivision and building regula-7 tions, infrastructure construction and maintenance, roads and 8 waterways, traffic engineering and management, public safety 9 and sanitation and other basic services. The overall urban 10 reform and housing development plan for the region and for the 11 specific chartered city, urban municipality or metropolitan 12 political subdivision shall be approved by the appropriate 13 regulatory board in accordance with existing laws. Any major 14 changes in the regional or local government plan shall require 15 the prior approval of the appropriate regulatory board which 16 approved the original regional or local government plan. 17 SEC. 9. National Shelter and Housing Program .- The urban 18 land reform and housing program shall be undertaken within the 19 framework of the National Shelter and Housing Program of the 20 government which requires that housing assistance shall be 21 primarily directed to the lowest thirty per cent (30%) of 22 underprivileged and homeless citizens. The shelter program for 23 urban areas include the construction of core housing units and 24 installation of the required basic services infrastructure for 25 water, electricity or energy source, drainage, sewerage and 26 flood control, roads, and waterways, if appropriate. 27 SEC.10. Urban Renewal and Resettlement .- The urban land 28 reform and housing program shall include urban renewal of 29 blighted and slum areas, relocation of dwellers pursuant to 30 law and a just and humane approach, and technical or other 31 assistance to private developers engaged in low-cost shousing. 32

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Relocation and resettlement of urban dwellers or the homeless from their existing places of residence shall be undertaken only where the on-site and sites and services projects are not practicable.

Consultations will cover sites, services to be delivered prior to and during relocation, guidelines on determination of relocatees, and other matters which need to be decided so that relocation or demolition of dwellings will be just and humane.

SEC. 11. <u>Balanced Housing Development</u>. - To the extent possible, the urban land reform and housing program shall include a system whereby for every three units built by the government or the private sector for the lower and upper middle-income group, one unit shall be built for the underprivileged and homeless citizens.

Twenty percent (20%) of the amount allocated for housing for the lower and upper middle-income group shall be spent for the underprivileged and homeless citizens by both the public and private sectors.

SEC. 12. Role of the Non-Governmental Organizations.—
The government in planning and implementing the urban land reform and housing program shall consult not only the beneficiaries of the housing program, but other non-governmental organizations whose objectives and programs are related to or intended to improve the well-being of the underprivileged and homeless citizens in urban areas and resettlement sites.

The government shall promote, encourage and provide assistance to the underprivileged and homeless to form their own organizations to manage their subdivisions or places of residence, as well as form a homeowners' association. A majority of the members of the governing board of directors of the organization shall be residents of the subdivision or places of residence of these members.

SEC. 13. Department of Urban Land Reform and Housing.—
There is hereby created a Department of Urban Land Reform and
Housing headed by a Secretary. The Secretary shall be assisted
by an Undersecretary for Urban Land Reform and an Undersecretary
for Housing. The Department shall be the primary agency, together
with the Local Government Units concerned, in planning, implemen—
ting, and coordinating the activities related to the policy and

program provided for under this Act.

SEC. 14. Funding Sources. The sources of funds for the implementation of this Program shall be derived from, among others,: (a) the twenty per cent (20%) ad valorem tax on log exports under Letter of Instruction 932; (b) 1 per cent (1%) of the real property tax to be derived from the special education fund; (c) proceeds from the sequestration of lands, properties and businesses of the deposed regime; (d) other sources as provided by law.

For the initial operations of the Program, the amount of fifty million (\$\nabla\$ 50,000,000) is hereby authorized to be allocated from existing and sequestered funds and made available as seed capital for 1988. Thereafter, such amount as may be needed to implement this Act shall be provided for in the annual appropriations Act.

SEC. 15. Rule-Making Powers. The Department shall promulgate rules and regulations to implement this Act and set guidelines for land acquisition, urban land retention, determination of beneficiaries, and other matters necessary to implement this Act. Rules and regulations shall be promulgated after public hearings and shall take effect upon completion of publication in at least two national newspapers of general circulation.

SEC. 16. Penalties. - For the violation of provisions of this Act or for violation of Rules and Regulations issued by the Department pursuant to this Act, the fine shall be not more than twenty-thousand pesos (# 20,000) and/or cancellation or suspension of the

juridical entity to continue operations in the construction of 1 housing and other activities related to urban land reform and housing. Where the violator is a corporation, partnership or 3 association, the penalty shall be imposed on the president or managing partner/director and/or responsible officers thereof. 5 SEC. 17. Compliance Monitoring. - The Department is empowered to investigate or inquire into any existing transaction 7 or situation related to urban land reform and housing, whether by the government or the private sector; and to require enforcement 9 of the provisions of this Act or compliance with Rules and 1.0 Regulations. For this purpose, it may call upon the national 11 police or the constabulary to assist the Department in the inves-12 tigation or to require enforcement of Department Orders. 13 The Department may also order the cancellation or titles, 14 contracts or housing site grants or any other benefit issued under 15 this Act upon a proper showing of a violation of the conditions 16 required by the law or by the grant of the housing site. 17 SEC. 18. Operations and Personnel. - The Department Secretary 18 shall issue appropriate orders and directives for the operations 19 and personnel of the Department which are necessary for the 20 implementation of this Act, subject to existing rules and regulations 21 of the Department of Budget and Management, the Civil Service 22 Commission and the Commission on Audit. 23 SEC. 19. Separability Clause. - If for any reason, any provision 24 of this Act is declared invalid or unconstitutional, the remaining 25 provisions not affected thereby shall continue to be in full 26 force and effect. 27 SEC. 20. Repealing Clause .- All laws, decrees, orders or 28 regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with this Act are hereby 29

repealed or modified accordingly.

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SEC. 21. Effectivity Clause. This Act shall take
effect upon its approval and completion of its publication
in at least two national newspapers of general circulation.
Approved,