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SENATE

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C	MMITTEE REPORT NO36
	the Committees on Justice and Human Rights <i>and</i> dments, Revision of Codes and Laws on
Re: Senate Bill N	o. <u>2817</u>
Recommending its 2176	approval in substitution of S. Nos. 100, 1226, 1455 and
Sponsor: Senato	Escudero

MR. PRESIDENT:

The Committees on Justice and Human Rights *and* Constitutional Amendments, Revision of Codes and Laws to which were referred S. No. 100, introduced by Senator Escudero, entitled:

"AN ACT DEFINING AND PENALIZING THE CRIME OF ENFORCED OR INVOLUNTARY DISAPPEARANCE"

S. No. 1226, introduced by Sen. Villar, entitled:

"AN ACT DEFINING AND PENALIZING ENFORCED OR INVOLUNTARY DISAPPEARANCE";

S. No. 1455, introduced by Sen. Santiago, entitled:

"AN ACT
DEFINING AND PENALIZING ENFORCED OR INVOLUNTARY
DISAPPEARANCE";

And S. No. 2176, introduced by Sen. Pangilinan, entitled:

"AN ACT PENALIZING ENFORCED OR INVOLUNTARY DISAPPEARANCE AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES"

have considered the same and have the honor to report them back to the Senate with the recommendation that the attached Senate Bill No. <u>2817</u>, prepared by the Committees entitled:

"AN ACT DEFINING AND PENALIZING THE CRIME OF ENFORCED OR INVOLUNTARY DISAPPEARANCE"

be approved in substitution of S. Nos. 100, 1226, 1455 and 2176, with Senators Escudero, Villar, Santiago, *and* Pangilinan, as authors thereof.

Respectfully submitted:

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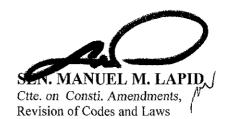
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FIFTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session

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SENATE

Senate Bill No. 2817



Prepared by the Committees on Justice and Human Rights *and*Constitutional Amendments, Revision of Codes and Laws, with Senators
Escudero, Villar, Santiago and Pangilinan as authors thereof

AN ACT DEFINING AND PENALIZING THE CRIME OF ENFORCED OR INVOLUNTARY DISAPPEARANCE

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. - This Act shall be known as the "Enforced or Involuntary Disappearance Act of 2011".

3 **SEC. 2.** *Declaration of Policy.* – The State values the dignity of every human person and guarantees full respect for human rights for which highest priority 4 5 shall be given to the enactment of measures for the enhancement of the right of all people to human dignity, the prohibition against secret detention places, 6 solitary, incommunicado, or other similar forms of detention, the provision for 7 penal and civil sanctions for such violations, and compensation and 8 rehabilitation for the victims and their families, particularly with respect to the 9 use of torture, force, violence, threat, intimidation or any other means which 10 vitiate the free will of persons abducted, arrested, detained, disappeared or 11 12 otherwise removed form the effective protection of the law.

Furthermore, the State adheres to the principles and standards on the absolute condemnation on human rights violations set by the 1987 Philippine Constitution and various international instruments such as but not limited to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR), and the

- 1 Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment 2 or Punishment (CAT), to which the Philippine is a State party.
- **SEC. 3.** *Definitions.* ~ For purposes of this Act, the following terms shall 4 mean:
- "Enforced or involuntary disappearance" refers to the arrest, (1) detention, abduction or any other form of deprivation of liberty committed by agents of the State or by persons or groups of persons acting with the authorization, support or acquiescence of the State, followed by a refusal to acknowledge the deprivation of liberty or by concealment of the fate or whereabouts of the disappeared person, which places such person outside the protection of the law.

- "Victim" refers to the disappeared person and any individual
 who has suffered harm as a direct result of an enforced or involuntary disappearance as defined above.
- **SEC. 4.** Permanent Prohibition of Enforced or Involuntary Disappearance. The prohibition of enforced or involuntary disappearance and the fundamental safeguards for its prevention shall not be suspended under any circumstances including political instability, threat of war, state of war or other public emergencies.
- SEC. 5. "Order of Battle" or other similar terms, not Legal Ground for Enforced or Involuntary Disappearance. An "Order of Battle", or other similar terms, official or otherwise, issued by the military, police or any other law enforcement agencies of government, shall not justify or be made an exemption from an enforced or involuntary disappearance as defined and penalized in this Act.
- SEC. 6. Right of a Victim. It shall be the absolute right of any person deprived of liberty to have immediate access to any form of communication

- available in order for him/her to inform his/her family, relative, friend, lawyer
- 2 or any human rights organization on his/her whereabouts and condition.
- 3 **SEC.** 7. Duty to Report Victims of Enforced or Involuntary Disappearance. -
- 4 Any person, not being a principal, accomplice or accessory, who has an
- 5 information of a case of enforced or involuntary disappearance or who shall
- 6 learn of such information or that a person is a victim of enforced or involuntary
- 7 disappearance, shall immediately report in writing the circumstances and
- 8 whereabouts of the victim to any office, detachment or division of the Philippine
- 9 National Police (PNP), the Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP), the
- 10 Department of National Defense (DND), the City or Provincial Prosecutor, the
- 11 Commission on Human Rights (CHR) or any human rights organization and, if
- 12 known, the victim's family, relative, or lawyer.
- 13 **SEC. 8.** Duty to Certify an Inquiry into a Possible Victim's Whereabouts. In
- 14 case a family member, relative, friend or lawyer of a possible victim, or human
- 15 rights organization or member of the media inquires into a possible case of
- 16 enforced or involuntary disappearance, specifically the supposed victim's
- 17 whereabouts, with the PNP, AFP, NBI, or similar agencies of government,
- 18 hospitals, morgues, the officer or personnel concerned shall issue a
- 19 corresponding certification on such inquiry, stating among others in clear and
- 20 unequivocal manner the date and time of inquiry, details of the inquiry and the
- 21 response to the inquiry.
- SEC. 9. Official Up-to-Date Register of All Persons Detained or Confined. All
- 23 persons to be detained or confined pursuant to existing laws and rules and
- 24 regulations shall be placed solely in officially recognized and controlled places of
- 25 detention or confinement where an official up-to-date register of such persons
- 26 shall be maintained.
- Within forty-eight (48) hours from the time of arrest, the following details,
- among others, shall be recorded in the register:

1	(a) The identity of the person deprived of liberty or arrested;
2	(b) The date, time and location where the person was arrested and
3	the identity of the arresting authority;
4	(c) The ground or legal basis for the deprivation of liberty or arrest;
5	(d) The agency of government having control over the deprivation
6	of liberty or arrest;
7	(e) The place of detention or confinement and the date and time of
8	admission to such place of detention or confinement;
9	(f) Records of physical, mental and psychological condition of the
10	person detained or confined before and after detention or
11	confinement;
12	(g) In the event of death during detention or confinement, the
13	circumstances and cause of death and the destination of the
14	human remains;
15	(h) In the event of a release or transfer, the date and time of release
16	or transfer to another place of detention or confinement, and the
17	person or institution responsible for the transfer.
18	All information contained in the register shall be regularly or upon
19	request reported to the CHR or any other agencies of government tasked to
20	monitor and protect human rights and shall be made available to the public.
21	SEC. 10. Submission of list of Government Detention Facilities Within six
22	(6) months from the effectivity of this Act and as may be requested by the CHR
23	thereafter, all government agencies concerned shall submit an updated inventory
24	or list of all officially recognized and controlled detention or confinement
25	facilities, and the list of detainees or persons deprived of liberty under their
26	respective jurisdictions to the CHR.
27	SEC. 11. Immediate Issuance and Compliance of the Writs of Habeas Corpus and
28	Amparo All proceedings pertaining to the issuance of the writs of habeas corpus

1	and amparo shall be dispensed with expeditiously. As such, all courts and other
2	concerned agencies of government shall give priority to such proceedings.
3	Moreover, any order issued or promulgated pursuant to such writs or
4	their respective proceedings shall be executed and complied with immediately.
5	SEC. 12. Visitation/Inspection of Places of Detention and ConfinementThe
6	CHR or its duly authorized representative are hereby mandated and authorized
7	to conduct regular, independent, unannounced and unrestricted visits to or
8	inspection of all places of detention and confinement.
9	SEC. 13. Liability of Commanding Officer or Superior The immediate
10	commanding officer or superior or the equivalent senior official of the offender
11	who has the power, prerogative or authority to prevent or uncover a crime of
12	enforced or involuntary disappearance but fails to do so, deliberately or
13	negligently, shall be held liable under the principle of command responsibility.
14	SEC. 14. Penal Provisions (a) The penalty of reclusion perpetua shall be
15	imposed upon the following persons:
16	(1) Those who directly committed the act of enforced or involuntary
17	disappearance;
18	(2) Those who directly forced, instigated, encouraged or induced others
19	to commit the act of enforced or involuntary disappearance;
20	(3) Those who cooperated in the act of enforced or involuntary
21	disappearance by committing another act without which the act of
22	enforced or involuntary disappearance would not have been
23	consummated;
24	(4) Those officials who allowed the act or abetted in the consummation of
25	enforced or involuntary disappearance when it is within their power
26	to stop or uncover the commission thereof; and
27	(5) Those who cooperated in the execution of the act of enforced or

involuntary disappearance by previous or simultaneous acts.

- 1 (b) The penalty of *reclusion temporal* shall be imposed upon those who shall commit the act of enforced or involuntary disappearance in the attempted stage
- 3 as provided for and defined under Article 6 of the Revised Penal Code.
- 4 (c) The penalty of *reclusion temporal* shall also be imposed upon persons who, 5 having knowledge of the act of enforced or involuntary disappearance and 6 without having participated therein, either as principals or accomplices, took
- 7 part subsequent to its commission in any of the following manner:

- (1) By themselves profiting from or assisting the offender to profit from the effects of the act of enforced or involuntary disappearance;
 - (2) By concealing the act of enforced or involuntary disappearance and/or destroying the effects or instruments thereof in order to prevent its discovery; or
 - (3) By harboring, concealing or assisting in the escape of the principal/s in the act of enforced or involuntary disappearance, provided such accessory acts are done with the abuse of official functions.
- (d) The penalty of *prision correccional* shall be imposed against persons who defy, ignore or unduly delay compliance with any order duly issued or promulgated pursuant to the writs of *habeas corpus* or *amparo* or their respective proceedings.
- (e) The penalty of *arresto mayor* shall be imposed against any person who shall violate the provisions of Sections 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 of this Act.
 - SEC. 15. Preventive Suspension. Government officials and personnel who are found to be perpetrators of or participants in any manner in the commission of enforced or involuntary disappearance as a result of a preliminary investigation conducted for that purpose shall be preventively suspended or summarily dismissed from the service, depending on the strength of the

- evidence so presented and gathered in the said preliminary investigation or as
- 2 may be recommended by the investigating authority.
- 3 **SEC. 16**. *Civil Liability.* The Act of enforced or involuntary disappearance
- 4 shall render its perpetrators and the State agencies which organized, acquiesced
- 5 in or tolerated such disappearance liable under civil law.
- 6 **SEC. 17.** Prosecution of the Offense. In the event the prosecution fails to
- 7 prove all the elements of enforced or involuntary disappearance and the victim
- 8 appears, the act shall be made punishable as kidnapping under the Revised
- 9 Penal Code. If the victim, however, is found dead or his/her disappearance
- 10 persists for over three years, the act of enforced or involuntary disappearance in
- either case shall be made punishable as murder under the Revised Penal Code.
- 12 **SEC. 18.** *Independent Liability.* The criminal liability of the offender
- under this Act shall be independent of or without prejudice to the prosecution
- and conviction of the said offender for any violation of Republic Act No. 7438,
- 15 otherwise known as "An Act Defining Certain Rights of Person Arrested,
- 16 Detained or Under Custodial Investigation as well as the Duties of the Arresting,
- 17 Detaining, and Investigating Officers, and Providing Penalties for Violations
- 18 Thereof".
- 19 **SEC. 19.** Nonexclusivity or Double Jeopardy Under International Law. -Any
- 20 investigation, trial and decision in any Philippine court, or body for any violation
- of this Act shall be without prejudice to any investigation, trial, decision or any
- 22 other legal or administrative process before any appropriate international court
- or agency under applicable international human rights and humanitarian law.
- SEC. 20. *Unlawful Order.* An order form a superior officer or a public
- 25 authority causing the commission of enforced or involuntary disappearance is
- 26 unlawful and cannot be invoked as a justifying circumstance.
- SEC. 21. *Incentives.* Any offender who volunteers information that leads
- 28 to the discovery of the victim of enforced or involuntary disappearance shall be

- 1 immune from any criminal liability under this Act, provided that the said
- 2 offender appears to be not the most guilty.
- 3 SEC. 22. Continuing Offense. An act constituting enforced or involuntary
- 4 disappearance shall be considered as a continuing offense as long as the fate and
- 5 whereabouts of the victim are unknown, or the victim has not reappeared.
- 6 SEC. 23. Statute of Limitation Exemption. The prosecution of persons
- 7 responsible for enforced or involuntary disappearance shall not prescribe unless
- 8 the victim surfaces alive. In which case, the prescriptive period shall be twenty-
- 9 five (25) years from the date of such reappearance.
- 10 **SEC. 24.** *Special Amnesty Law Exclusion.* Persons who are guilty of the act
- of enforced or involuntary disappearance shall not benefit from any special
- 12 amnesty law or other similar executive measures that shall exempt them from
- 13 any penal proceedings or sanctions.
- SEC. 25. State Protection. The State through its appropriate agencies shall
- 15 ensure the safety of all persons involved in the search, investigation and
- 16 prosecution of enforced or involuntary disappearance. They shall likewise be
- 17 protected from any form of intimidation or reprisal.
- 18 SEC. 26. Compensation/Rehabilitation of Victims and Restitution of Honor and
- 19 Reputation. The victims of enforced or involuntary disappearance shall be
- 20 entitled to monetary compensation, medical and psychological rehabilitation and
- 21 restitution of honor and reputation. Such restitution of honor and reputation
- 22 shall include immediate expunging or rectification of any derogatory record,
- 23 information or public declaration/statement on his/her personal circumstances,
- status, person or affiliation by the appropriate agencies of government.
- 25 A relative of a victim of enforced or involuntary disappearance within the
- 26 fourth civil degree of consanguinity or affinity, may also claim for compensation
- 27 as provided for under Republic Act No. 7309, otherwise known as "An Act
- 28 Creating a Board of Claims under the Department of Justice for Victims of Unjust

- 1 Imprisonment or Detention and Victims of Violent Crimes and For Other
- 2 Purposes", and other relief programs of the government.
- 3 Any package of indemnification for both the victim and his/her relative as
- 4 defined above shall be without prejudice to other legal remedies that may be
- 5 available to them under existing laws.
- 6 **SEC. 27.** *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* Within thirty (30) days from
- 7 the effectivity of this Act, the Department of Justice (DOJ), Department of
- 8 National Defense (DND), Department of Social Welfare and Development
- 9 (DSWD), Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP), National Bureau of
- 10 Investigation (NBI), the CHR, the Families of Victims of Involuntary
- 11 Disappearances (FIND) and the Desaparecidos shall jointly promulgate the rules
- 12 and regulations for the effective implementation of this Act and shall ensure the
- full dissemination of the same to the public in consultation with and with active
- 14 participation of human rights organizations such as but not limited to the Asian
- 15 Federation Against Enforced or Involuntary Disappearance (AFAD), the
- 16 KARAPATAN, Task Force Detainees of the Philippines (TFDP) and other human
- 17 rights organizations.
- 18 **SEC. 28.** *Suppletory Applications.* The applicable provisions of the Revised
- 19 Penal Code shall have suppletory application insofar as they are consistent with
- 20 the provisions of this Act.
- SEC. 29. Separability Clause. If for any reason, any section or provision of
- 22 this Act is declared unconstitutional or invalid, such other sections or provisions
- 23 not affected thereby shall remain in full force and effect.
- SEC. 30. Repealing Clause. All laws, decrees, executive orders, rules and
- 25 regulations and other issuances or parts thereof inconsistent with the provisions
- of this Act are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.

- 1 SEC. 31. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its
- 2 publication in at least two newspapers of general circulation or the Official
- 3 Gazette.
- 4 Approved,